

24th Rencontres de Blois
Particle Physics and Cosmology



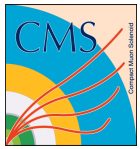
Results on heavy flavour production at ATLAS and CMS

Stefano Argirò* for the CMS and ATLAS Collaborations

*University of Torino and INFN



May 27th – Jun 1st 2012



Introduction and Outline

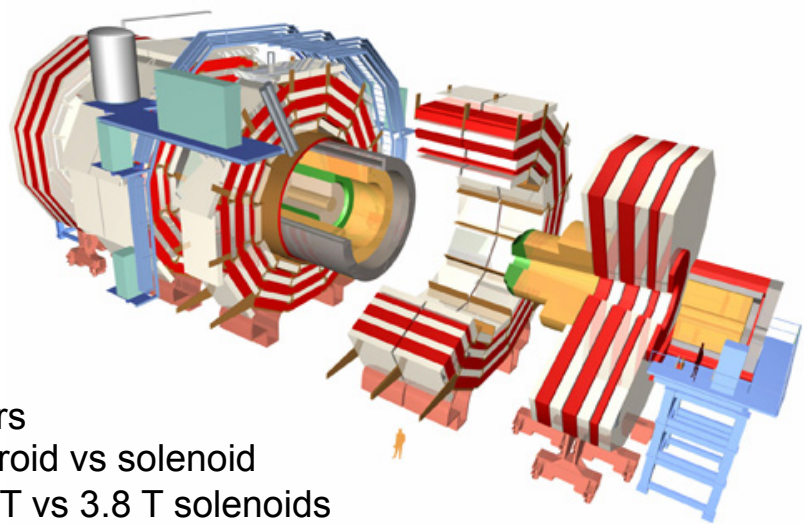
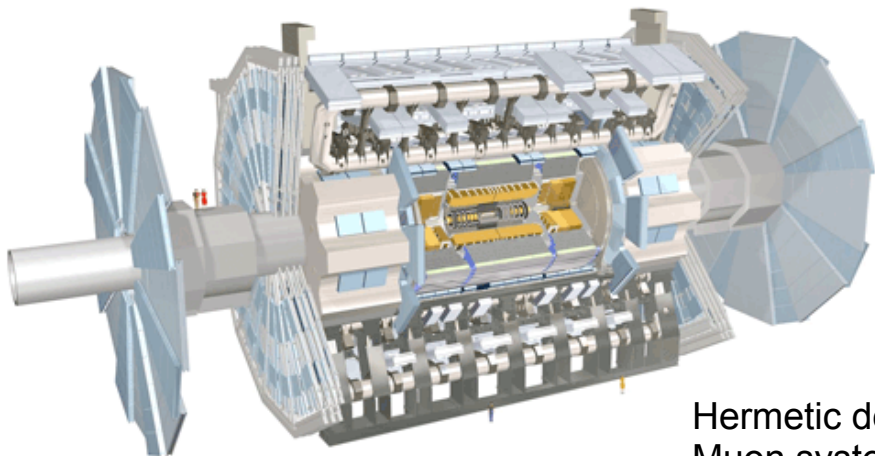
- ▶ Atlas and CMS can explore a different phase space with respect to previous experiments and LHCb
- ▶ Interesting tests of QCD can be performed, models tuned, generators refined
- ▶ Challenges detector performance and physics reconstruction

Structure of this talk

- Observation of new states
 - Production Cross sections
 - Quarkonia
 - Exclusive
 - Inclusive
 - Summary
 - Conclusions
- ▶ Note: b-physics results on CPV and search for new Physics from ATLAS and CMS from Louise Oakes yesterday's session



The ATLAS and CMS experiments at LHC



Hermetic detectors
 Muon system : toroid vs solenoid
 Silicon tracker : 2T vs 3.8 T solenoids
 Different calorimeter system



LHC
 7 TeV 2011, 8 TeV 2012
 peak $L = 6 \cdot 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 200 pb^{-1} /day peak



April 30, 2012 4:22 PM

PRINT TEXT

New "beauty baryon" particle discovered at world's largest atom smasher

Observation of new states

The screenshot shows the BBC News website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the BBC logo and links for News, Sport, Weather, Travel, and Future. Below this is a red banner with the word "NEWS" in large white letters, followed by "SCIENCE & ENVIRONMENT" in smaller white letters. Underneath the banner is another navigation bar with links for Home, UK, Africa, Asia, Europe, Latin America, Mid-East, US & Canada, Business, and Health. The main content area shows the date "22 December 2011" and "Last updated at 10:59 GMT" on the left, and a green "3.2K Share" button on the right. The headline "LHC reports discovery of its first new particle" is displayed in large, bold, black text.



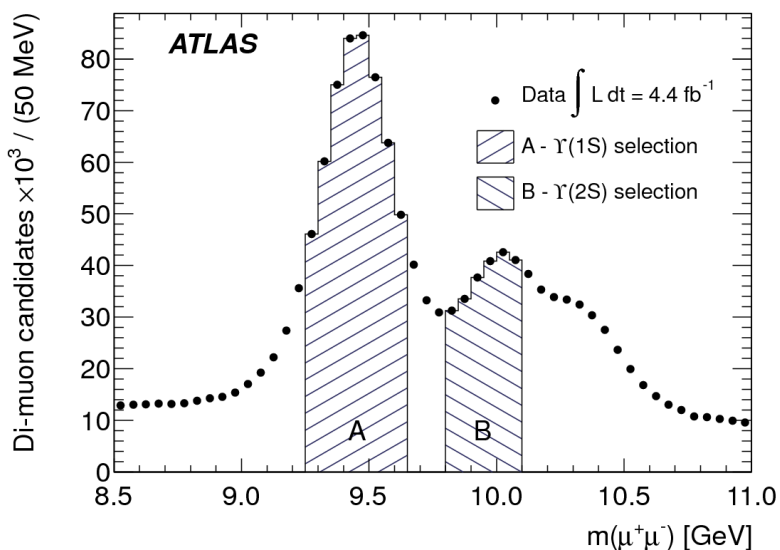
“Observation of a new χ_b state ...” [$\chi_b(3P)$]

arXiv:1112.5154, PRL 108, 152001 (2012).

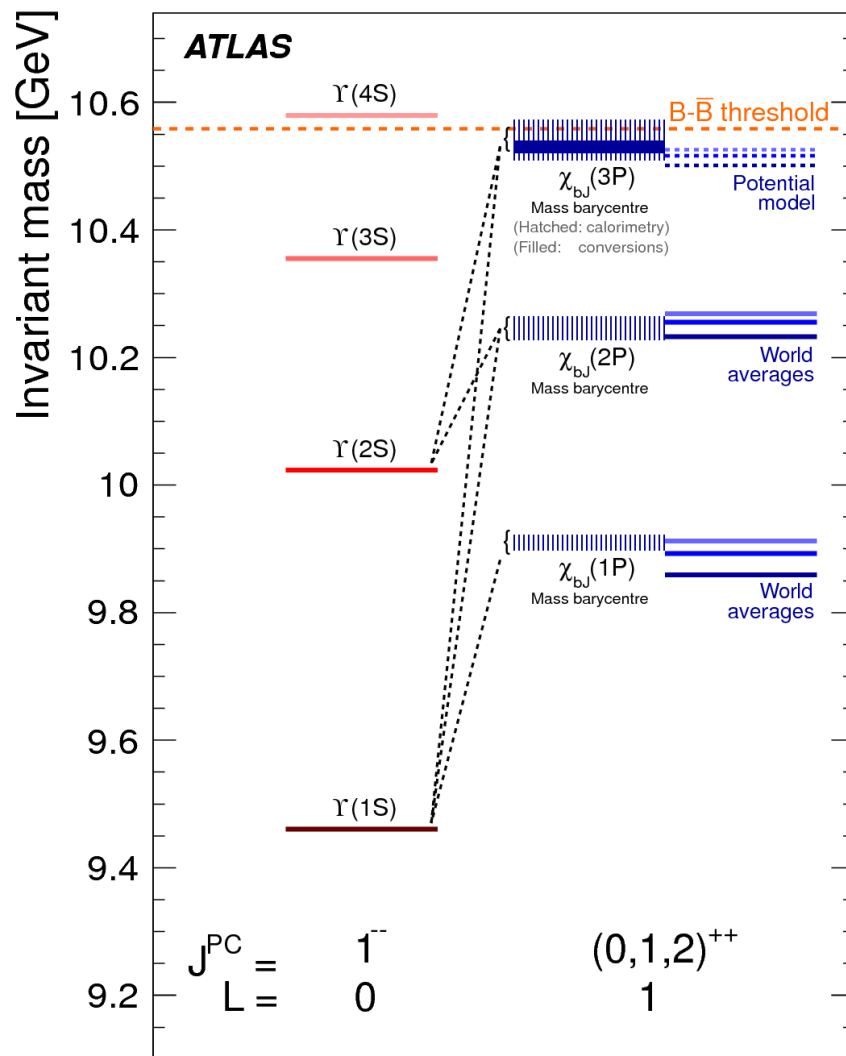
$$\chi_b(nP) \rightarrow Y(nS) + \gamma$$

Photon measurement :

- ▶ **Calorimetric** :
higher efficiency, modest resolution
- ▶ **e^+e^- conversion** in the tracker:
small efficiency, better resolution

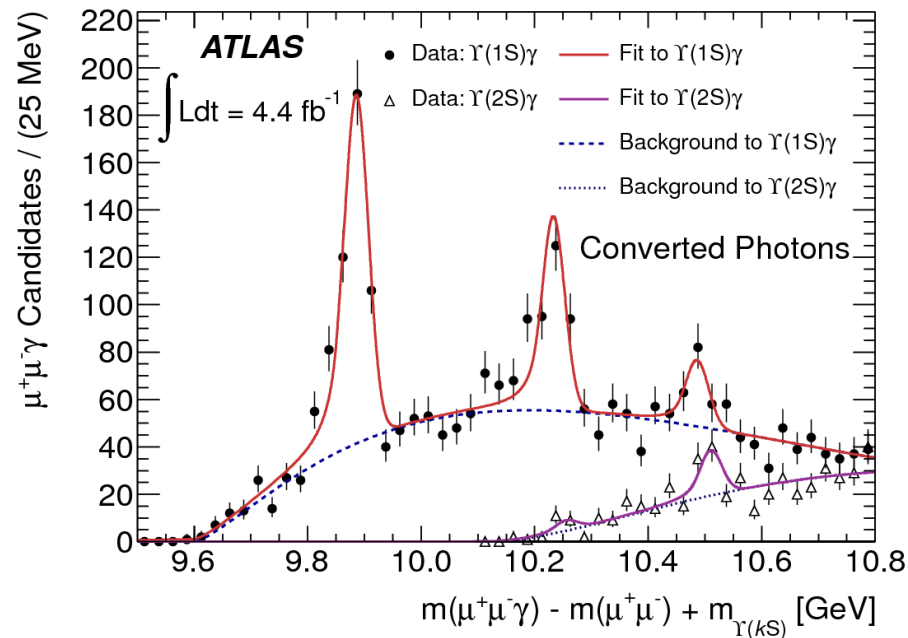
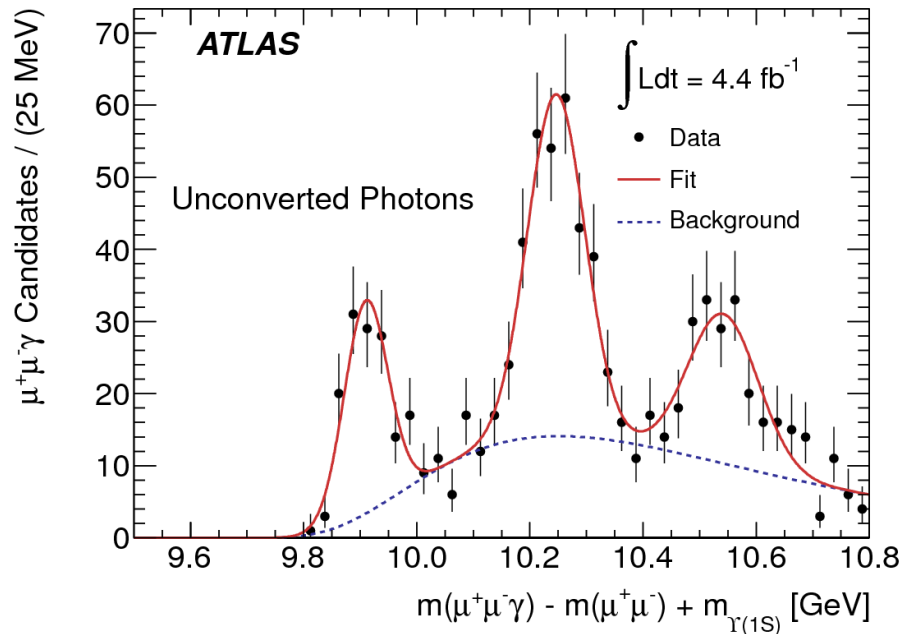


