

SUSY searches in ATLAS

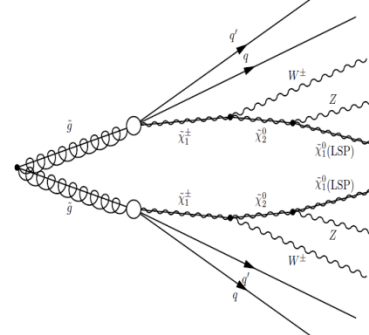
David Côté (CERN)
for the ATLAS Collaboration
23^{ème} Rencontres de Blois

Christopher Columbus in 1492,
searching for the Indies...





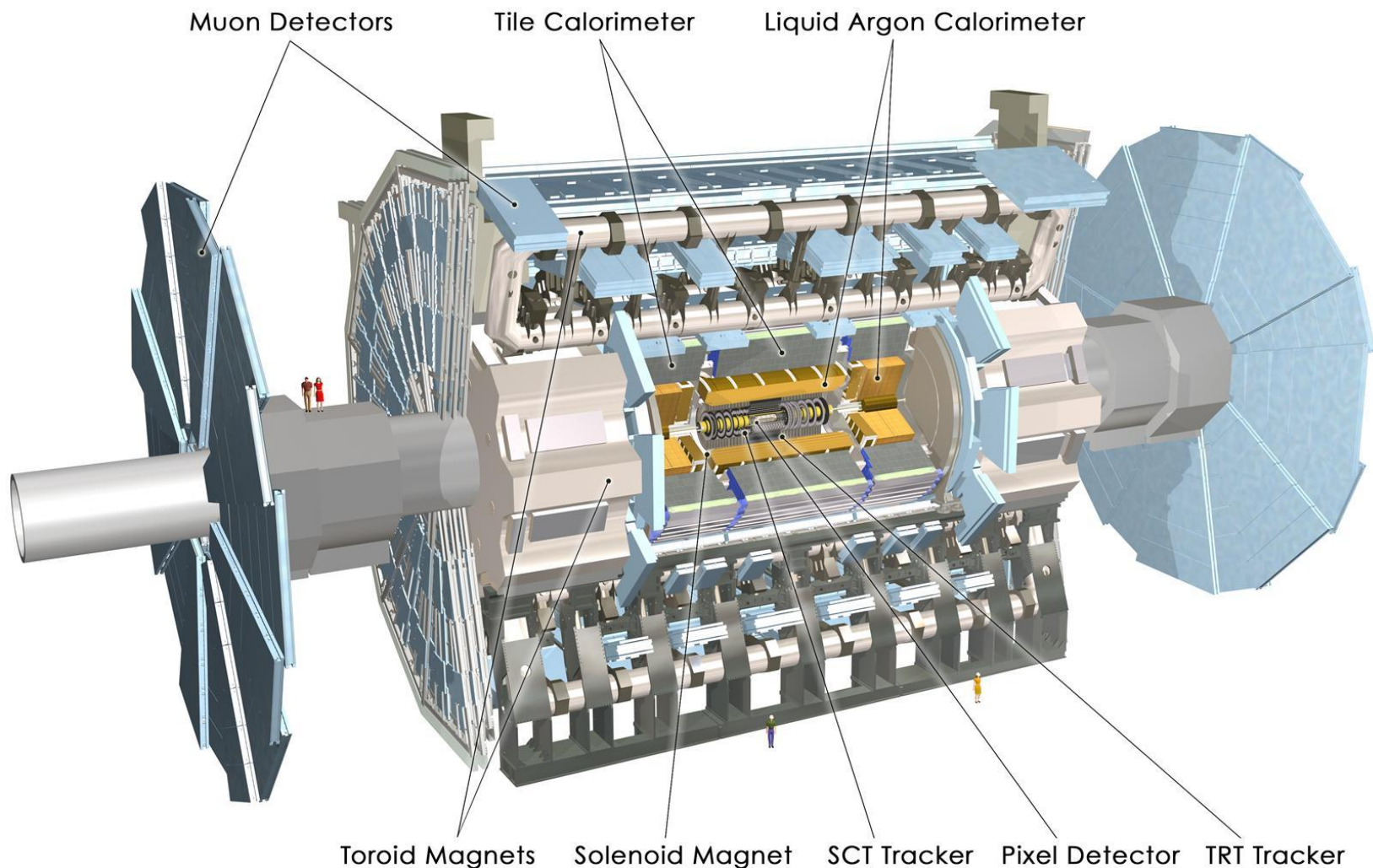
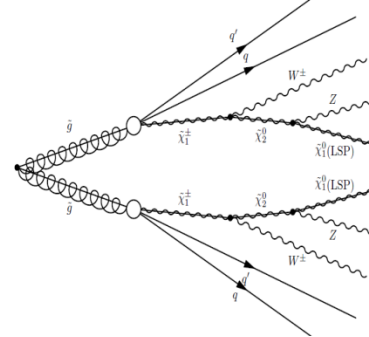
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- **ATLAS detector and data-taking**
 - today's results based on 2010 data
- **SUSY phenomenology**
- **Overview of all SUSY searches in ATLAS**
 - emphasis on experimental results & methods
 - few words on model-dependent interpretation
- **Conclusions**

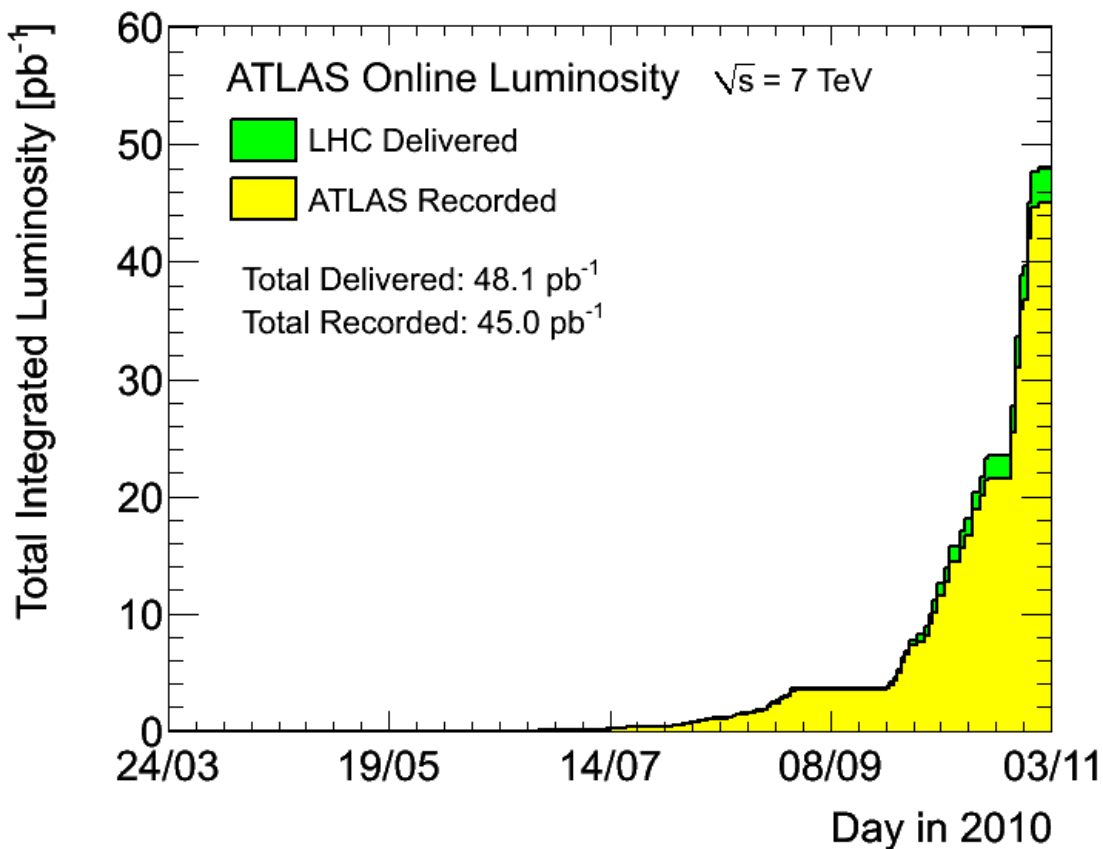
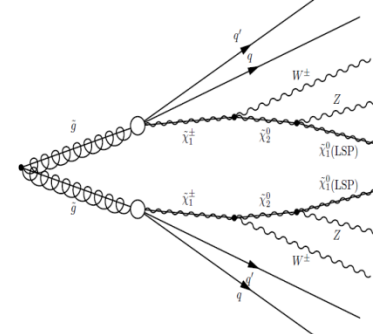


The ATLAS detector





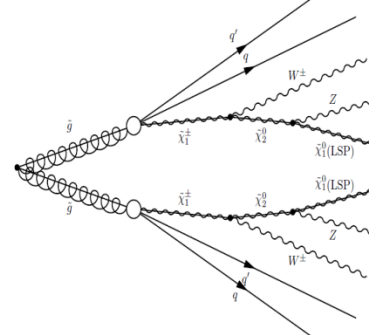
ATLAS data in 2010



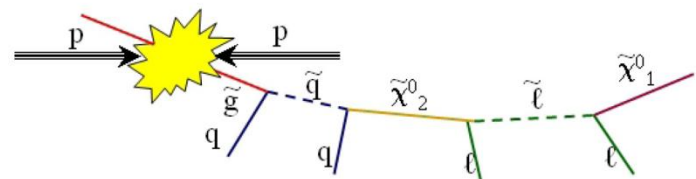
- Proton-proton collisions at **7 TeV**
- Good-quality data used for analysis: **~35 pb⁻¹**



SUSY phenomenology

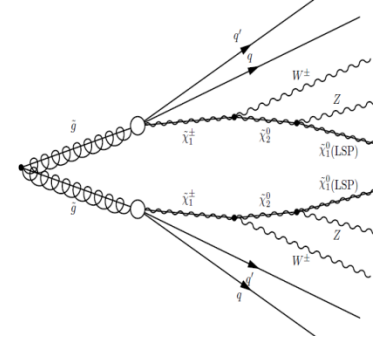


- Very rich and diverse phenomenology in general
 - if R-parity is conserved
 - Lightest Supersymmetric Particle (LSP) is stable
 - large missing transverse energy (MET)
 - dark matter candidate
 - if \tilde{q} or \tilde{g} masses are not very large
 - dominant production via strong force at LHC
 - decay chain to LSP (possibly long)
 - multiple jets
 - can have leptons and/or photons
 - » popular model: CMSSM/MSUGRA
 - if 3rd generation is lighter (to stabilize Higgs mass)
 - enhanced b-jet production
 - if R-parity is not conserved
 - resonance from decay of the LSP
 - if decay of NLSP to LSP is suppressed
 - meta-stable heavy particles
 - slow muon-like particles
 - slow R-hadrons





Overview of SUSY searches in ATLAS



statistically independent

- MET + jets + 0 lepton
- MET + jets + 1 lepton
- MET + 2 leptons
- MET + ≥ 3 leptons
- MET + 2 photons **NEW!**
- MET + b-jet + 0/1 lepton
- e+ μ resonance
- slow colored hadron
- slow muon-like particle **NEW!**

combination
(most sensitive search if CMSSM)

Sensitive to a wide range of hypothetical new physics, not only to SUSY.