Observed bottomonium radiative decays in ATLAS, $L = 4.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$





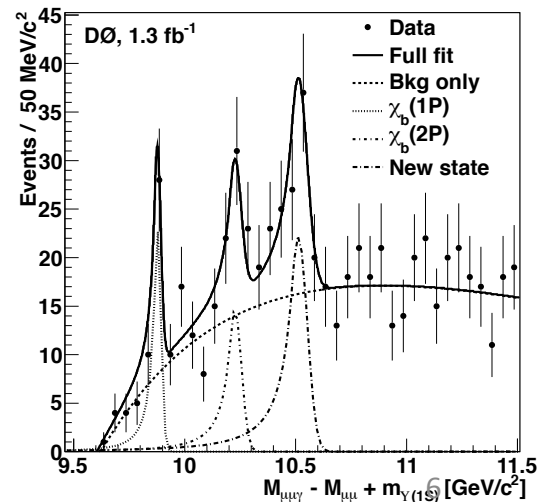
Observation of new states : $\chi_b(3P)$



Each peak represents a $J=(0),1,2$ triplet

State	Model predictions [3,4] [MeV]	Fitted masses [MeV]	
		Unconverted photons	Converted photons
$\chi_b(1P)$	9900	$9910 \pm 6(\text{stat}) \pm 11(\text{syst})$	Fixed to $\chi_{b1} = 9892.78$ and $\chi_{b2} = 9912.21$ [9]
$\chi_b(2P)$	10260	$10246 \pm 5(\text{stat}) \pm 18(\text{syst})$	Fixed to $\chi_{b1} = 10255.46$ and $\chi_{b2} = 10268.65$ [9]
$\chi_b(3P)$	10525	$10541 \pm 11(\text{stat}) \pm 30(\text{syst})$	$10530 \pm 5(\text{stat}) \pm 9(\text{syst})$

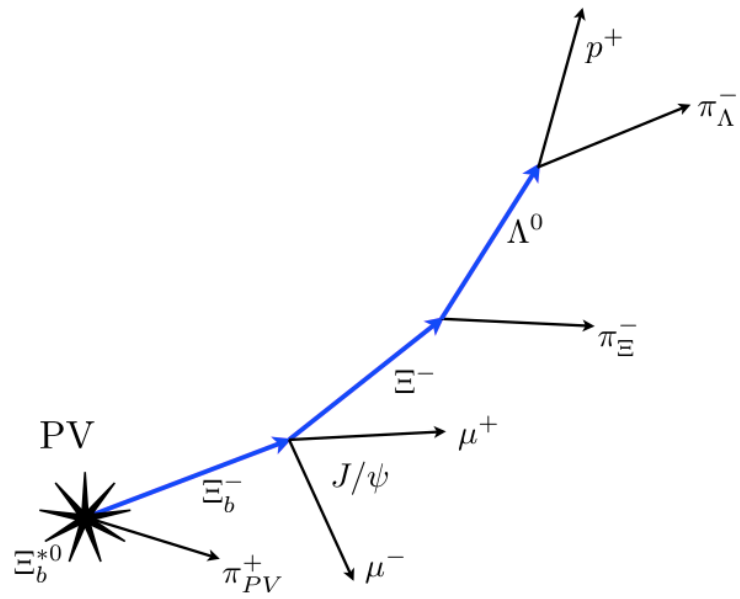
D0 confirms...
[arXiv:1203.6034](https://arxiv.org/abs/1203.6034)



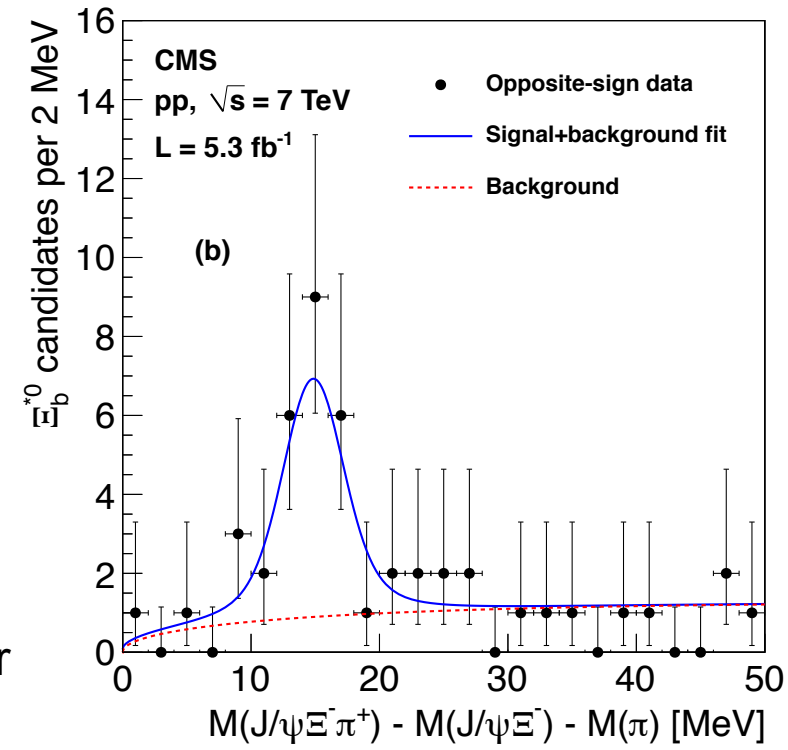


“Observation of an excited Ξ_b baryon” [Ξ_b^*]

arXiv:1205.5955, submitted to PRL



Complicated cascade that challenges detector and reconstruction capabilities
 $>5\sigma$ evidence



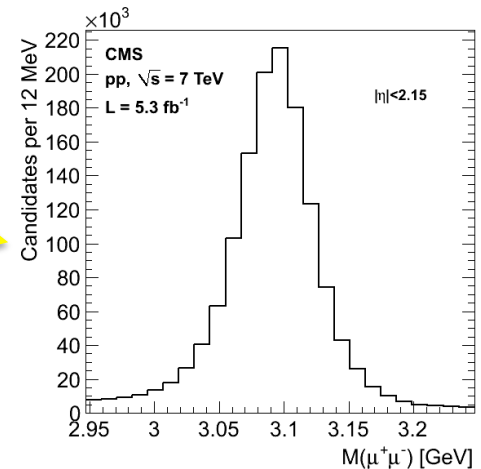
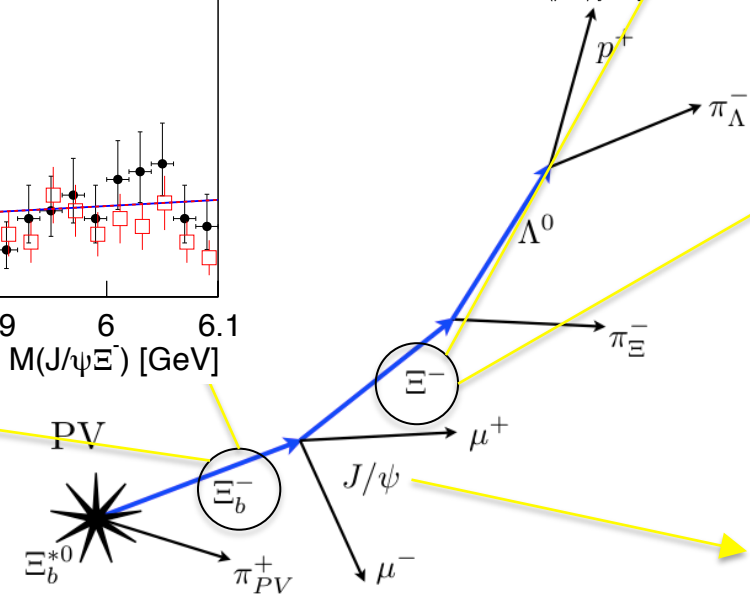
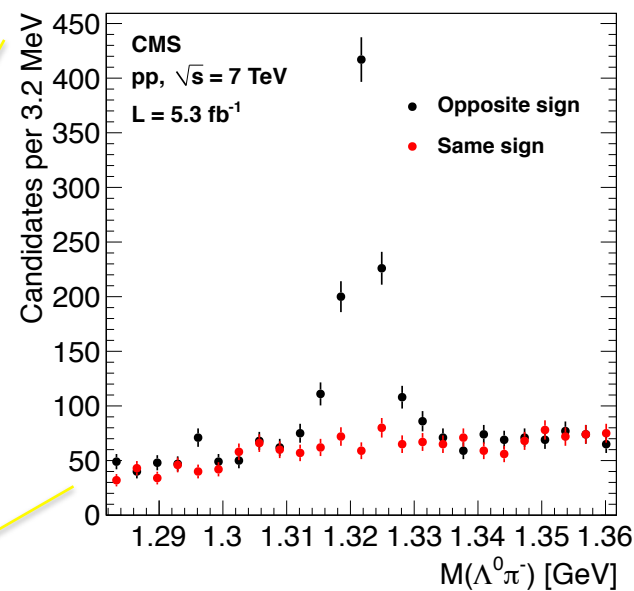
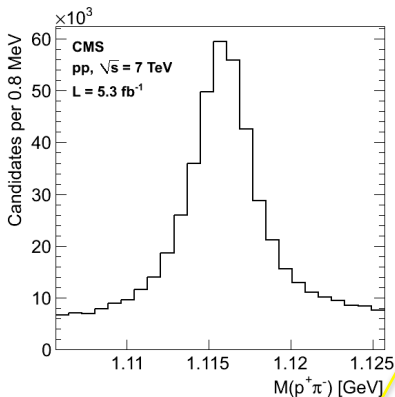
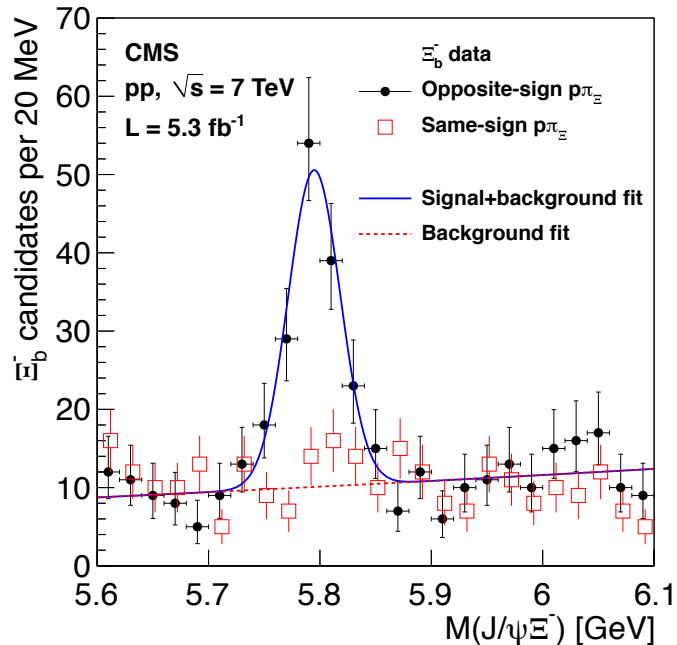
21 candidates observed,
 expected background : 3

$$Q = M(J/\psi \Xi^- \pi^+) - M(J/\psi \Xi^-) - M(\pi) : 14.84 \pm 0.74 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.28 \text{ (syst.) MeV}$$

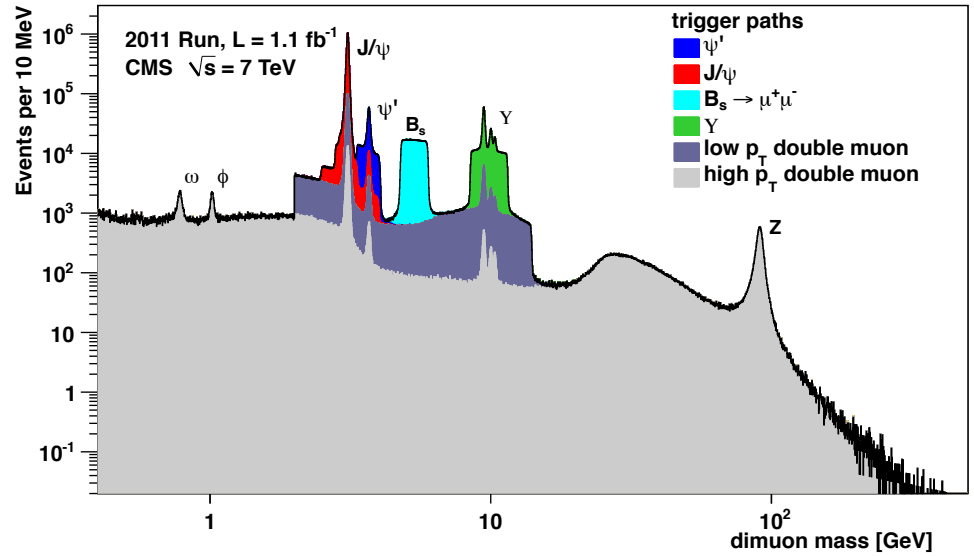
$$m_{\Xi_b^*} = 5945.0 \pm 0.7 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.3 \text{ (sys)} \pm 2.7 \text{ (PDG) MeV}$$



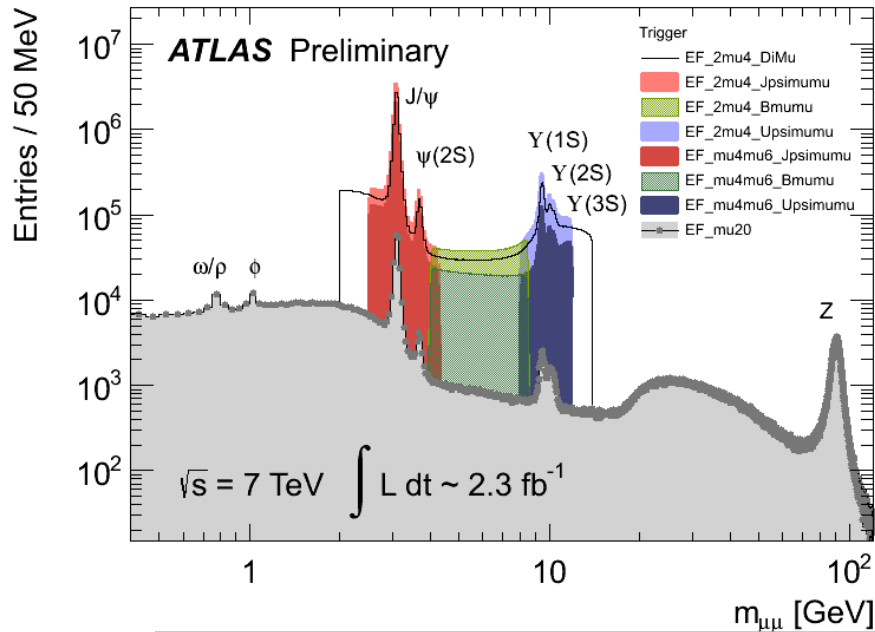
Observation of new states : Ξ_b^*



Reconstruction of intermediate states and purity



Production: Quarkonia



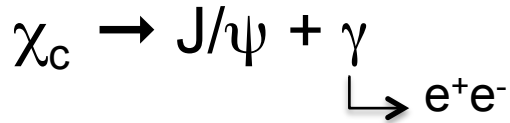


χ_{c2} / χ_{c1} production ratio

PAS-BPH-11-010

**NEW
PREMIERE**

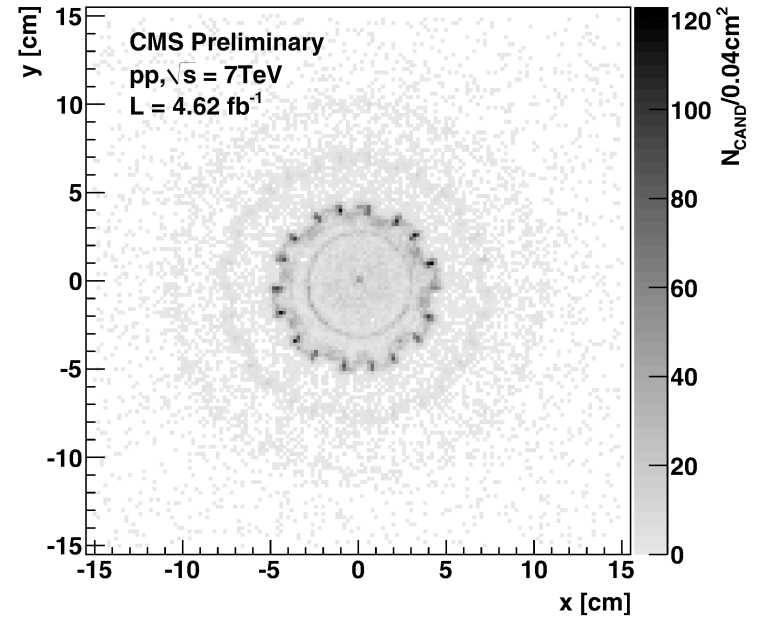
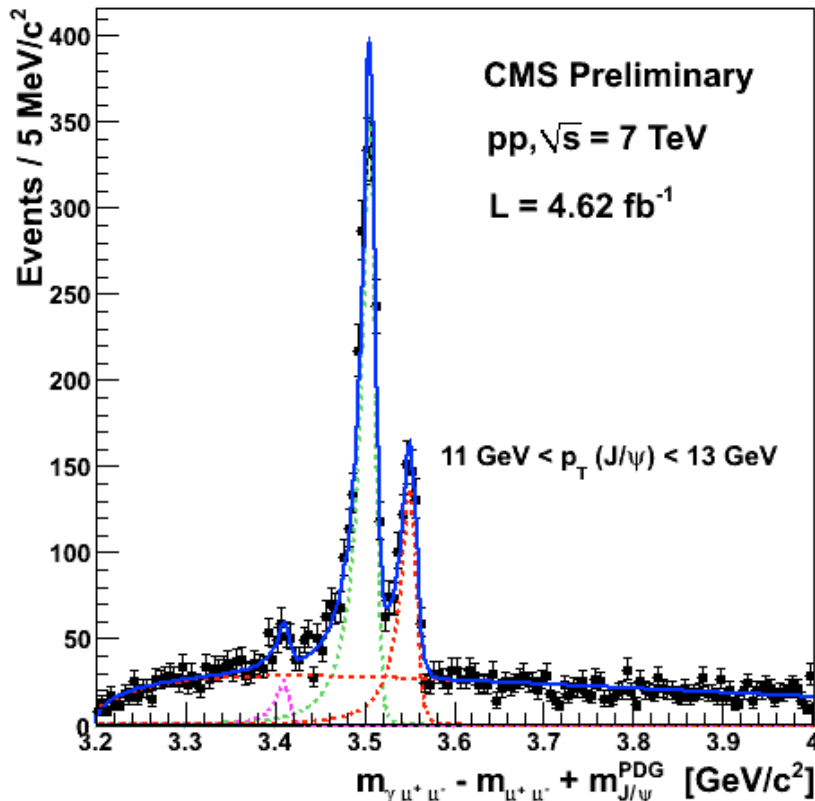
$$\frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow \chi_{c2} + X)}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow \chi_{c1} + X)} \times \frac{BR(\chi_{c2} \rightarrow J/\psi + \gamma)}{BR(\chi_{c1} \rightarrow J/\psi + \gamma)}$$



Interesting test of QCD

Exp. and theo. uncertainties cancel

Puzzling results from previous measurements

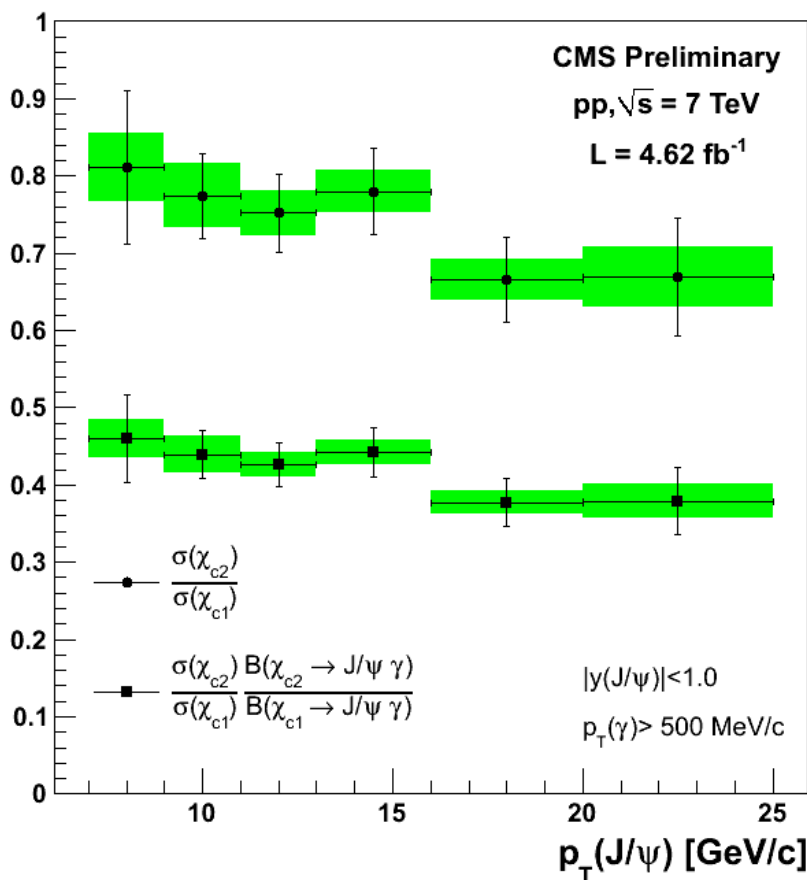


- ▶ Prompt J/ψ trigger
- ▶ Loose μ selection, 3.0 < m_{μμ} < 3.2 GeV, prob(ν) > 0.01
- ▶ R_{conv} > 1.5 cm
- ▶ Prompt component selection: I_{J/ψ} > 30 μm
- ▶ |y(J/ψ)| > 1.0, p_T(γ) > 500 MeV

Q resolution ~6 MeV

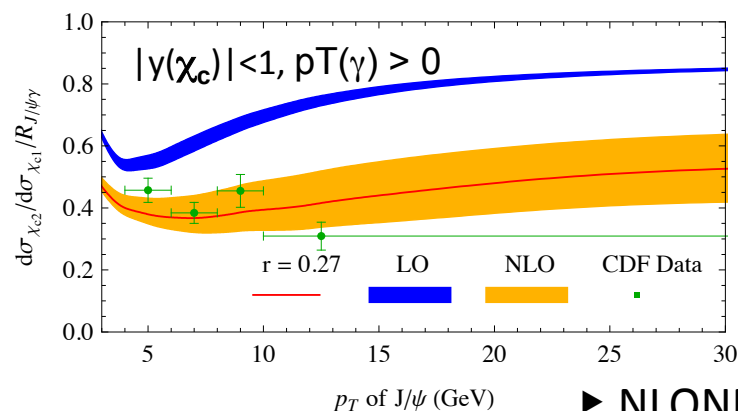


χ_{c2} / χ_{c1} ratio

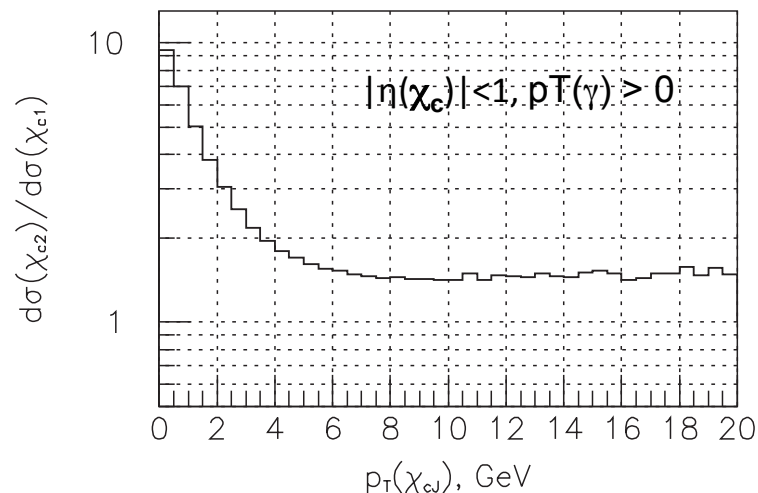


- Systematic errors from signal and bkg parameterization and efficiency corrections (calculated in the unpolarised case).
- Extreme polarisation scenarios can lead to variations up to 20%

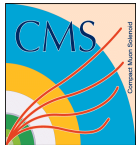
Predictions for Tevatron



► NLONRQCD
 Phys. Rev. D 83,
 111503(R) (2011)