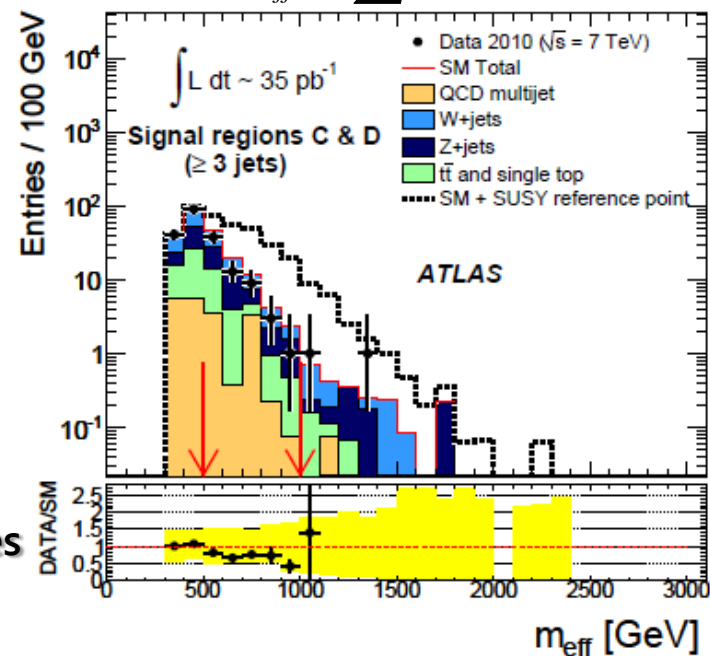
MET + jets + 0 lepton

$$m_{\text{Eff}} \equiv \sum p_T^{\text{jet}} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$$

Event selection: (also include lepton veto)

Four signal regions:		A	B	C	D
Pre-selection	Number of required jets	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3	≥ 3
	Leading jet p_T [GeV]	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120
	Other jet(s) p_T [GeV]	> 40	> 40	> 40	> 40
	E_T^{miss} [GeV]	> 100	> 100	> 100	> 100
Final selection	$\Delta\phi(\text{jet}, \vec{P}_T^{\text{miss}})_{\text{min}}$	> 0.4	> 0.4	> 0.4	> 0.4
	$E_T^{\text{miss}}/m_{\text{eff}}$	> 0.3	-	> 0.25	> 0.25
	m_{eff} [GeV]	> 500	-	> 500	> 1000
	m_{T2} [GeV]	-	> 300	-	-

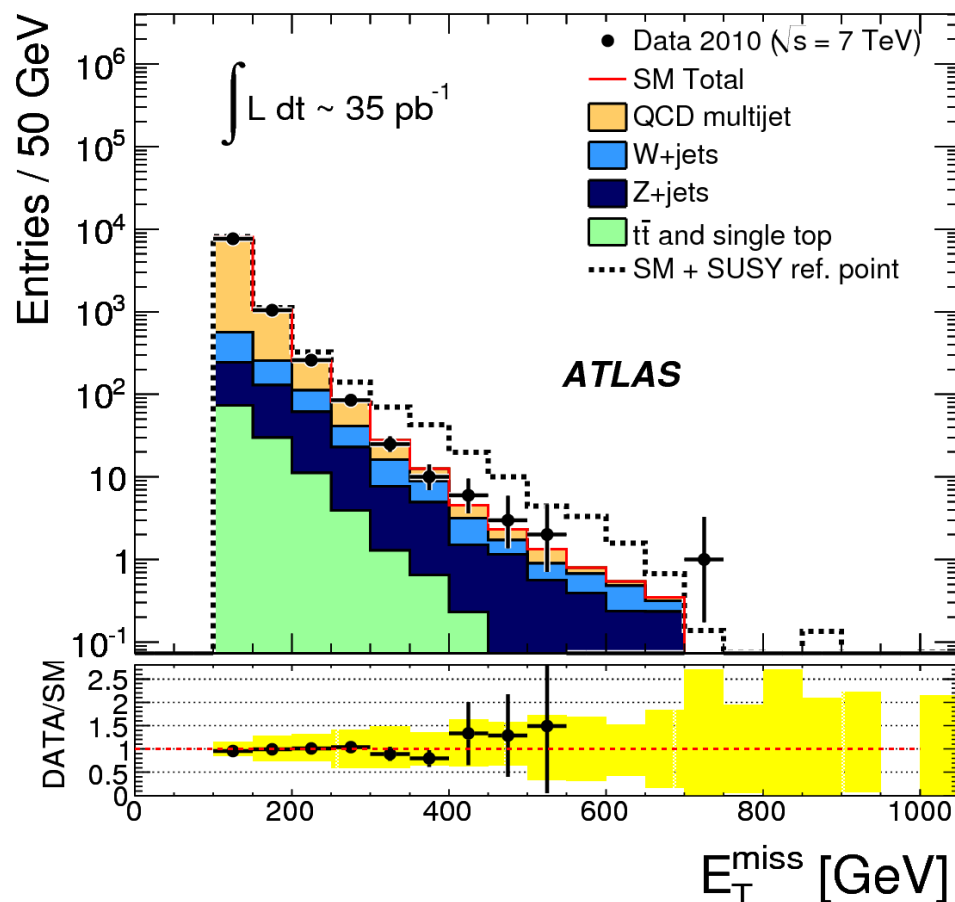
- W, Z, top bkg from mix of data-driven and MC techniques
- QCD bkg from data control sample



Results

Signal Region	A	B	C	D
observed:	87	11	66	2
expected:	118^{+42}_{-36}	$10.0^{+6.0}_{-4.8}$	88^{+33}_{-27}	$2.5^{+1.4}_{-1.1}$
W/Z+jets	102	8.5	62	1.9
top	10	0.9	17	0.3
QCD	7	0.6	9	0.2
$\sigma \cdot \mathcal{B} \cdot \epsilon \cdot A$:	$< 1.3 \text{ pb}$	$< 0.35 \text{ pb}$	$< 1.1 \text{ pb}$	$< 0.11 \text{ pb}$

MET + jets + 0 lepton (details)



MET distribution after the ≥ 2 jets pre-selections. Its excellent performance and data/MC agreement is typical for all the MET-based searches.

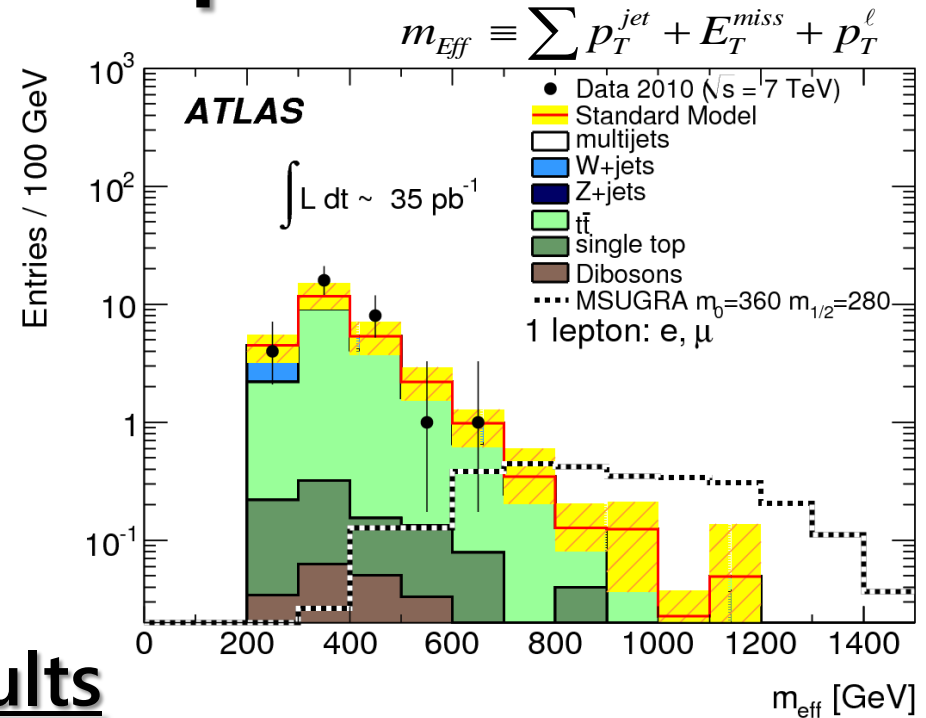


MET + 1 lepton

First SUSY result of ATLAS

Event selection

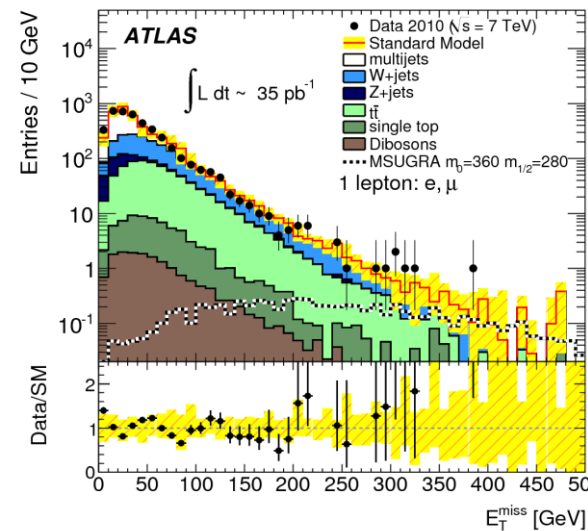
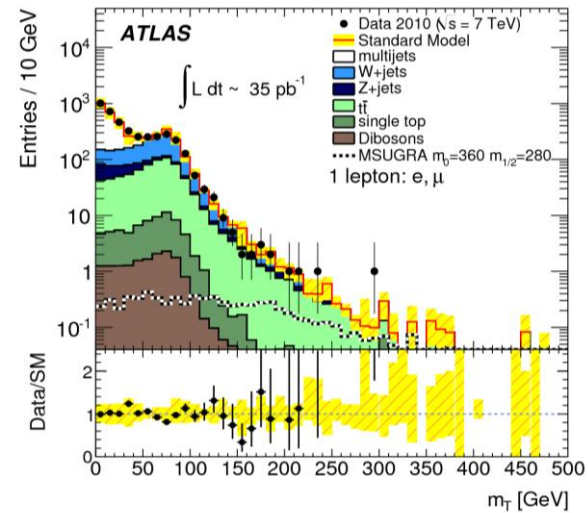
- exactly one lepton, $p_T > 20$ GeV
- ≥ 3 jets, $p_T > 60, 30, 30$ GeV
- $m_T > 100$ GeV
- MET > 125 GeV
- MET/ M_{Eff} > 0.25
- $M_{\text{Eff}} > 500$ GeV



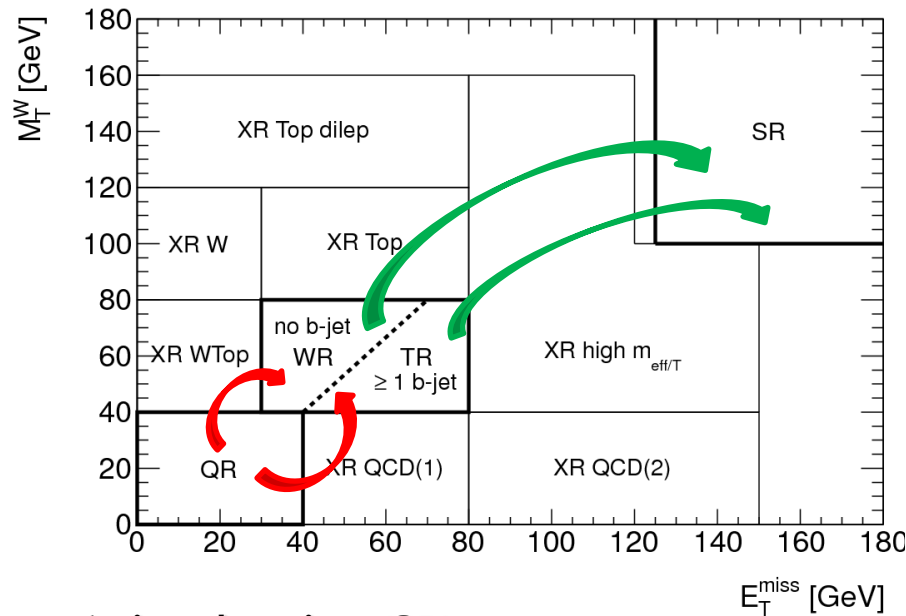
Results

Channel	electron	muon
observed:	1	1
expected:	1.81 ± 0.75	2.25 ± 0.94
top	1.34	1.76
W/Z	0.47	0.49
QCD	0	0
$\sigma \cdot \mathcal{B} \cdot \epsilon \cdot A$:	$< 0.065 \text{ pb}$	$< 0.073 \text{ pb}$

MET + 1 lepton (details)