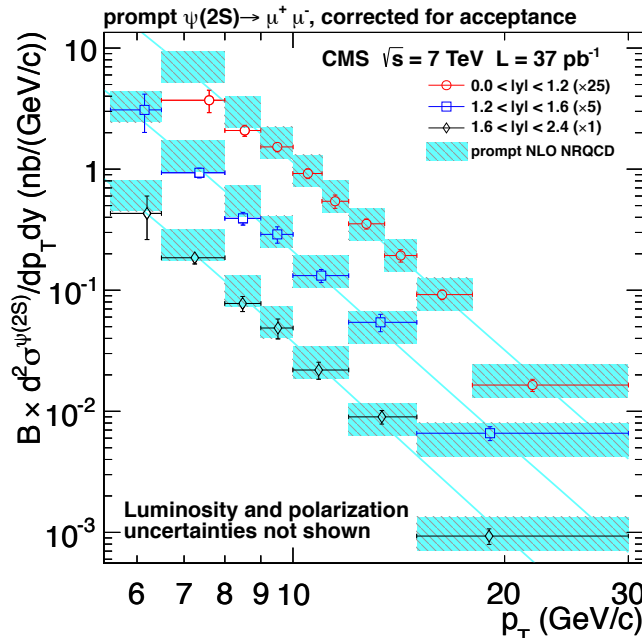
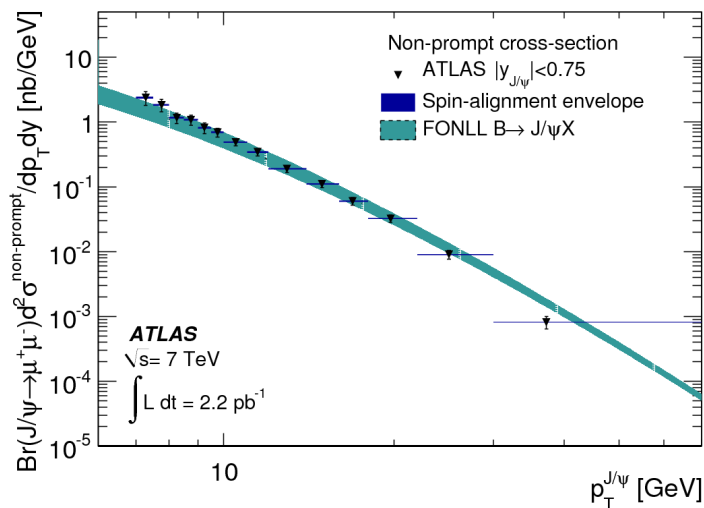
► K-t factorization
 Phys. Rev. D 83, 034035 (2011)



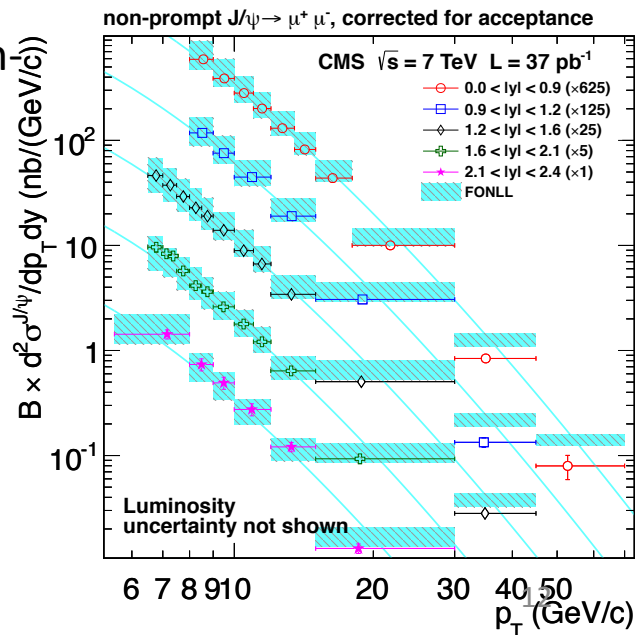
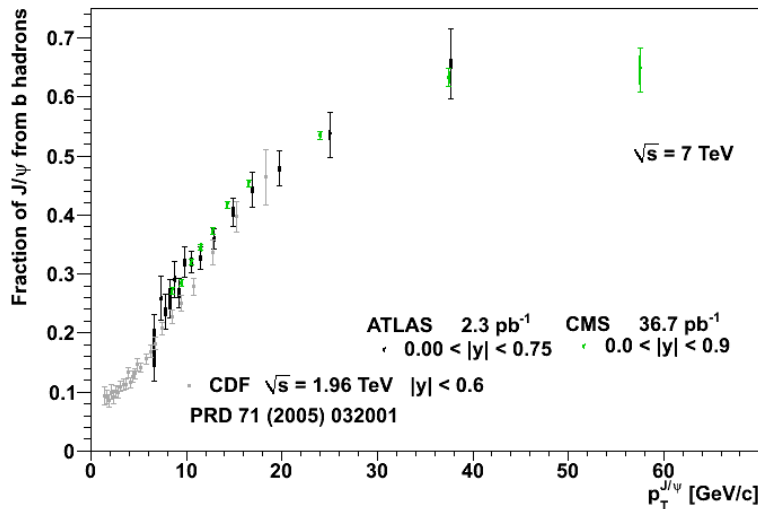
J/ψ, ψ'

JHEP 02 (2012) 011

Nucl.Phys. B850 (2011) 387-444



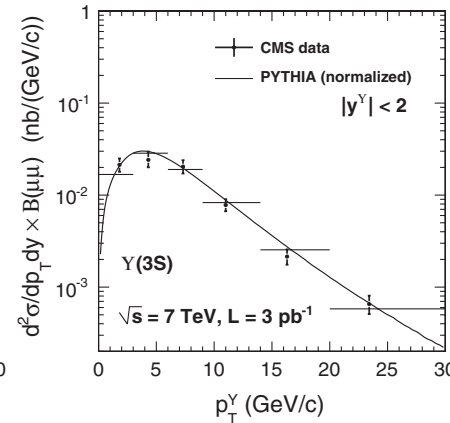
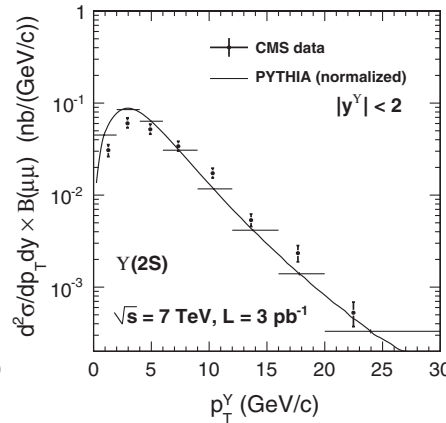
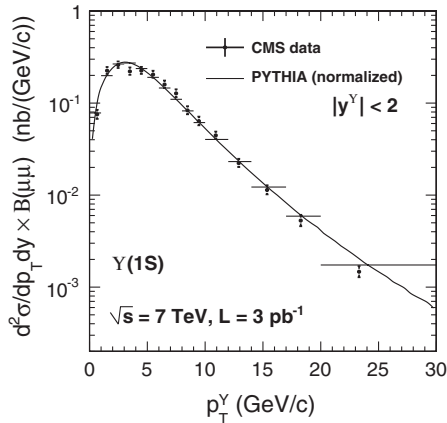
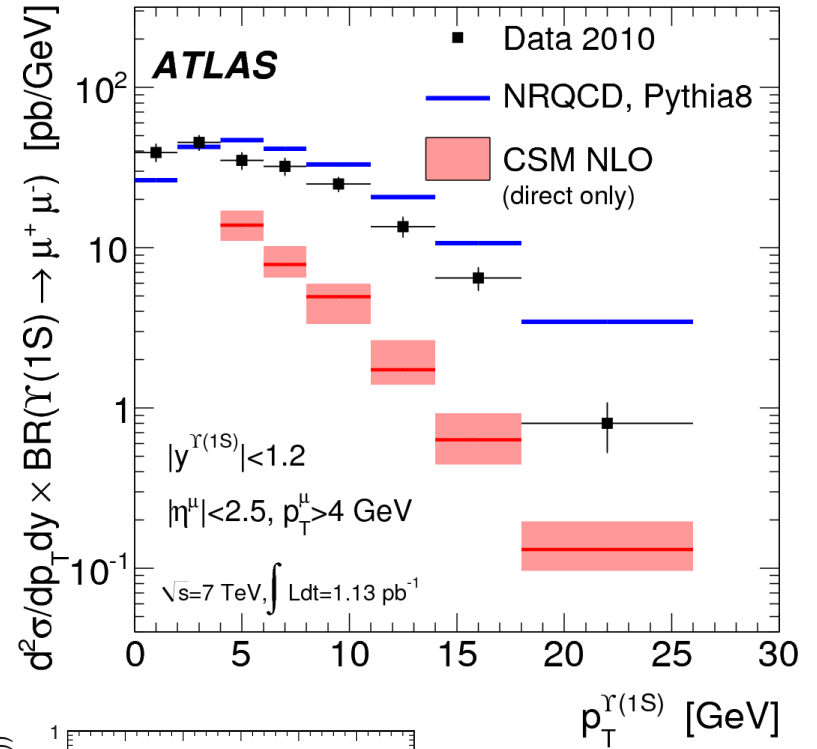
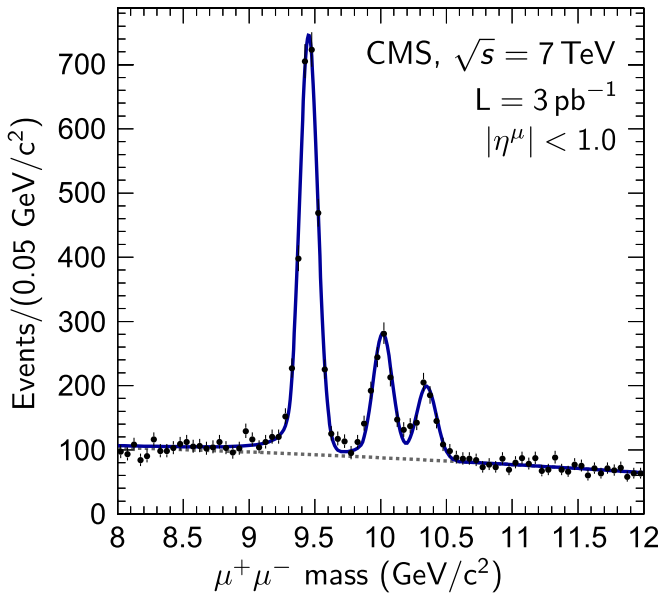
- ▶ Technique: 2D fits to mass and lifetime, per event ϵ corrections.
- ▶ Good agreement with NLO NRQCD (prompt) and FONLL (non-prompt)





Y

Phys. Rev. D 83, 112004 (2011)
Phys. Lett. B 705 (2011) 9-27



► The shape of $d\sigma/dp_T$ is well reproduced but absolute values overestimated by a factor 2 in NRQCD



Exclusive Production cross sections



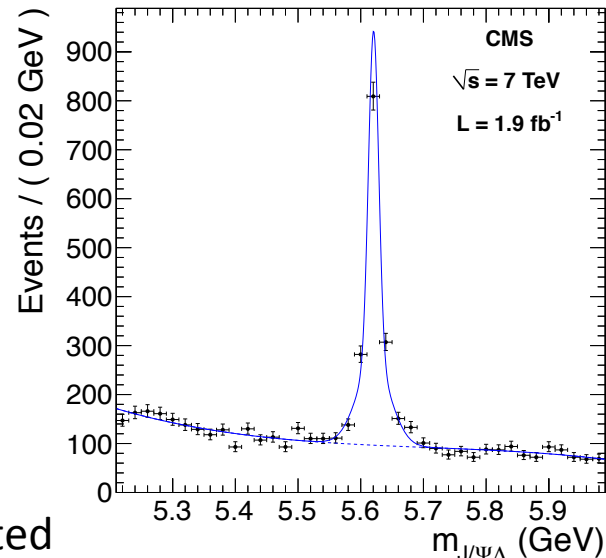
Measurement of the Λ_b differential cross section

arXiv:1205.5955, submitted to PLB

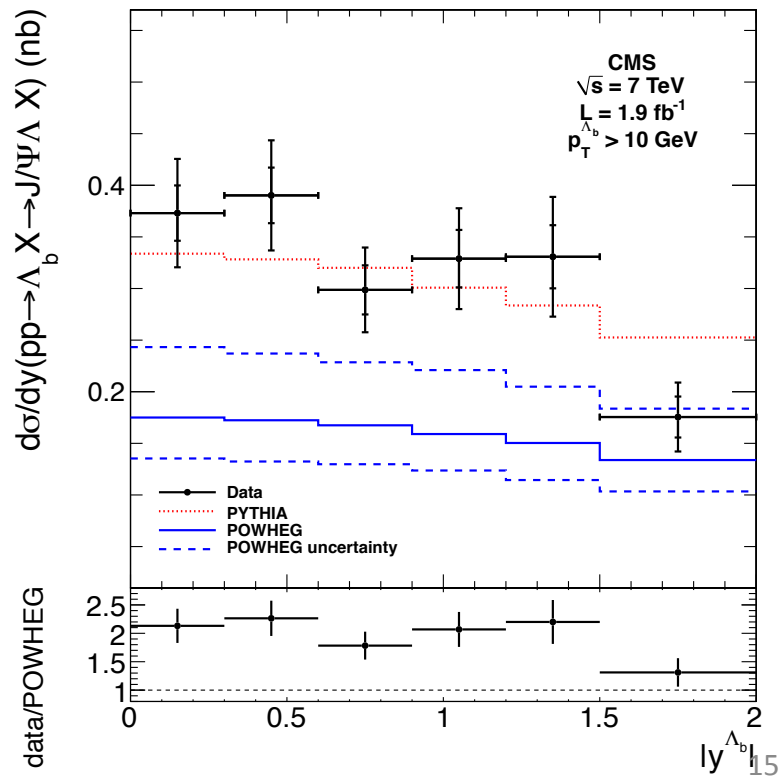
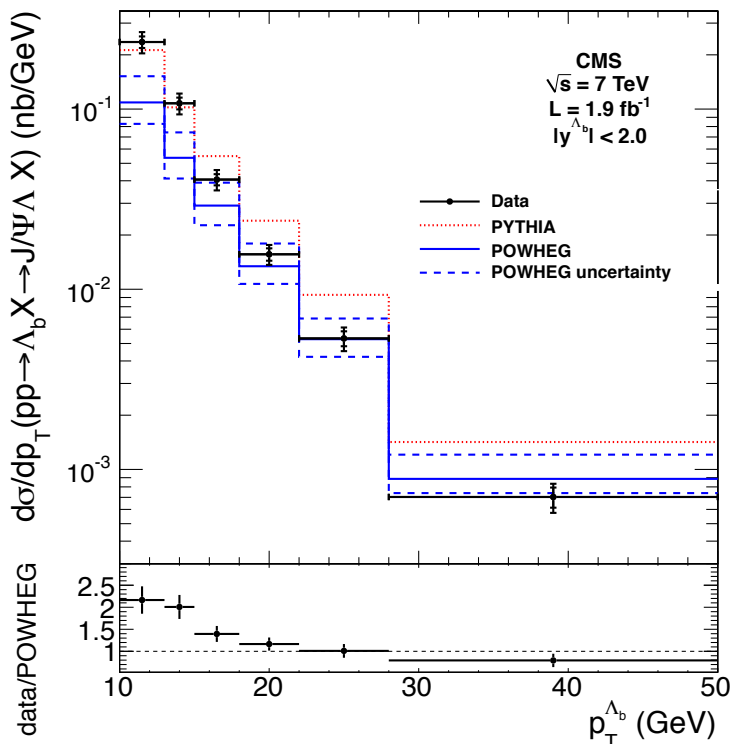
$$\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu p \pi^-$$