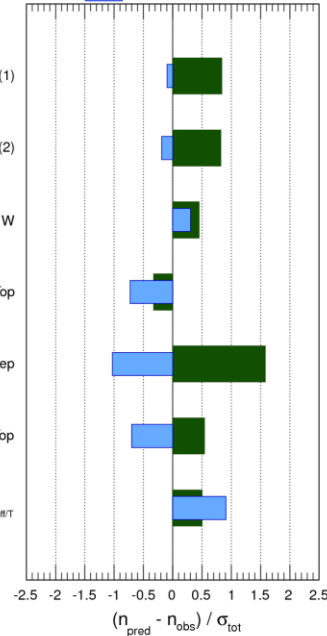
Background estimation



ATLAS Preliminary

Electron Channel

Muon Channel

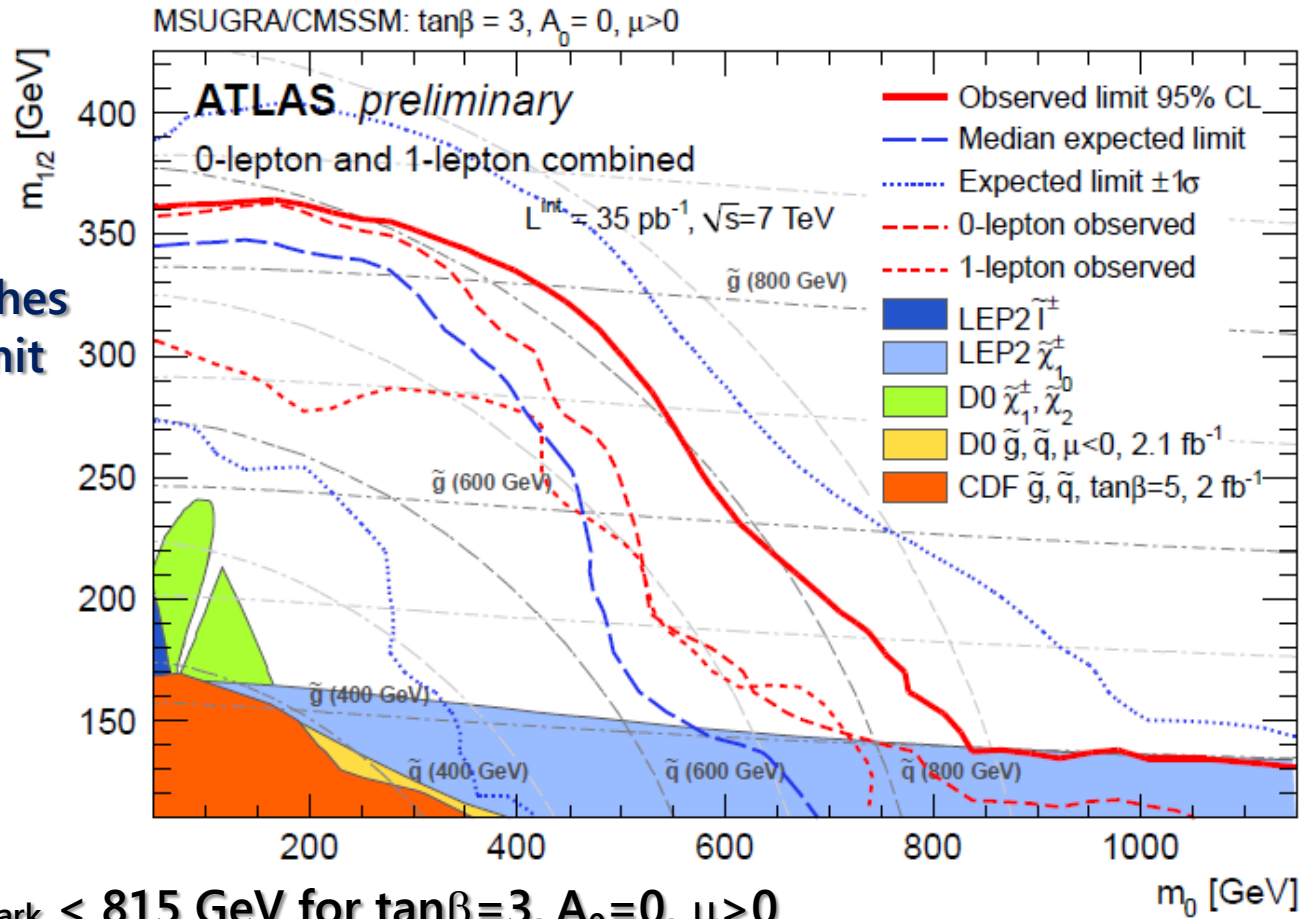


- 1 signal region (SR)
- 3 control regions (CR), for: QCD, W, Top
- extra regions (XR) to validate quality of background model
- Simultaneous fit of QCD, W, Top and signal in all CR+SR
 → normalization from data, shape from MC
- QCD in SR from data-driven loose-to-tight matrix method

0+1 lepton combination



**MET + 0/1 lepton searches
interpreted as upper limit
in CMSSM**



- Exclude $M_{\text{gluino}} = M_{\text{squark}} < 815 \text{ GeV}$ for $\tan\beta=3$, $A_0=0$, $\mu>0$
- More stringent limits than previous ones from Tevatron and LEP
- Sensitivity is dominated by 0-lepton, except at low $m_{1/2}$
- PCL statistical method (arXiv:1105.3166)



MET + 2 leptons

Event selection

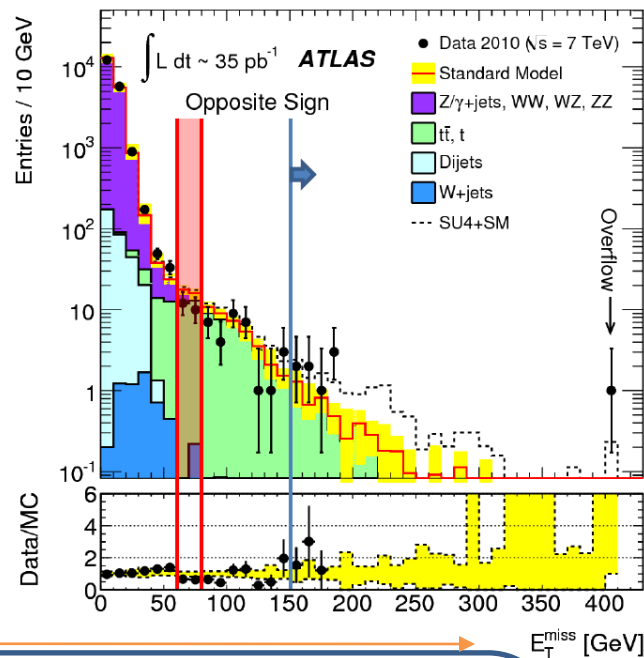
- exactly two leptons, $p_T > 20$ GeV
- MET > 100 (150) GeV, for same-sign (opposite-sign)

Analysis steps (published in 2 papers):

- 1) count same-sign (SS) and opposite-sign (OS) events
- 2) flavor subtraction for OS:

$$S = \frac{N(e^\pm e^\mp)}{\beta(1 - (1 - \tau_e)^2)} - \frac{N(e^\pm \mu^\mp)}{1 - (1 - \tau_e)(1 - \tau_\mu)} + \frac{\beta N(\mu^\pm \mu^\mp)}{(1 - (1 - \tau_\mu)^2)}$$

β : ratio of e / μ efficiencies. $\tau_{e,\mu}$: trigger efficiencies.



Results

	SS			OS		
Channel	$e^\pm e^\pm$	$e^\pm \mu^\pm$	$\mu^\pm \mu^\pm$	$e^+ e^-$	$e^\pm \mu^\mp$	$\mu^+ \mu^-$
observed:	0	0	0	0	4	4
expected:	0.15 ± 0.13	$0.1^{+1.2}$	0.04 ± 0.01	0.9 ± 0.4	$1.4^{+1.5}_{-0.6}$	$1.4^{+1.4}_{-0.5}$
cosmic rays	-	$0^{+1.2}$	-	-	$0^{+1.2}$	$0^{+1.3}$
instrumental top	0.14	0.056	0.014	-	-	-
	-	-	-	0.6	1.2	1.0
$\sigma \cdot B \cdot \epsilon \cdot A$:	< 0.07 pb	< 0.07 pb	< 0.07 pb	< 0.09 pb	< 0.22 pb	< 0.21 pb

Flavor subtraction result: $S_{\text{obs}} = 1.98 \pm 0.15 \beta \pm 0.06 \tau$ ($S_{\text{exp}} = 2.06 \pm 1.1$)

MET + multi-leptons

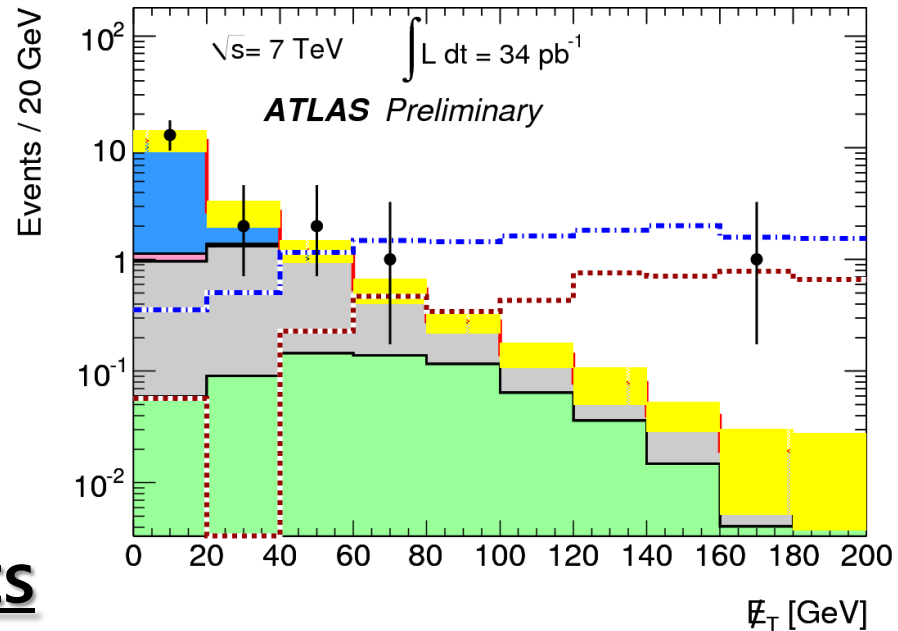


Event selection:

- ≥ 3 leptons, $p_T > 20$ (10) GeV
- ≥ 2 jets, $p_T > 50$ GeV
- MET > 50 GeV

Main background:

- top quark decays



Results

Number of events with 3 leptons (no jet nor MET cut)*

Multip. events	All	eee	eem	emm	$\mu\mu\mu$
$t\bar{t}$	0.68 ± 0.16	0.032 ± 0.016	0.24 ± 0.07	0.31 ± 0.08	0.096 ± 0.030
Z backgrounds	15.6 ± 1.3	3.8 ± 0.8	1.60 ± 0.34	7.9 ± 1.0	2.4 ± 0.4
Other backgrounds	0.28 ± 0.13	0.02 ± 0.14	0.03 ± 0.06	0.21 ± 0.09	0.01 ± 0.11
Total SM	16.6 ± 1.3	3.8 ± 0.8	1.9 ± 0.4	8.4 ± 1.0	2.5 ± 0.4
Data	19	2	1	10	6

Number of events after all cuts

observed: 0 +0.036

expected: 0.109 ± 0.023 -0.025

$\sigma \cdot \mathcal{B} \cdot \epsilon \cdot A < 0.062$ pb

*no observed events with four leptons

MET + di-photon

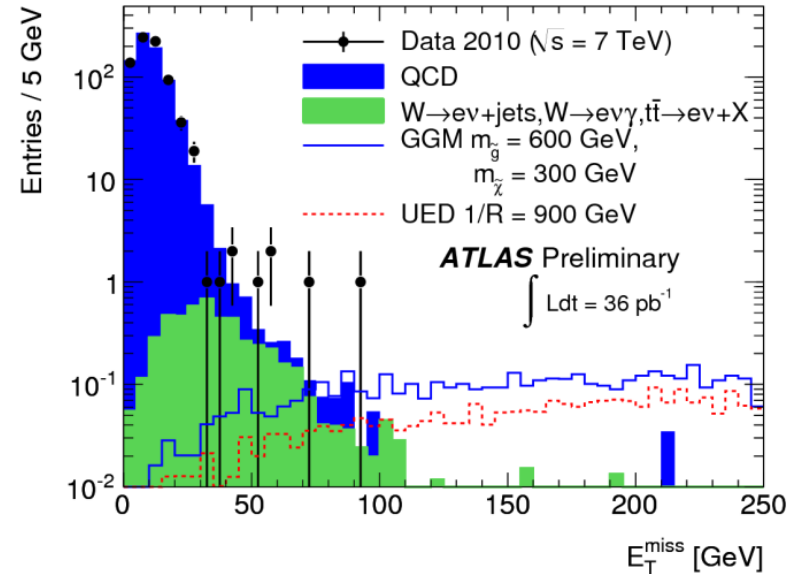


Event selection:

- ≥ 2 photons, $E_T > 30, 20$ GeV
- MET > 125 GeV

Backgrounds (data-driven):

- QCD from loose photon-ID control sample
- W and top from e-photon control sample

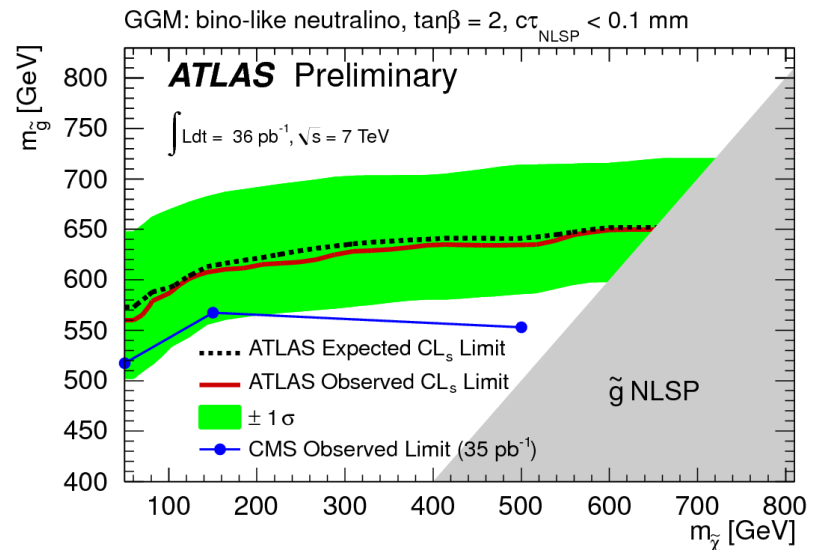


Results

observed: 0

expected: 0.13 ± 0.05

$\sigma \cdot B \cdot \epsilon \cdot A < 0.06$ pb





MET + b-jet + 0/1 lepton

Common event selection:

- MET > 100 GeV
- ≥1 b-jet(s)

0-lepton selection:

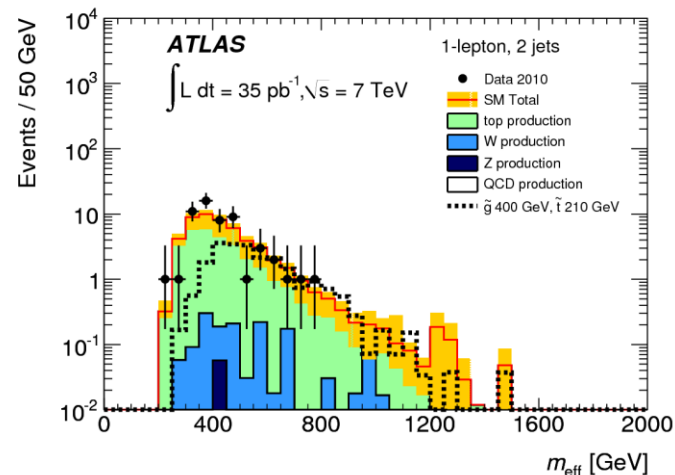
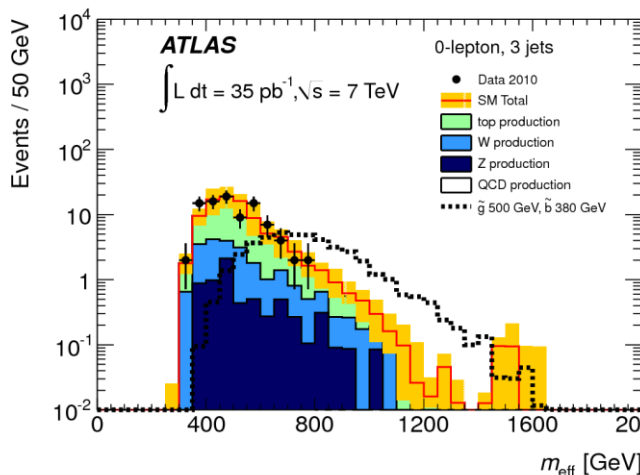
- lepton veto
- ≥3 jets, $p_T > 120, 30, 30$ GeV
- $M_{\text{Eff}} > 600$ GeV
- $MET/M_{\text{Eff}} > 0.2$

1-lepton selection:

- ≥1 lepton, $p_T > 20$ GeV
- ≥2 jets, $p_T > 60, 30$ GeV
- $m_T > 100$ GeV
- $M_{\text{Eff}} > 500$ GeV

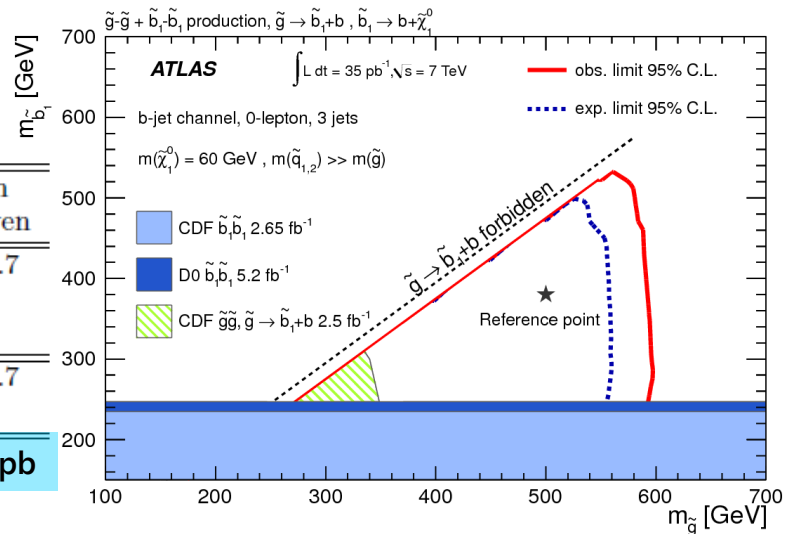
Background estimation:

- QCD from data control sample
- W, Z, Top :
 - from simulation (0-lepton)
 - from data-driven m_T vs m_{Eff} "ABCD" method (1-lepton)



Results

	0-lepton	1-lepton data-driven
$t\bar{t}$ and single top	12.2 ± 5.0	14.7 ± 3.7
W and Z	6.0 ± 2.0	-
QCD	1.4 ± 1.0	$0_{-0.0}^{+0.4}$
Total SM	19.6 ± 6.9	14.7 ± 3.7
Data	15	9
$\sigma \cdot \mathcal{B} \cdot \epsilon \cdot A$	< 0.32 pb	< 0.13 pb





e+mu resonance

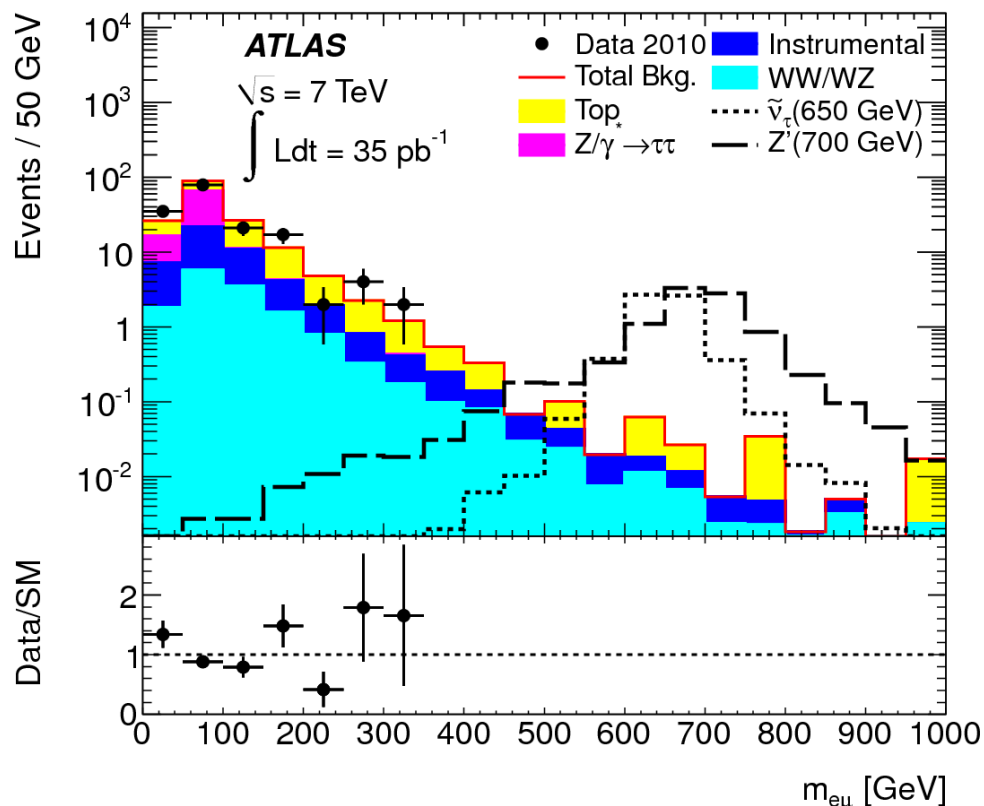
Event selection:

- exactly 1 e and 1 μ of opposite charge
- electron and muon $p_T > 20$ GeV

Background estimate:

- instrumental bkg from data-driven loose-to-tight matrix method
- $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$, top and other SM bkg from MC

Process	Number of events
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$	54 ± 7
$t\bar{t}$	57 ± 9
WW	13.4 ± 1.7
Single top	4.6 ± 0.9
WZ	0.79 ± 0.11
Instrumental background	33^{+30}_{-10}
Total background	163^{+34}_{-18}
Data	160



Results

- no resonance is observed
- model-dependent exclusion of $m_{\tilde{\nu}_\tau} < 0.75$ GeV given RPV couplings $\lambda'_{311} = 0.11$ and $\lambda_{312} = 0.07$



(a) ArXiv:1103.1984, accepted by PLB
 (b) **NEW!**

slow meta-stable particles

Event selection:

- large dE/dx in Pixel detector (a)
- long time-of-flight (TOF) in Tile calorimeter (a,b)
- long TOF in Muon Spectrometers (MS) (b)

Main background: instrumental

Analysis steps:

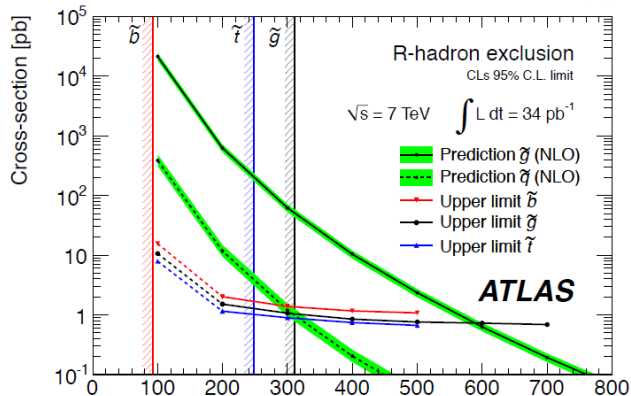
- 1) count events with slow particles
- 2) derive particle's mass

$$M_{TOF} = \frac{p}{\beta\gamma} = \frac{pc}{\gamma} \cdot \frac{TOF}{dist}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{\frac{dE}{dx}}(\beta) = \frac{p_1}{\beta p_3} \ln(1 + (p_2 \beta \gamma)^{p_5}) - p_4$$