Displaced J/psi trigger

$$\frac{d\sigma(pp \rightarrow \Lambda_b X)}{dp_T^{\Lambda_b}} \times \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda) = \frac{n_{\text{sig}}}{2 \cdot \epsilon \cdot \mathcal{B} \cdot \mathcal{L} \cdot \Delta p_T^{\Lambda_b}}$$

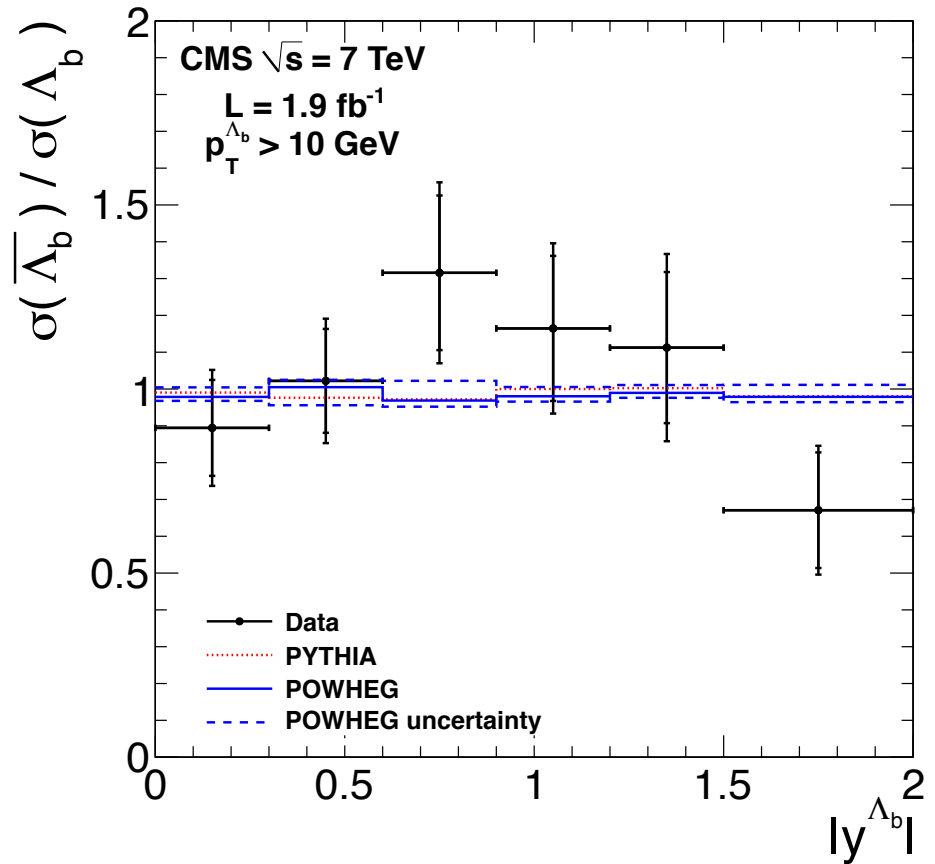
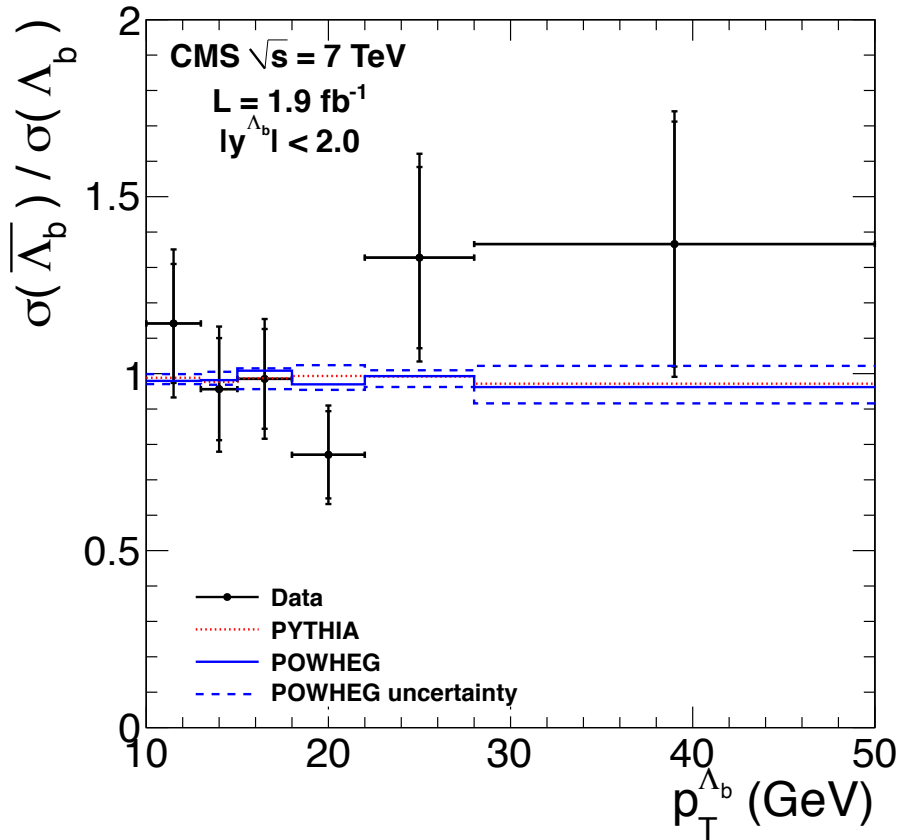


Measured p_T spectrum seems to fall more steeply than predicted





Λ_b - asymmetries



► The measured asymmetry is consistent with unity and constant with p_T and y



Measurement of $D^{*\pm}$ meson production in jets

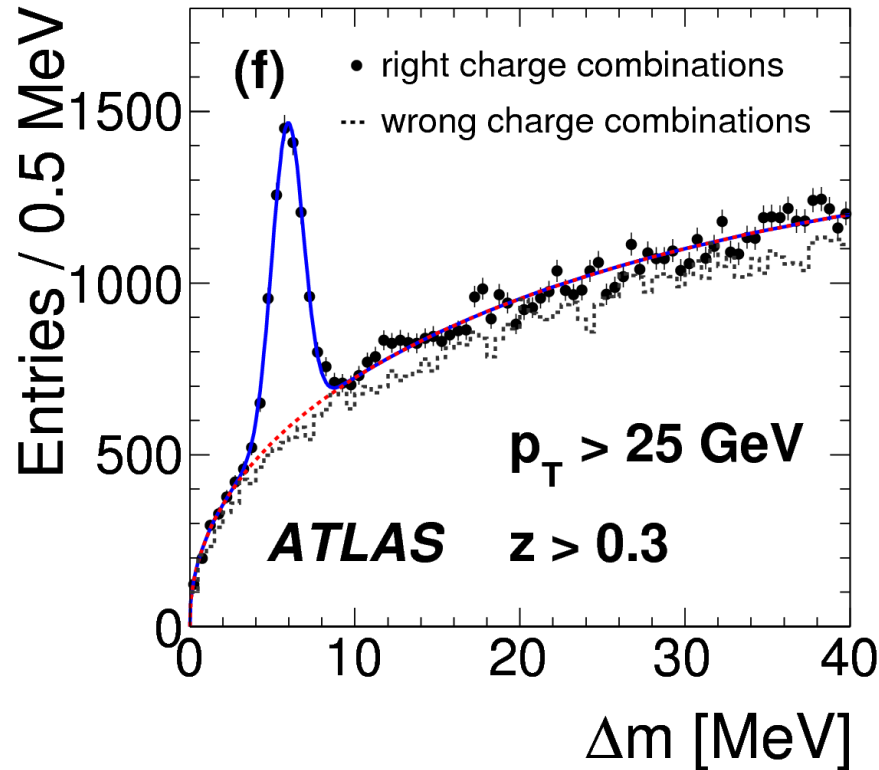
Phys. Rev. D 85, 052005 (2012)

$$D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+, D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$$

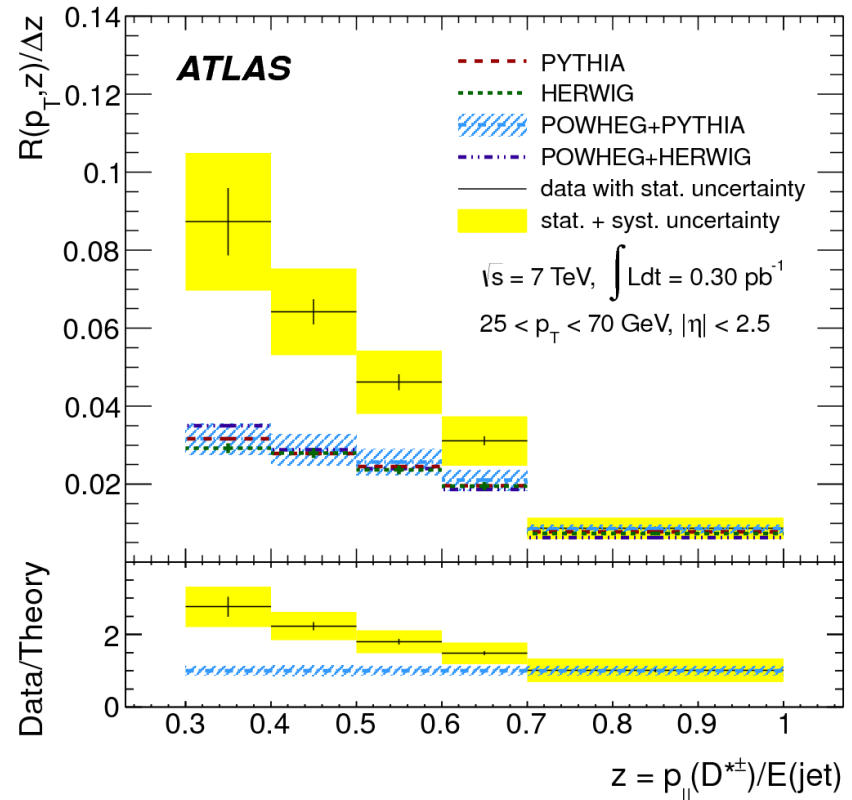
$$\mathcal{R}(p_T, z) = \frac{N_{D^{*\pm}}(p_T, z)}{N_{\text{jet}}(p_T)},$$

$$z = p_{\parallel}(D^{*\pm})/E(\text{jet})$$

$$\mathcal{R} = 0.025 \pm 0.001(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.004(\text{syst.})$$