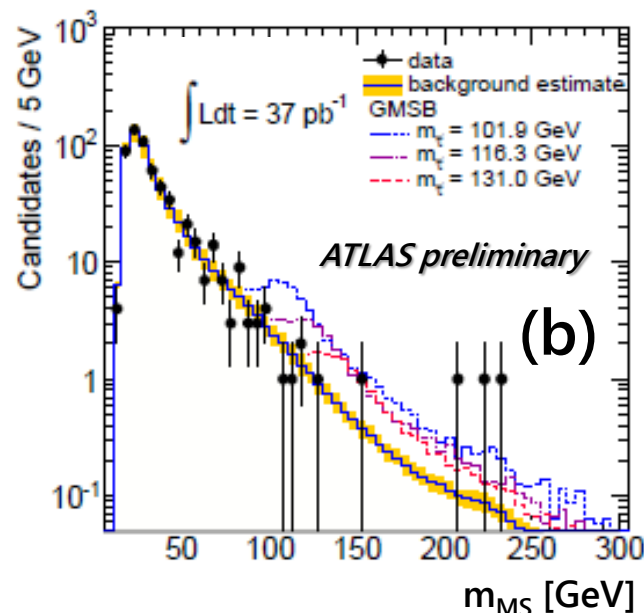
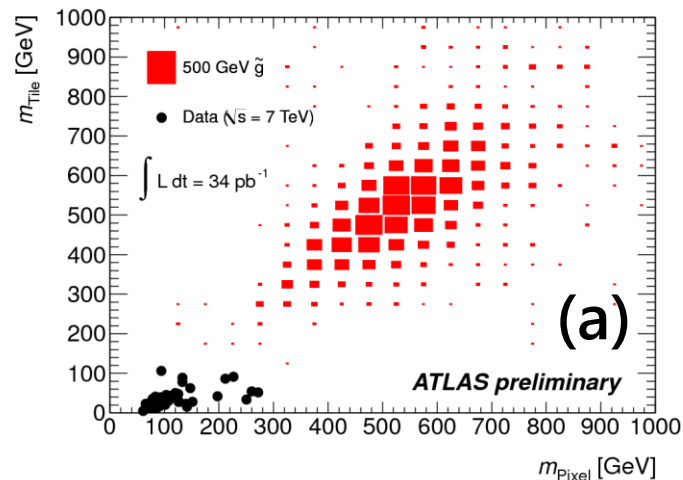
Results

Exclusions from Pixel + Tile search (a)



Events from MS search (b)

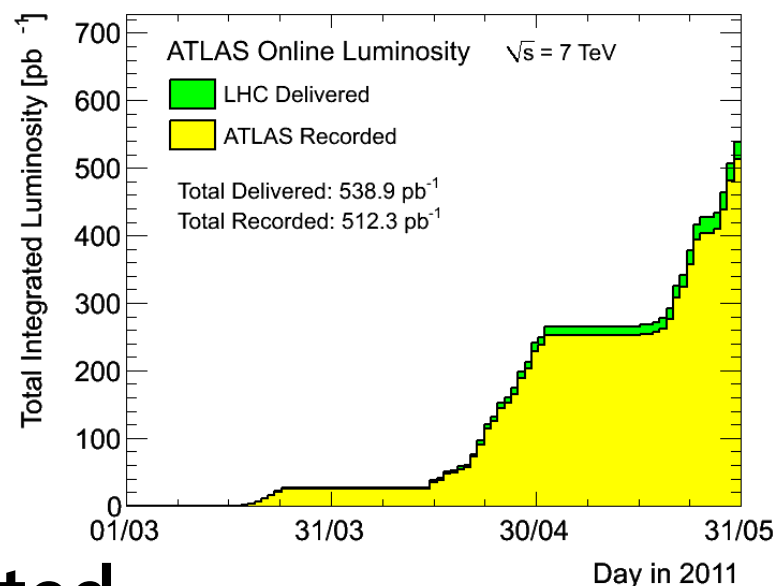
mass cut	N_{expected}	N_{obs}
90	19.2	16
110	9.8	8
130	5.4	4





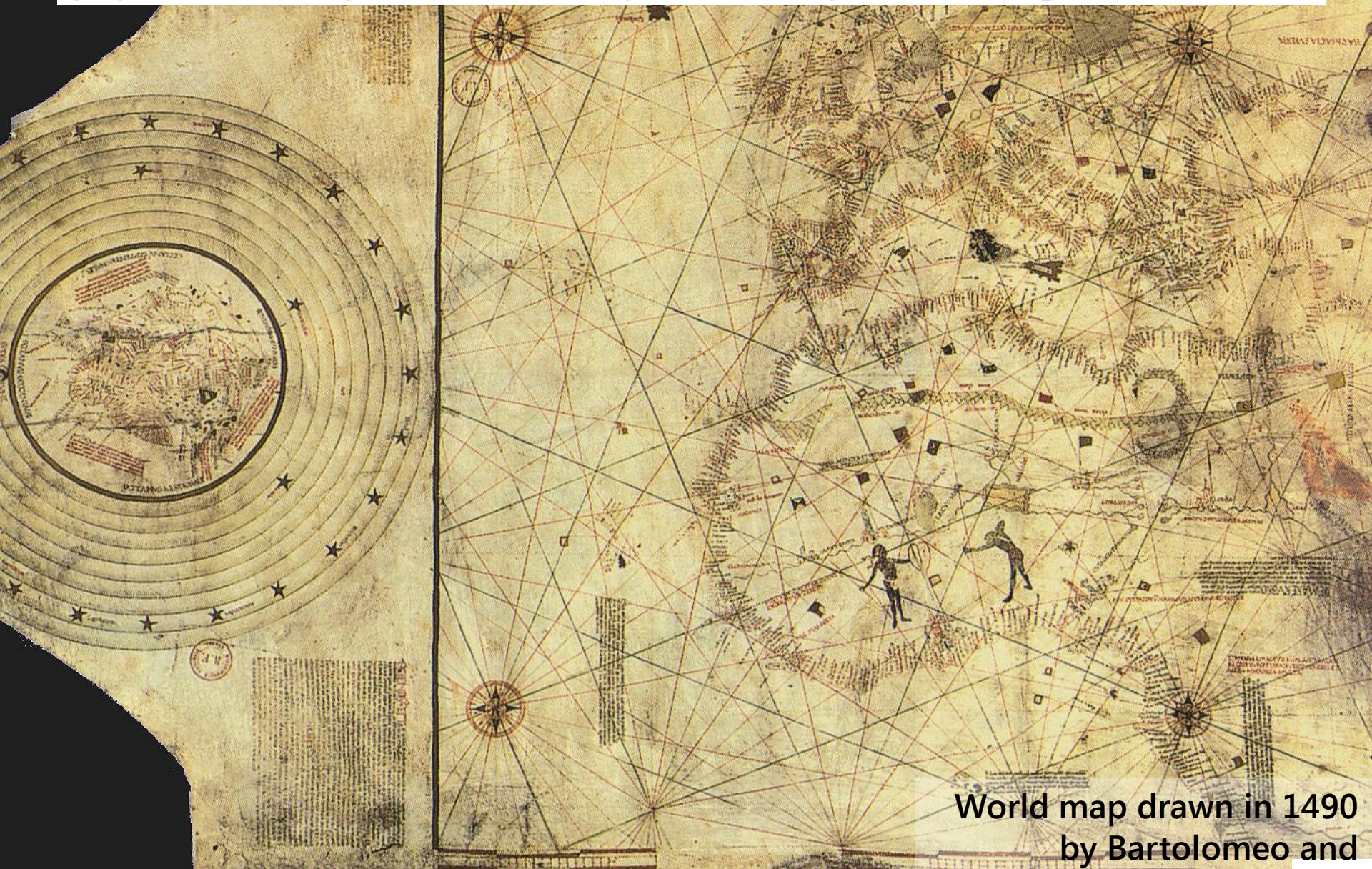
Conclusions

- **9 searches have been presented**
 - all based on 2010 data
 - no signs of new physics yet
 - SUSY is still largely possible
 - surpassed Tevatron's sensitivity
- **We expect ~100x more data in 2011**
 - very exciting prospects for discovery!
 - stay tuned for new public results soon



<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/SupersymmetryPublicResults>

...and again, we are sensitive to a wide range of hypothetical new physics, not only SUSY. We may well end up discovering...



World map drawn in 1490
by Bartolomeo and
Christopher Columbus

...and again, we are sensitive to a wide range of hypothetical new physics, not only SUSY. We may well end up discovering...

...THE UNEXPECTED!!!

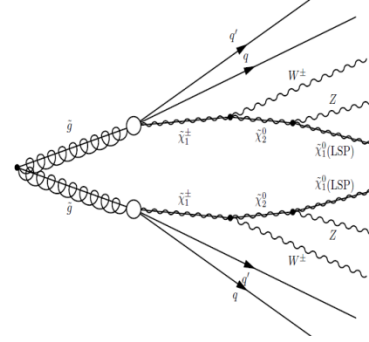
Map of the Americas drawn in 1545



World map drawn in 1490 by Bartolomeo and Christopher Columbus

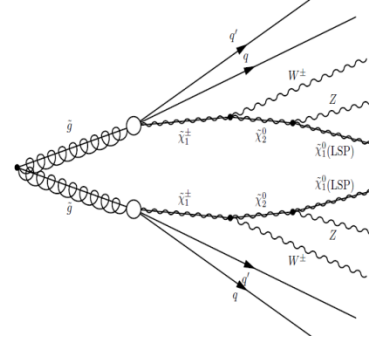


backup material





Definitions



all MET searches: $m_{Eff} \equiv \sum p_T^{jet} + E_T^{miss} + (p_T^\ell)$

1-lepton: $m_T \equiv \sqrt{2 p_T^\ell E_T^{miss} (1 - \cos(\Delta\phi(\ell, E_T^{miss})))}$

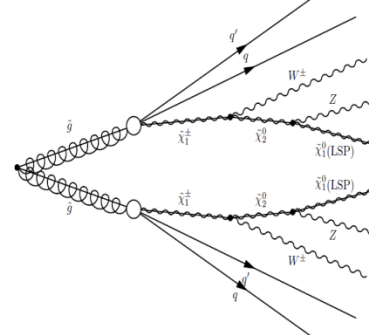
2-lepton: $S = \frac{N(e^\pm e^\mp)}{\beta(1 - (1 - \tau_e)^2)} - \frac{N(e^\pm \mu^\mp)}{1 - (1 - \tau_e)(1 - \tau_\mu)} + \frac{\beta N(\mu^\pm \mu^\mp)}{(1 - (1 - \tau_\mu)^2)}$

β is ratio of e, μ ID efficiencies, τ_e and τ_μ are trigger efficiencies.

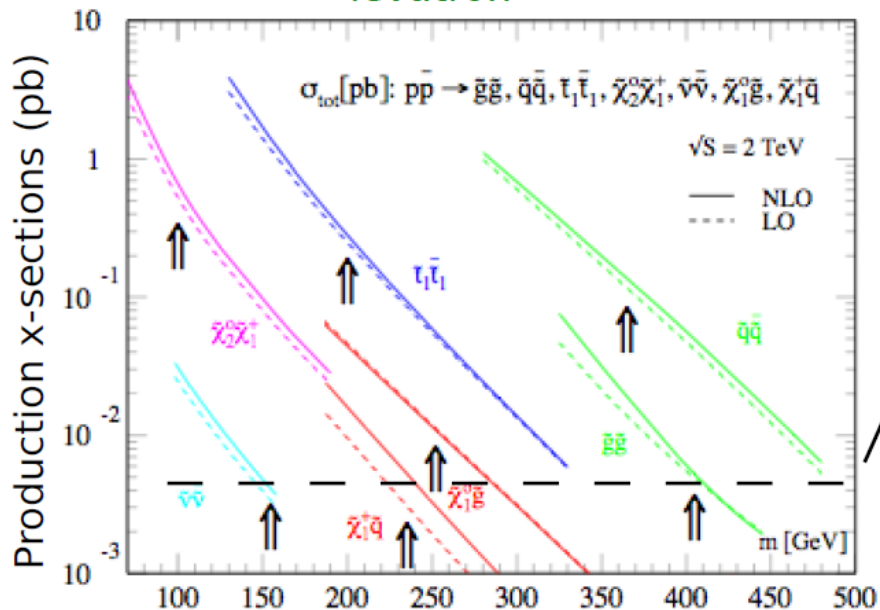
0-lepton: $m_{T2}(\vec{p}_T^{(1)}, \vec{p}_T^{(2)}, \vec{p}_T) \equiv \min_{\vec{q}_T^{(1)} + \vec{q}_T^{(2)} = E_T^{miss}} \{ \max(m_T(\vec{p}_T^{(1)}, \vec{q}_T^{(1)}), m_T(\vec{p}_T^{(2)}, \vec{q}_T^{(2)})) \}$



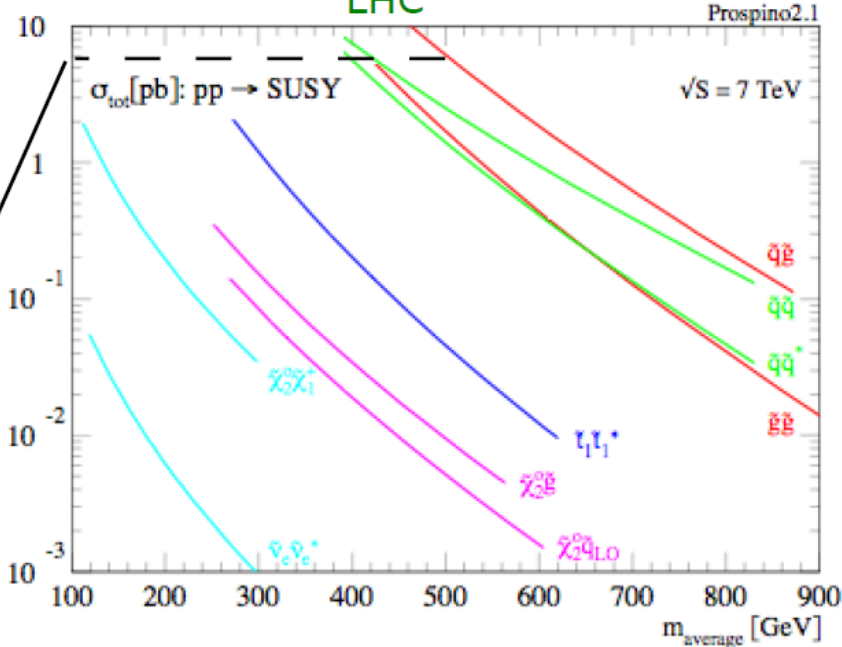
SUSY cross-sections



Tevatron



LHC



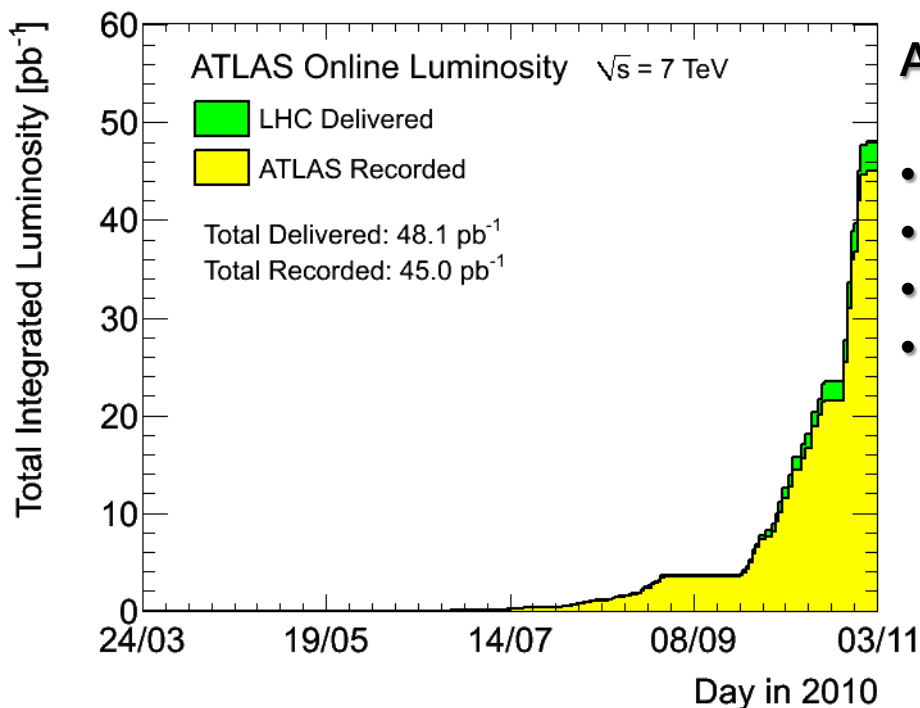
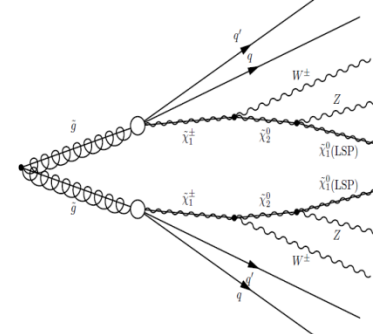
LHC x-sections for dominant SUSY processes are more than 150 times higher

Define R-parity = $(-1)^{3(B-L)+2S}$

- R = 1 for SM particles
- R = -1 for MSSM partners



ATLAS data in 2010



All results shown today are from 2010 data.

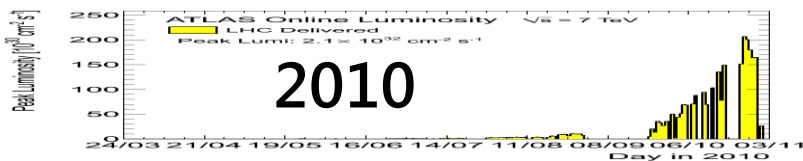
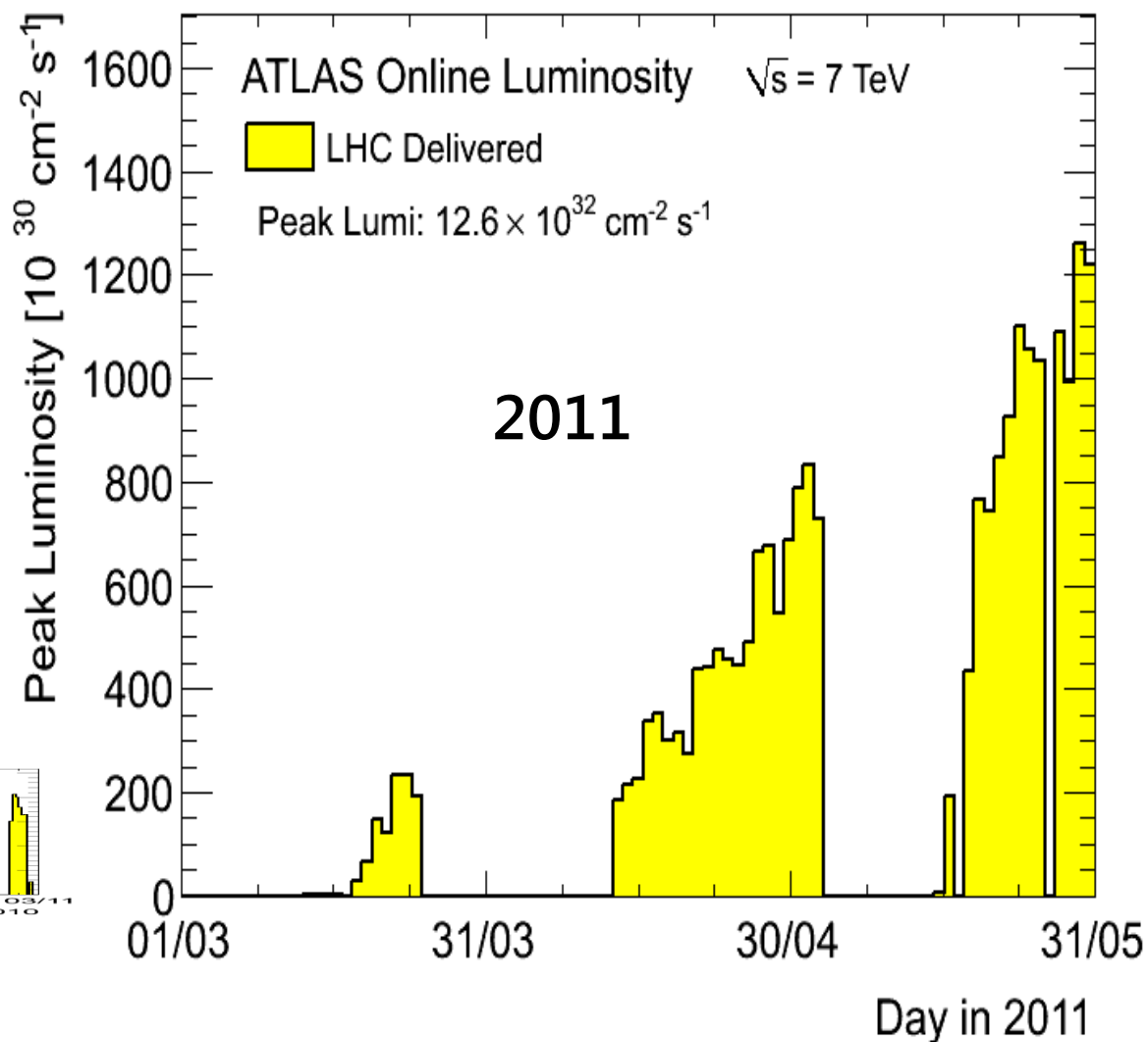
- proton-proton collisions at 7 TeV
- Max instantaneous luminosity: $2 \cdot 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Total recorded luminosity: 45 pb⁻¹
- Good data quality for analysis: $\sim 35 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

Inner Tracking Detectors			Calorimeters				Muon Detectors			
Pixel	SCT	TRT	LAr EM	LAr HAD	LAr FWD	Tile	MDT	RPC	CSC	TGC
99.1	99.9	100	90.7	96.6	97.8	100	99.9	99.8	96.2	99.8