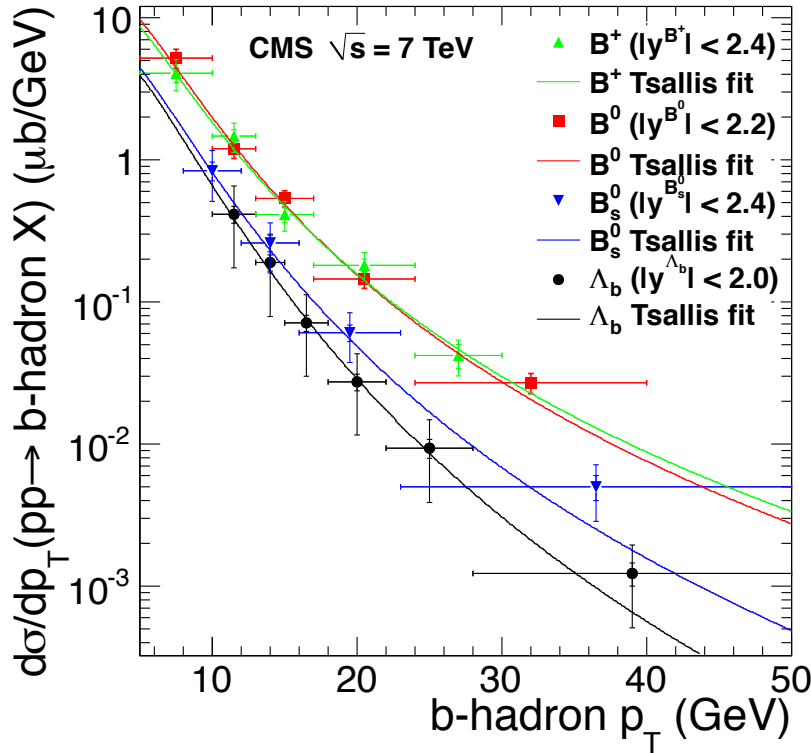


Sizeable discrepancies with all the models considered are found



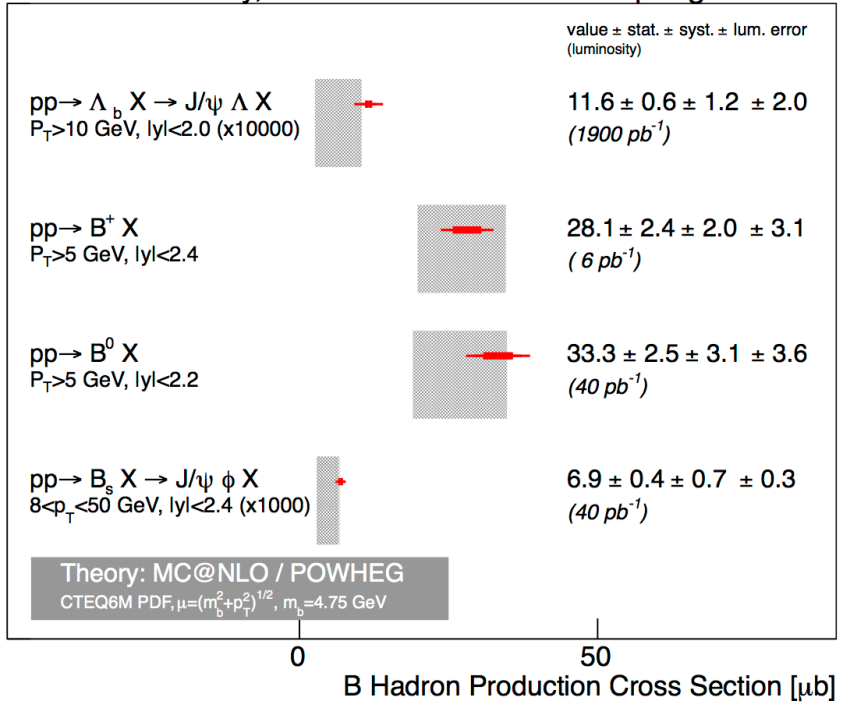


Summary of exclusive



CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

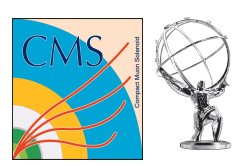
Spring 2012



- ▶ Recently measured Λ_b spectrum found to fall faster than B meson spectra and predictions
- ▶ D^* predictions lower by a factor 2 or 3 at low z and p_T

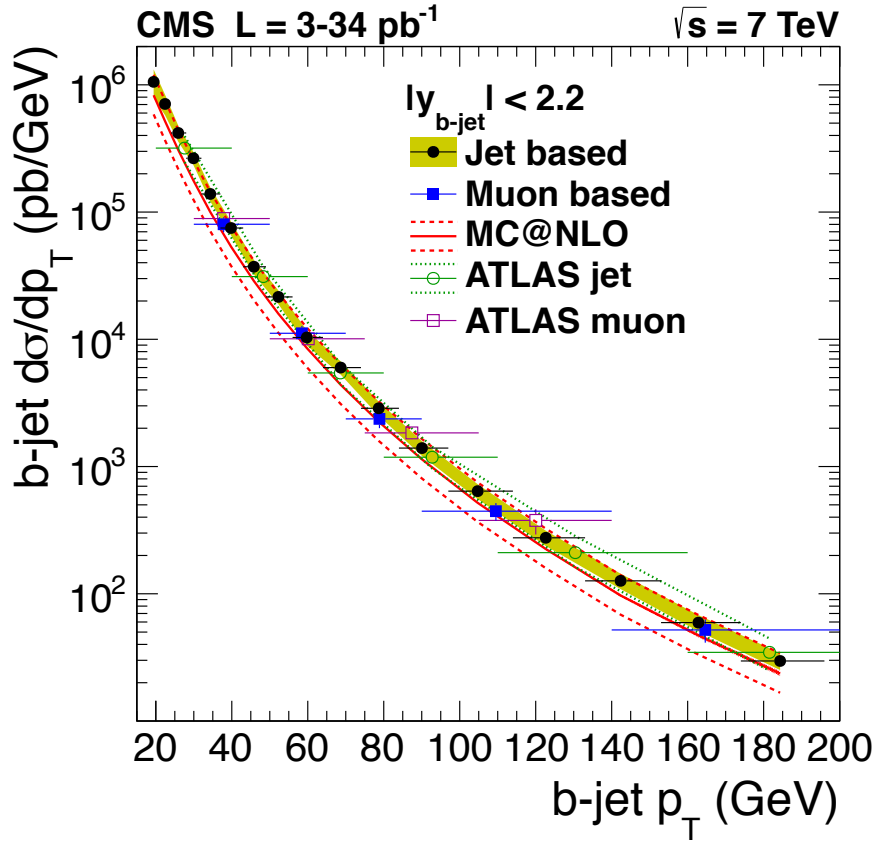


Inclusive b production

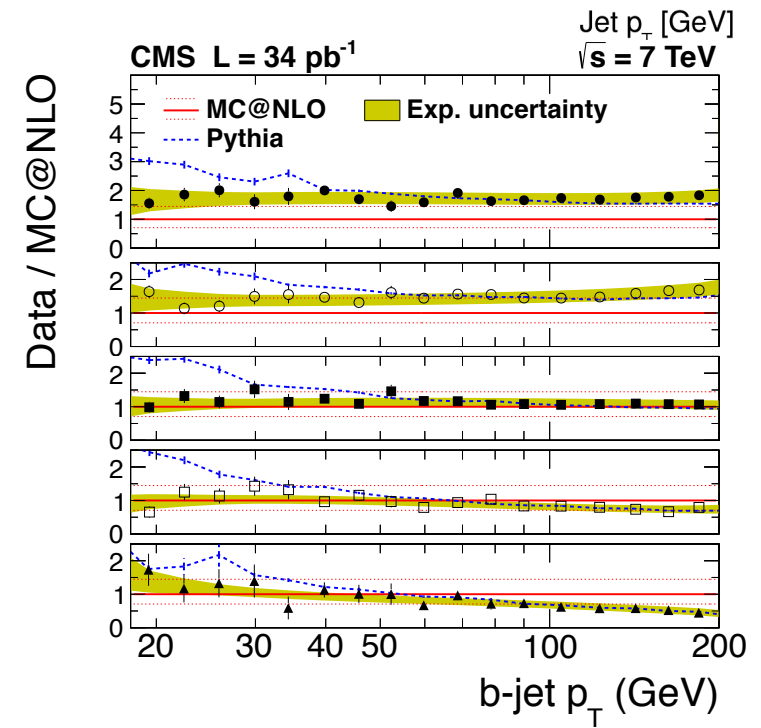
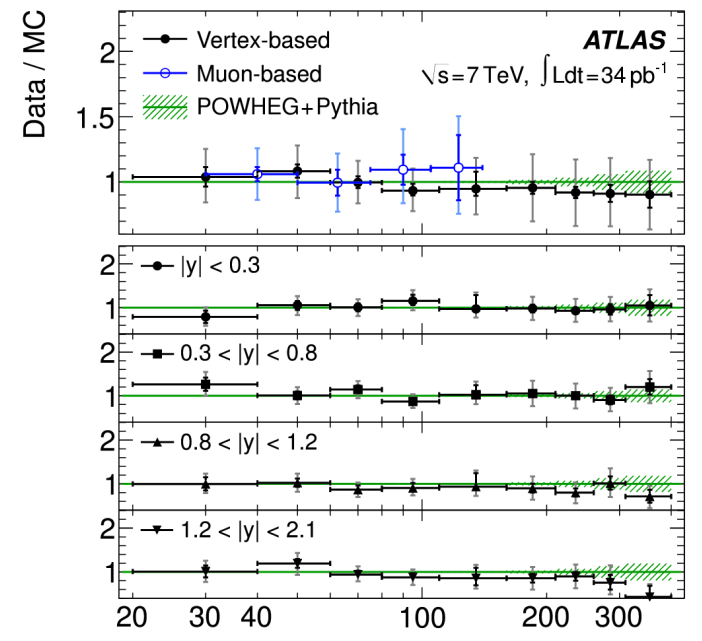


Inclusive b-jet production

Eur.Phys.J.C 71 (2011) 1846
arXiv: 1202.4617

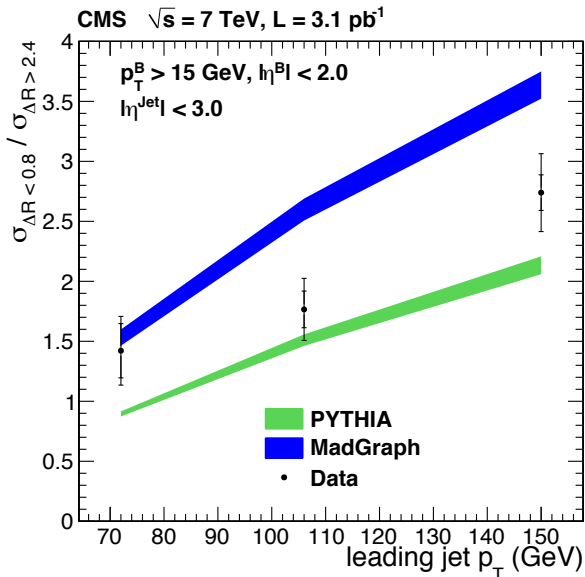
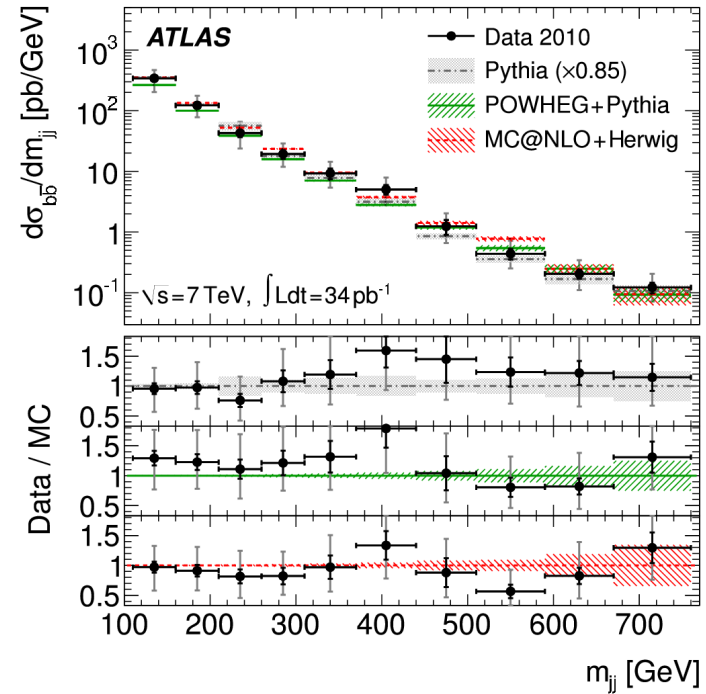
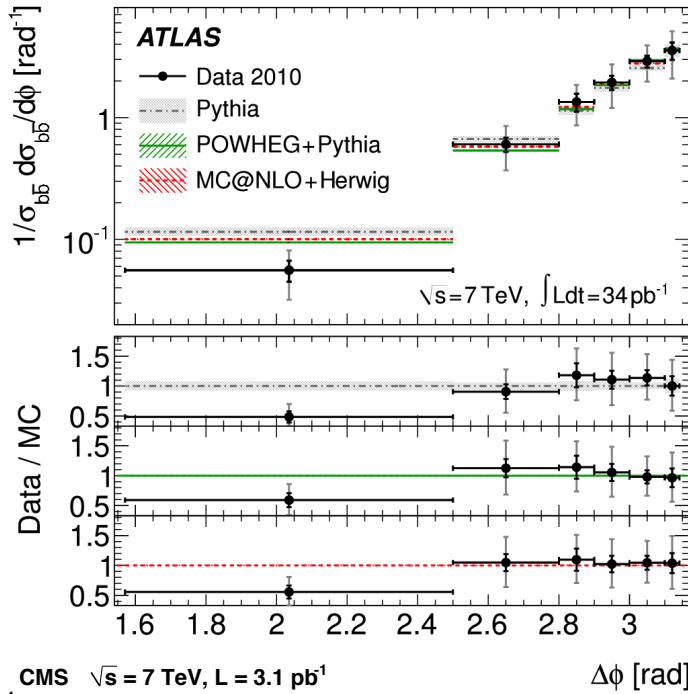


Atlas and CMS presented compatible $d\sigma/dp_T$ measurements in good agreement with models





Inclusive b-jet production



JHEP03(2011)136

Good agreement CMS/ATLAS
 Good agreement with theory
 except for small $\Delta\Phi$.
 Angular correlations not
 explained by models



Conclusions

- ▶ ATLAS and CMS are providing high-quality heavy flavour results
- ▶ Several analyses on 2011 data in the works.
- ▶ Terse message from this talk:
 - New states : $\chi_b(3P)$ and Ξ_b^*
 - New measurements : Λ_b cross sections and χ_c ratio
 - Open Beauty measurements well described by theory
except: angular correlations, small $\Delta\Phi$
 - Open Charm not so well understood

More Info:

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/BPhysPublicResults>

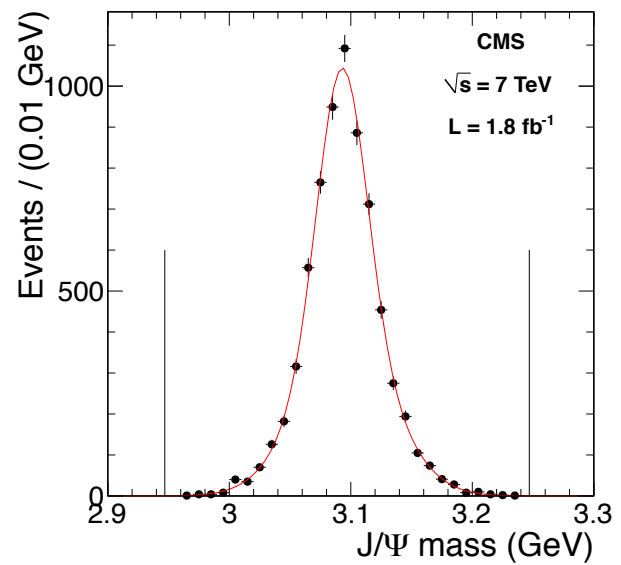
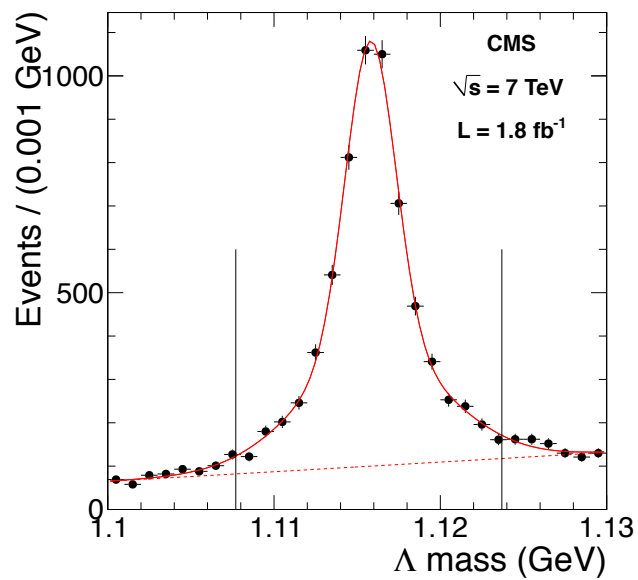
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsBPH>



BACKUPS

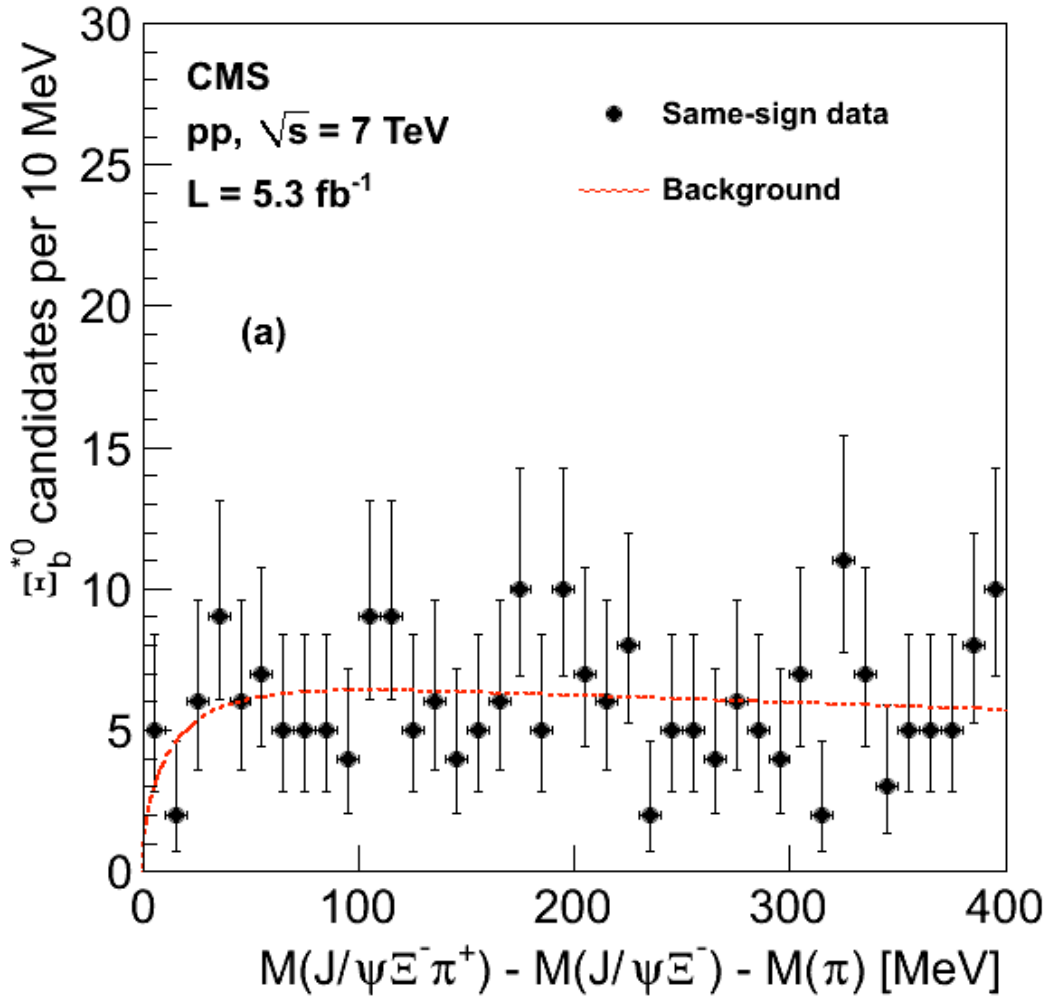


Λ_b





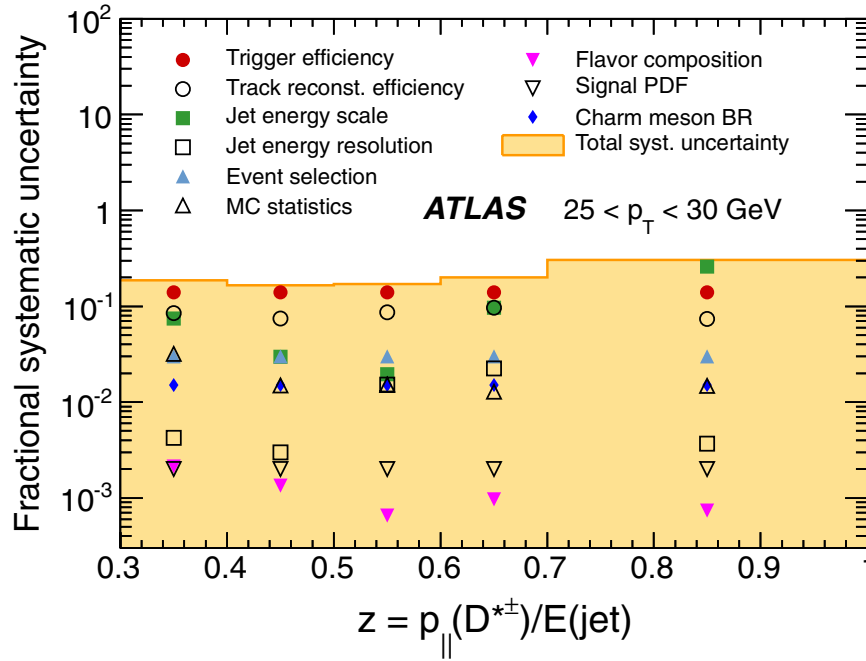
Ξ_b^{*0}



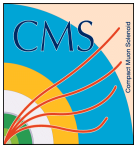
same sign Ξ_b^{*0} π ν



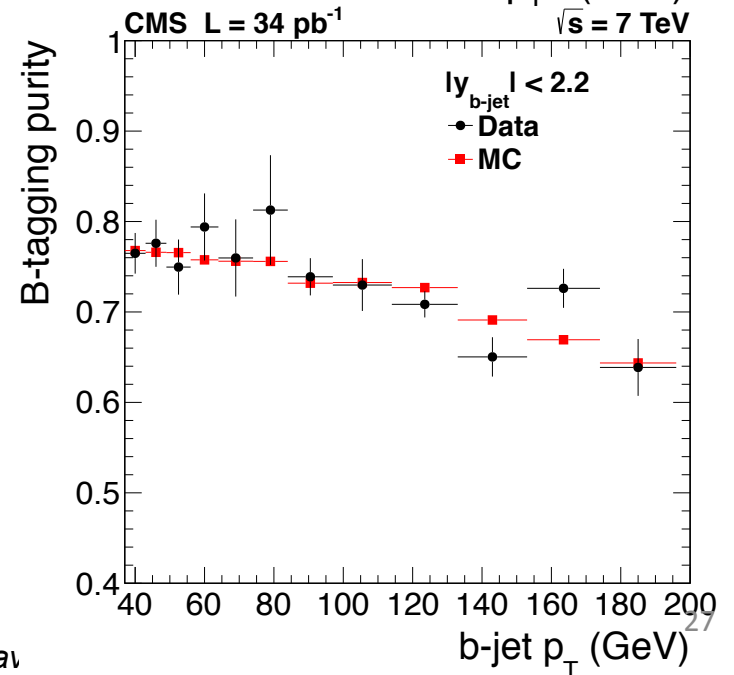
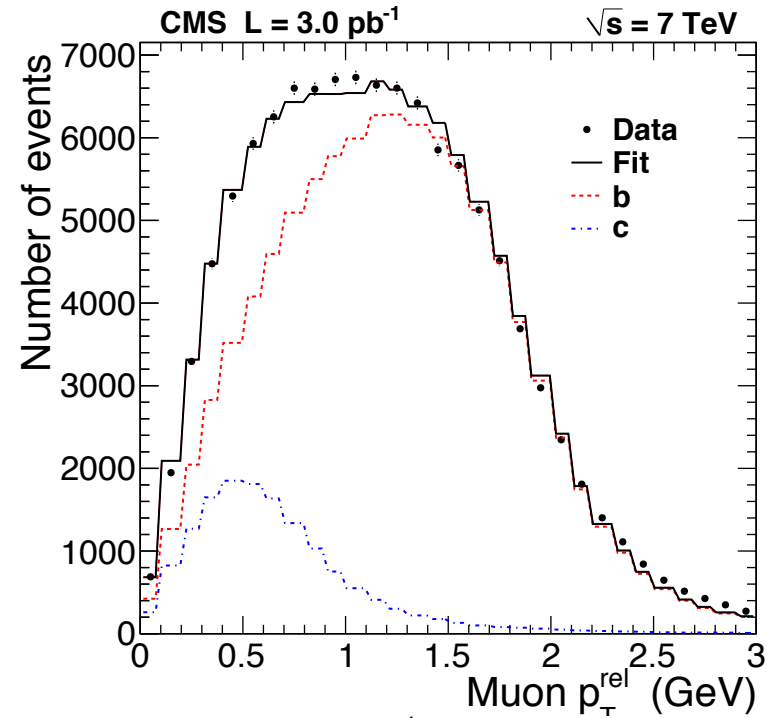
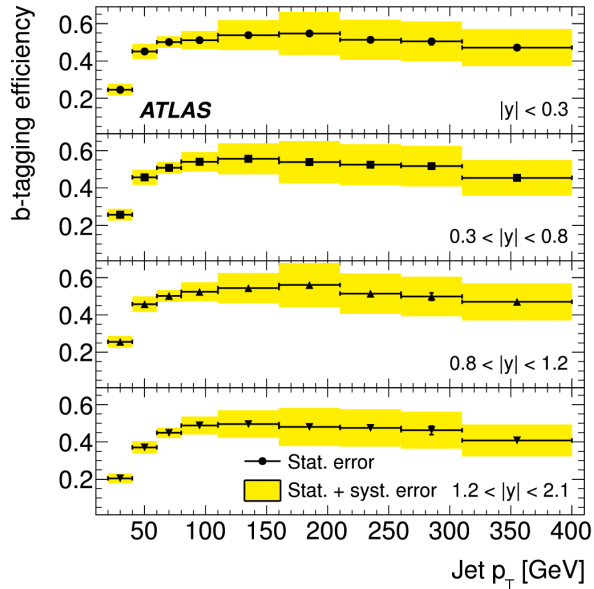
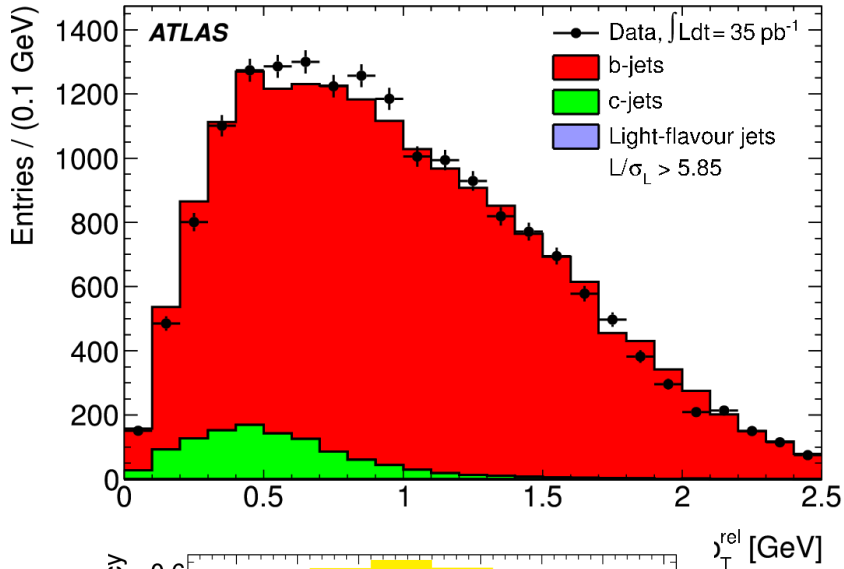
D^{0*}