Fraction of good quality data (%) per subsystem



Peak luminosity per day





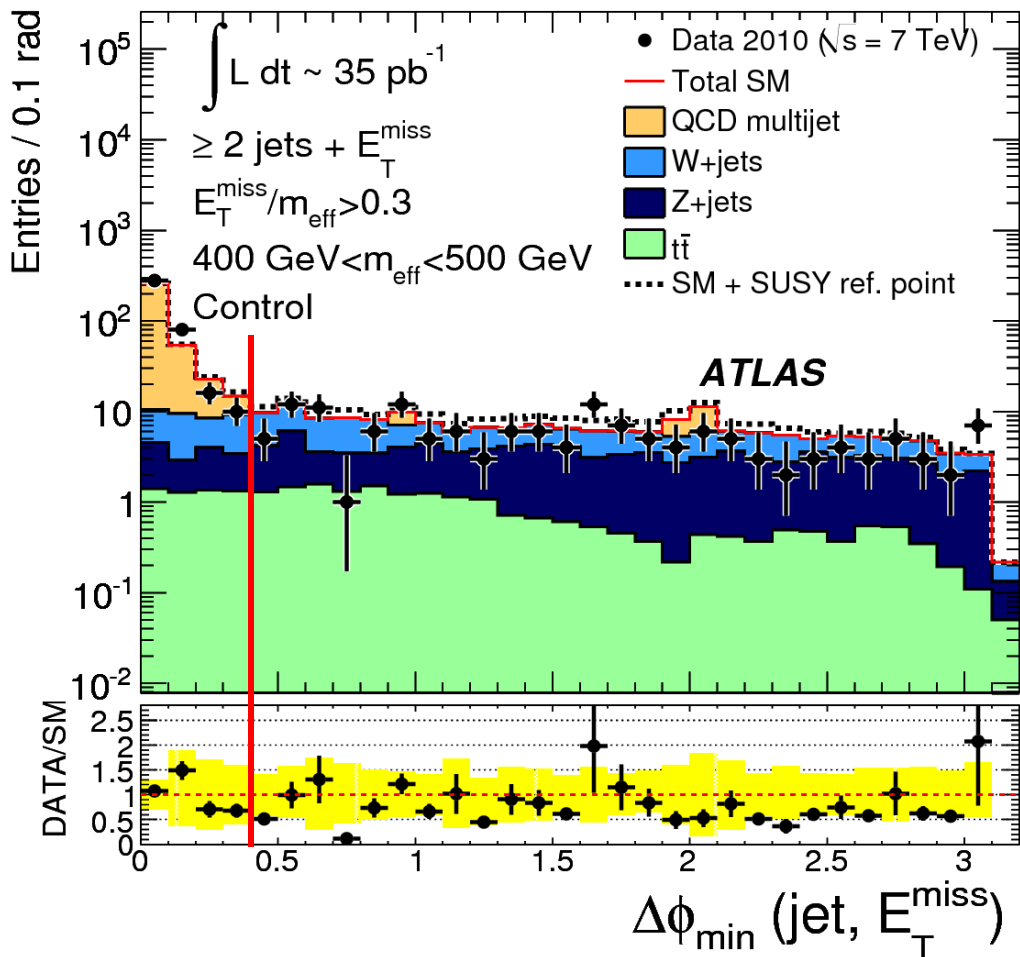
MET + jets + 0 lepton

Results

	Signal region A	Signal region B	Signal region C	Signal region D
QCD	$7^{+8}_{-7}[\text{u+j}]$	$0.6^{+0.7}_{-0.6}[\text{u+j}]$	$9^{+10}_{-9}[\text{u+j}]$	$0.2^{+0.4}_{-0.2}[\text{u+j}]$
W+jets	$50 \pm 11[\text{u}]^{+14}_{-10}[\text{j}] \pm 5[\mathcal{L}]$	$4.4 \pm 3.2[\text{u}]^{+1.5}_{-0.8}[\text{j}] \pm 0.5[\mathcal{L}]$	$35 \pm 9[\text{u}]^{+10}_{-8}[\text{j}] \pm 4[\mathcal{L}]$	$1.1 \pm 0.7[\text{u}]^{+0.2}_{-0.3}[\text{j}] \pm 0.1[\mathcal{L}]$
Z+jets	$52 \pm 21[\text{u}]^{+15}_{-11}[\text{j}] \pm 6[\mathcal{L}]$	$4.1 \pm 2.9[\text{u}]^{+2.1}_{-0.8}[\text{j}] \pm 0.5[\mathcal{L}]$	$27 \pm 12[\text{u}]^{+10}_{-6}[\text{j}] \pm 3[\mathcal{L}]$	$0.8 \pm 0.7[\text{u}]^{+0.6}_{-0.0}[\text{j}] \pm 0.1[\mathcal{L}]$
$t\bar{t}$ and t	$10 \pm 0[\text{u}]^{+3}_{-2}[\text{j}] \pm 1[\mathcal{L}]$	$0.9 \pm 0.1[\text{u}]^{+0.4}_{-0.3}[\text{j}] \pm 0.1[\mathcal{L}]$	$17 \pm 1[\text{u}]^{+6}_{-4}[\text{j}] \pm 2[\mathcal{L}]$	$0.3 \pm 0.1[\text{u}]^{+0.2}_{-0.1}[\text{j}] \pm 0.0[\mathcal{L}]$
Total SM	$118 \pm 25[\text{u}]^{+32}_{-23}[\text{j}] \pm 12[\mathcal{L}]$	$10.0 \pm 4.3[\text{u}]^{+4.0}_{-1.9}[\text{j}] \pm 1.0[\mathcal{L}]$	$88 \pm 18[\text{u}]^{+26}_{-18}[\text{j}] \pm 9[\mathcal{L}]$	$2.5 \pm 1.0[\text{u}]^{+1.0}_{-0.4}[\text{j}] \pm 0.2[\mathcal{L}]$
Data	87	11	66	2
$\sigma \cdot \epsilon \cdot A$	< 1.3 pb	< 0.35 pb	< 1.1 pb	< 0.11 pb



MET + jets + 0 lepton

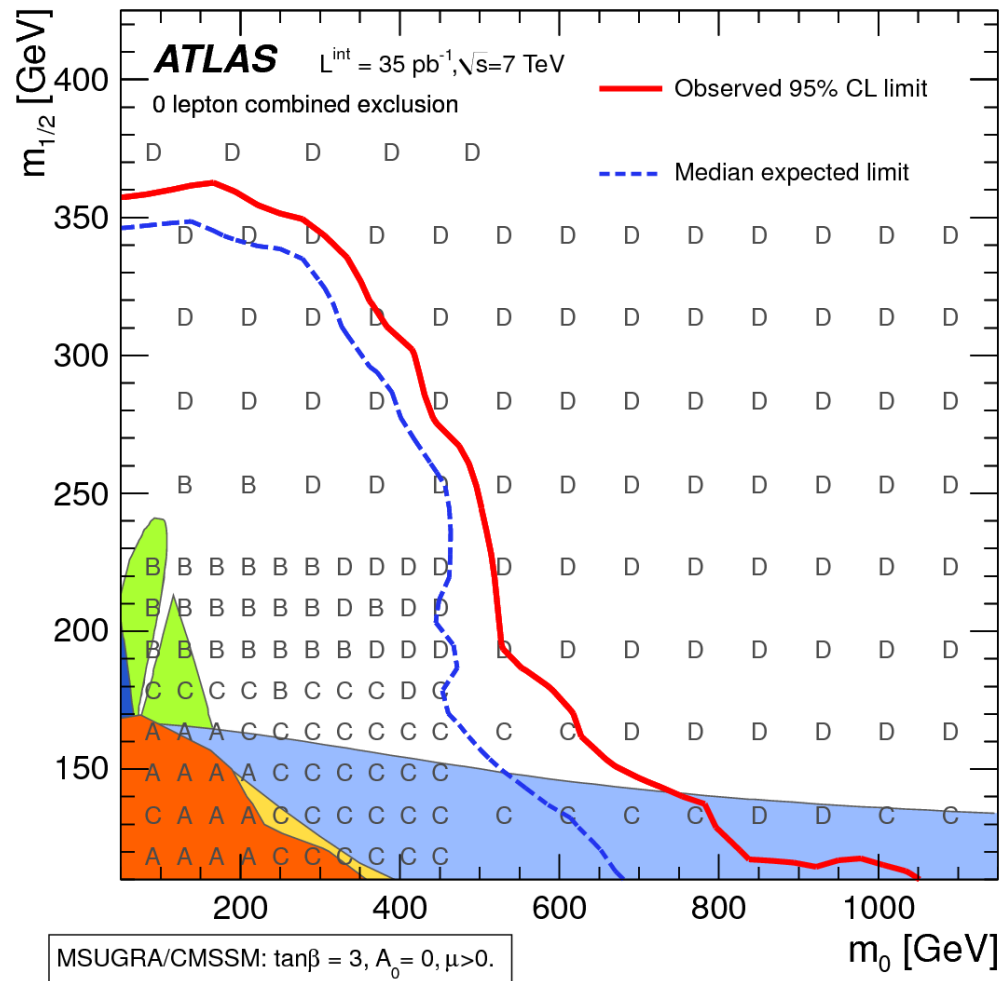


- Events with $\Delta\phi_{\text{min}}(\text{jet}, \text{MET}) < 0.4$ constitute the QCD control sample
- Events with $\Delta\phi_{\text{min}}(\text{jet}, \text{MET}) > 0.4$ are considered for the final signal selections



MET + jets + 0 lepton

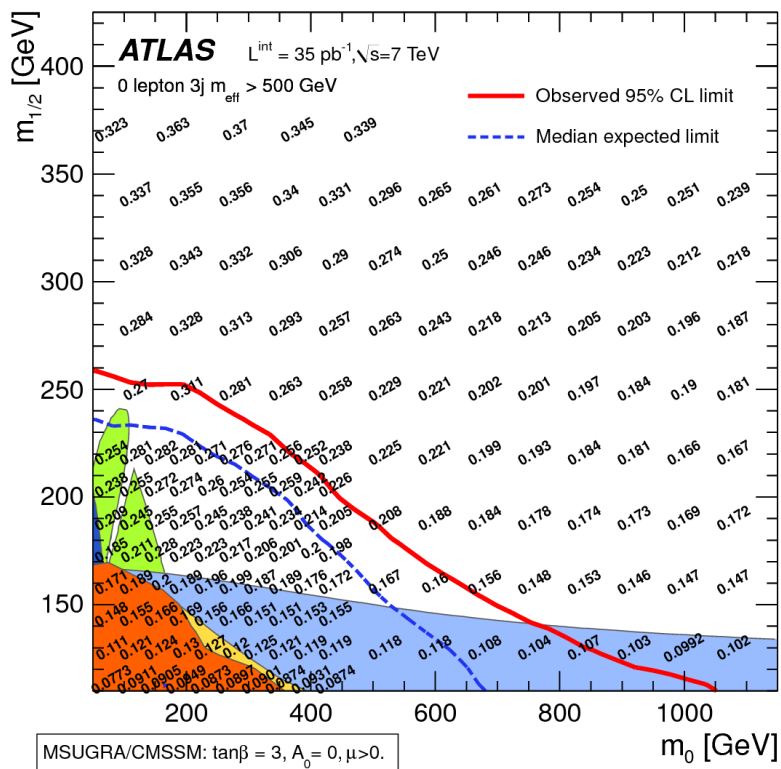
Signal Region (SR: A, B, C or D) used for each signal Grid point to derive the exclusion curves. The decision of which SR to use was made a priori, based on MC expectations.



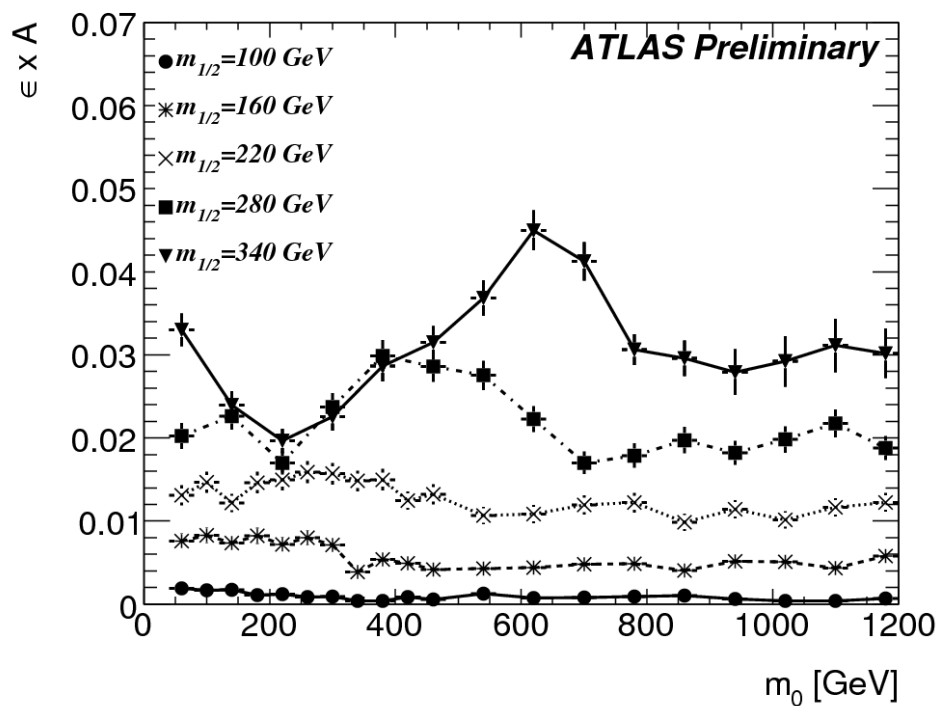


Re-interpretation of 0/1-lepton searches

Signal efficiency of 0-lepton SR C



Signal efficiency of 1-lepton (channel μ)

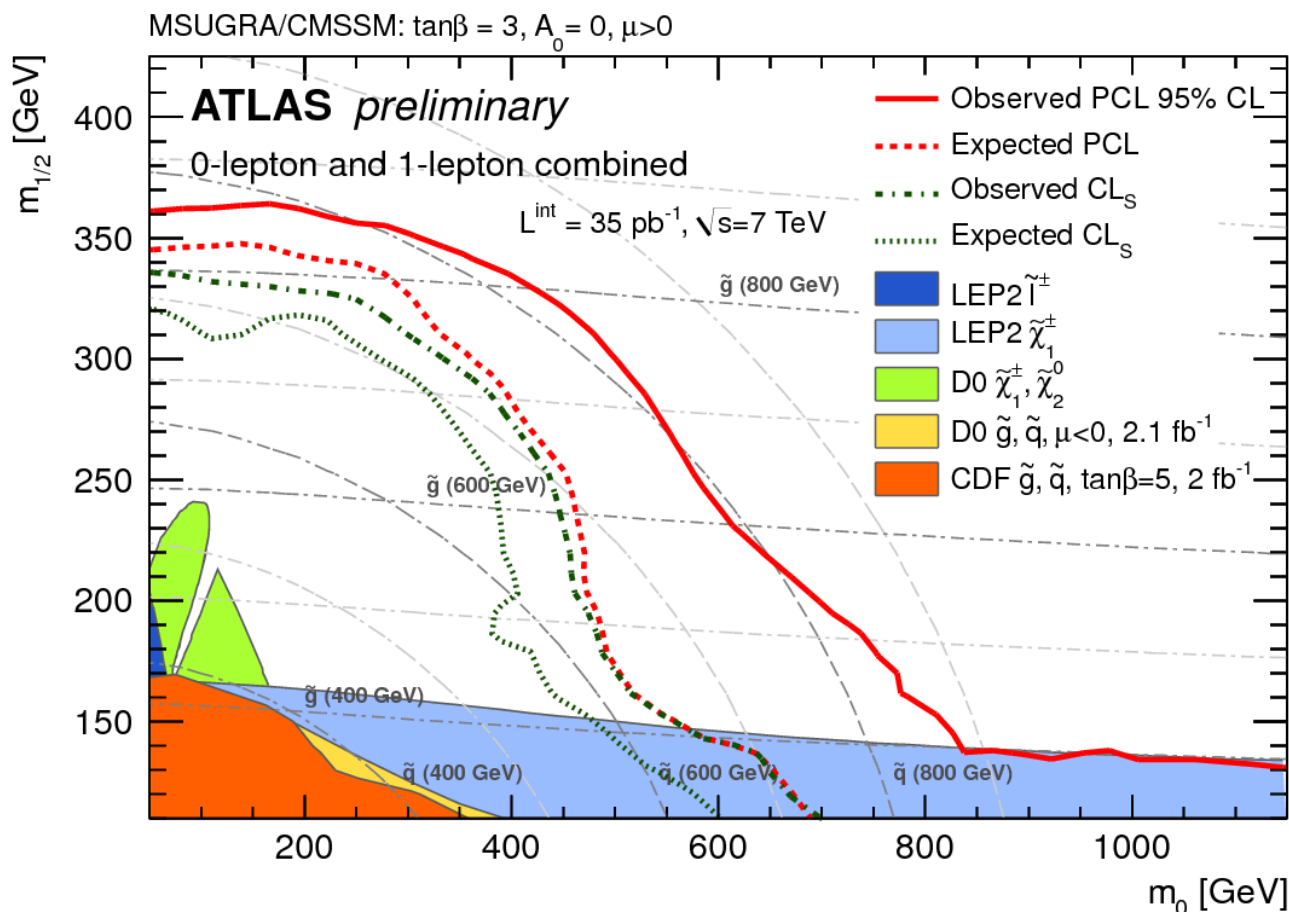
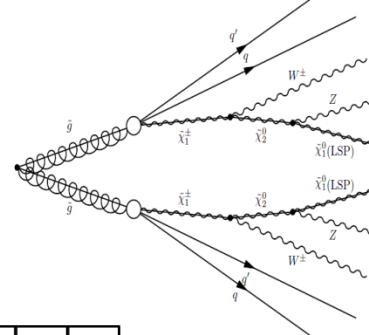


One possible way to do it:

- 1) reproduce the ATLAS analysis cuts with your "local" simulation of the ATLAS detector
- 2) validate your local setup against published ATLAS efficiencies for benchmark CMSSM points
- 3) use your validated setup to predict the expected signal yields for your favorite model

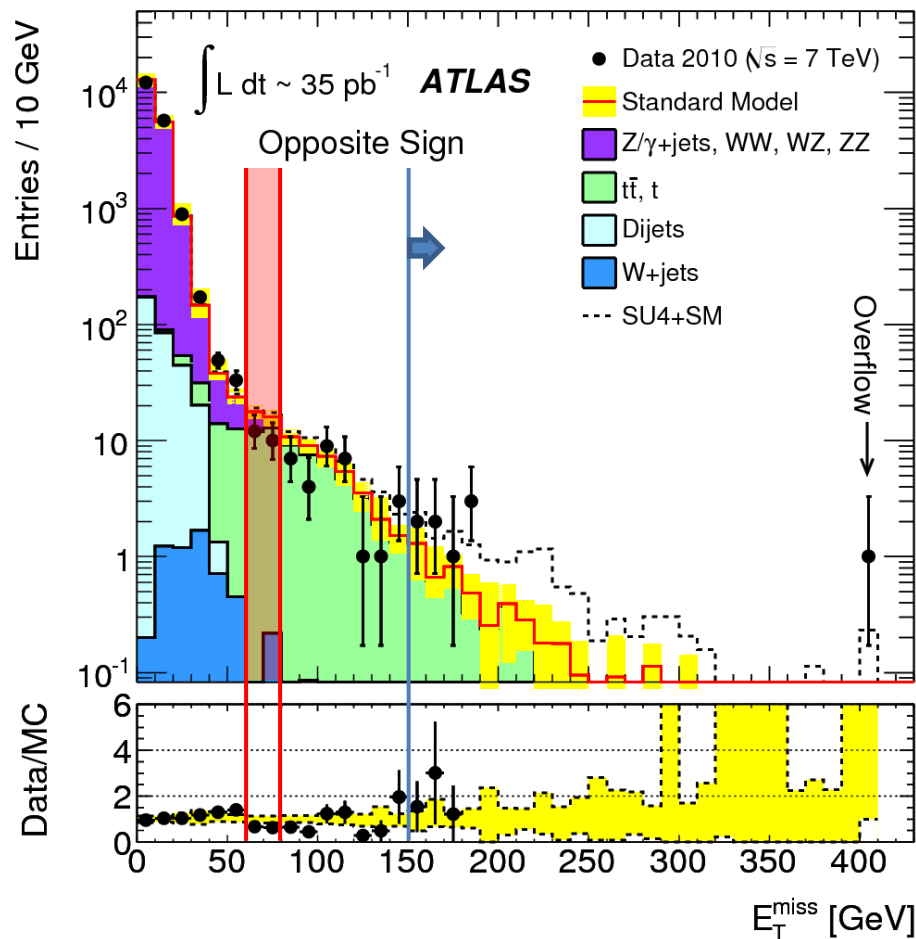


PCL vs CLs



These "power-constrained" limits (PCL) address the issue that motivated the widely used CLs procedure, but do so in a way that makes more transparent the properties of the statistical test to which each value of the parameter is subjected. (arXiv:1105.3166)

MET + 2 leptons (details)



Flavor subtraction of opposite-sign events

- Main background: top-quark decays
 - control sample: $60 < \text{MET} < 80 \text{ GeV}$
- overflow event is likely a cosmic ray

Events used for flavor subtraction ($\text{MET} > 100 \text{ GeV}$)

	$e^\pm e^\mp$	$e^\pm \mu^\mp$	$\mu^\pm \mu^\mp$
Data	4	13	13
Z/ γ^* +jets	0.40 ± 0.46	0.36 ± 0.20	0.91 ± 0.67
Dibosons	0.30 ± 0.11	0.36 ± 0.10	0.61 ± 0.10
$t\bar{t}$	2.50 ± 1.02	6.61 ± 2.68	4.71 ± 1.91
Single top	0.13 ± 0.09	0.76 ± 0.25	0.67 ± 0.33
Fakes	0.31 ± 0.21	-0.15 ± 0.08	0.01 ± 0.01
Total SM	3.64 ± 1.24	8.08 ± 2.78	6.91 ± 2.20

MET + 2 leptons

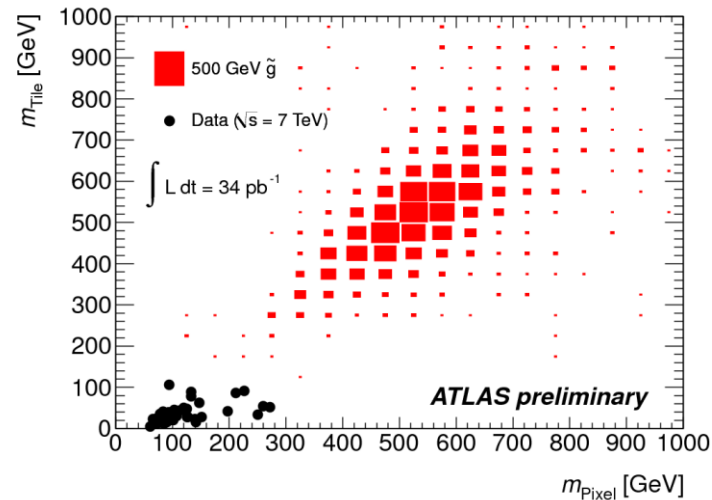
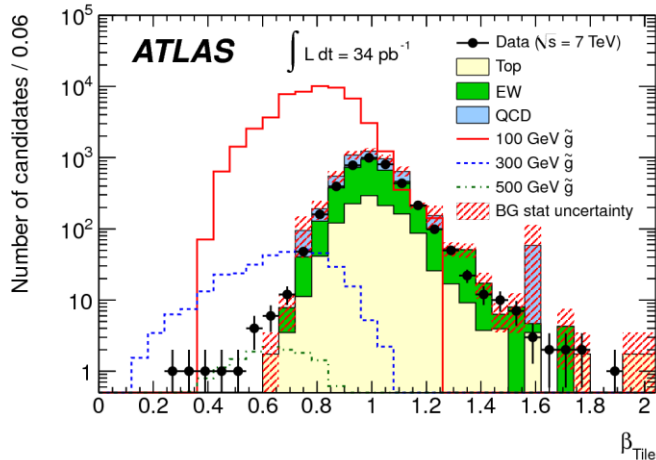


Results: $S_{\text{obs}} = 1.98 \pm 0.15_{\beta} \pm 0.06_{\tau}$ ($S_{\text{exp}} = 2.06 \pm 1.1$)

	Same Sign, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 100$ GeV		
	$e^{\pm}e^{\pm}$	$e^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$	$\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$
Data	0	0	0
Fakes	0.12 ± 0.13	0.030 ± 0.026	0.014 ± 0.010
Di-bosons	0.015 ± 0.005	0.035 ± 0.012	0.021 ± 0.009
Charge-flip	0.019 ± 0.008	0.026 ± 0.011	-
Cosmics	-	$0_{-0}^{+1.17}$	-
Total	0.15 ± 0.13	$0.09_{-0.03}^{+1.17}$	0.04 ± 0.01
$\sigma \cdot \epsilon \cdot A$	< 0.07 pb	< 0.07 pb	< 0.07 pb

	Opposite Sign, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 150$ GeV		
	$e^{+}e^{-}$	$e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}$	$\mu^{+}\mu^{-}$
Data	1	4	4
$t\bar{t}$	$0.62_{-0.28}^{+0.31}$	$1.24_{-0.56}^{+0.62}$	$1.00_{-0.45}^{+0.50}$
Z+jets	0.19 ± 0.15	0.08 ± 0.08	0.14 ± 0.17
Fakes	$-0.02 + 0.02$	$-0.05 + 0.04$	-
Cosmics	-	-0.2 ± 1.18	-0.43 ± 1.27
Total	$0.92_{-0.40}^{+0.42}$	$1.43_{-0.59}^{+1.45}$	$1.39_{-0.53}^{+1.41}$
$\sigma \cdot \epsilon \cdot A$	< 0.09 pb	< 0.22 pb	< 0.21 pb

slow meta-stable particles



Exploit lack of correlation
between mass measurements