Systematic uncertainties

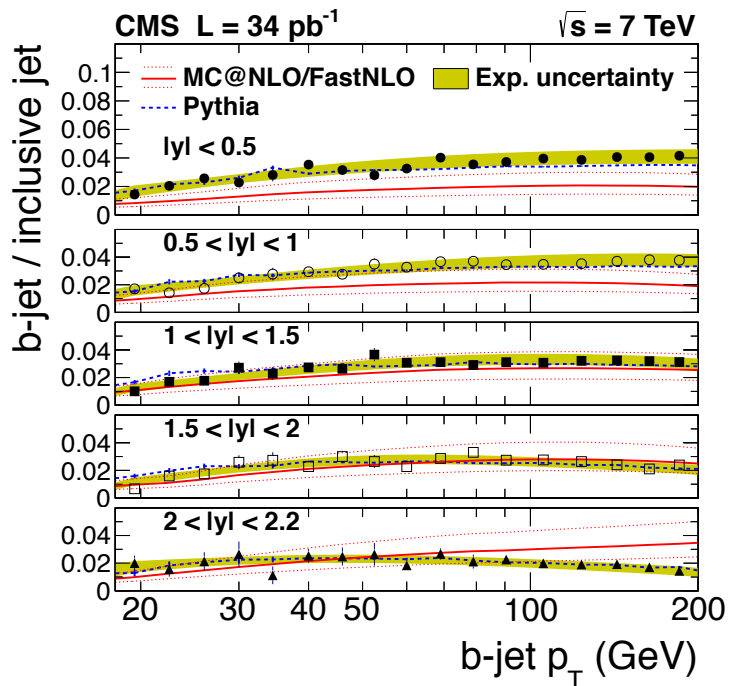
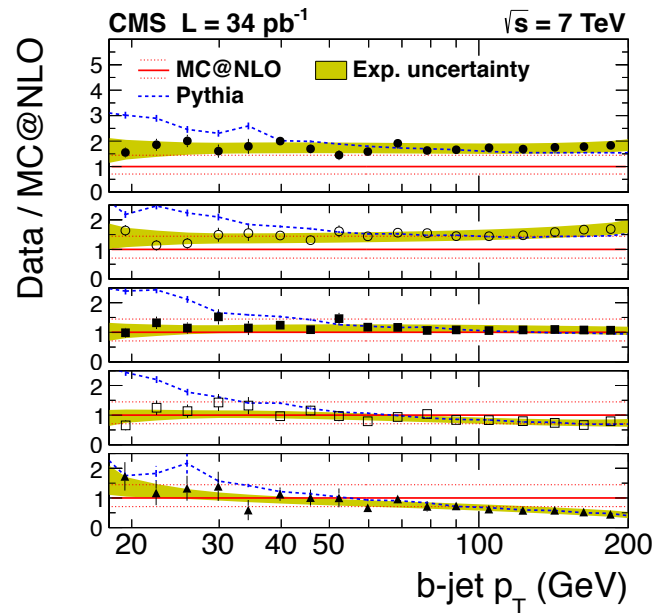
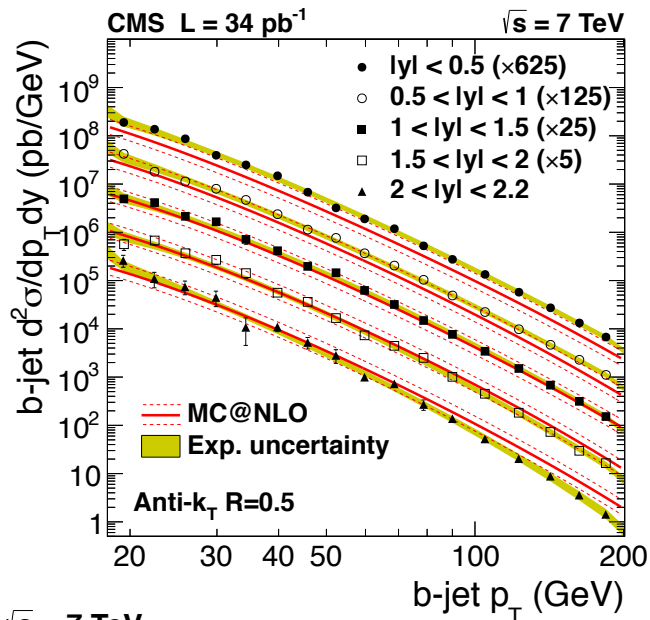


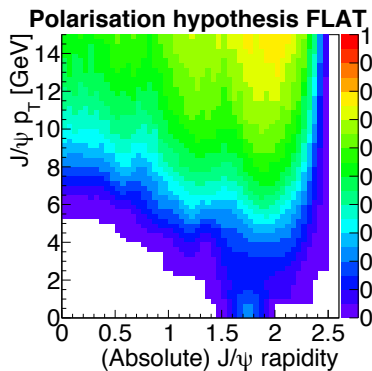
b-tag



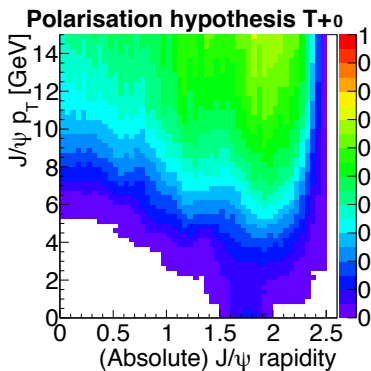


Inclusive B

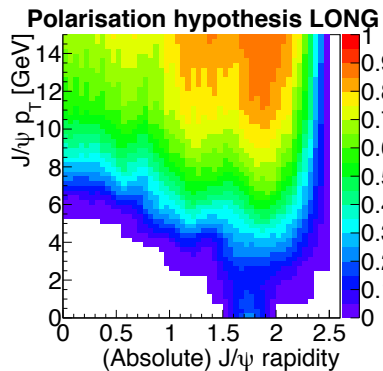




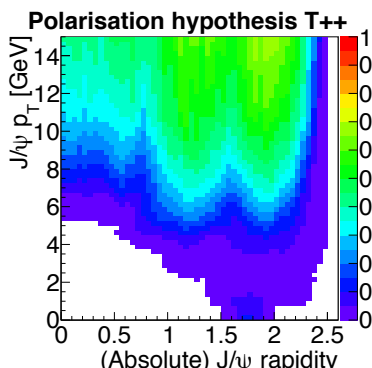
(a) $\lambda_\theta = \lambda_\phi = \lambda_{\theta\phi} = 0$



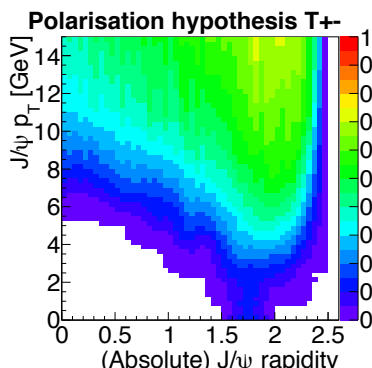
(b) $\lambda_\theta = +1, \lambda_\phi = \lambda_{\theta\phi} = 0$



(c) $\lambda_\theta = -1, \lambda_\phi = \lambda_{\theta\phi} = 0$



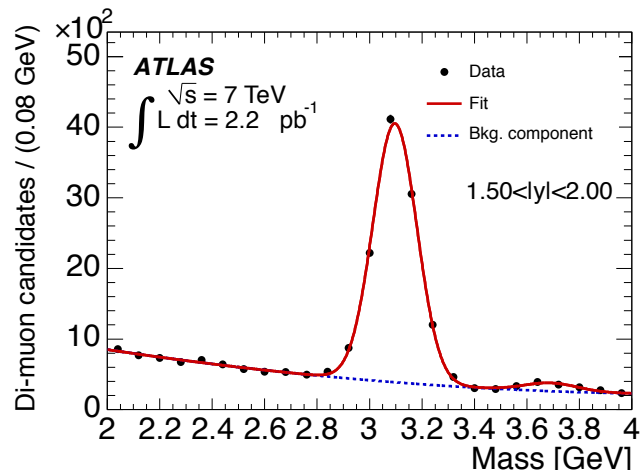
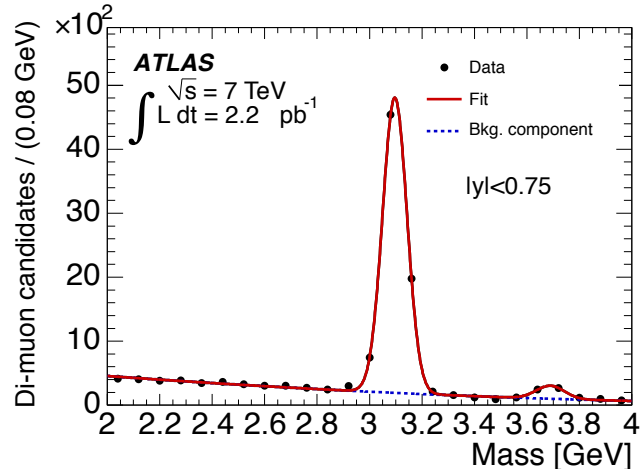
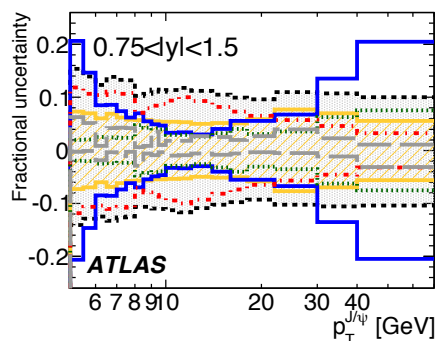
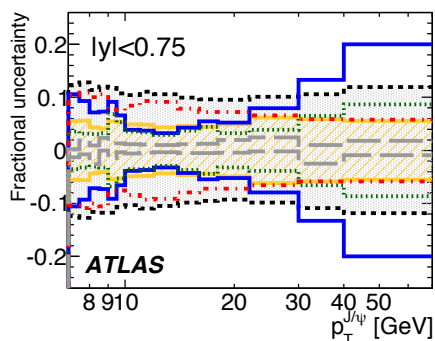
(d) $\lambda_\theta = +1, \lambda_\phi = +1, \lambda_{\theta\phi} = 0$



(e) $\lambda_\theta = +1, \lambda_\phi = -1, \lambda_{\theta\phi} = 0$

----- Total systematic uncertainty
 ———— Statistical uncertainty

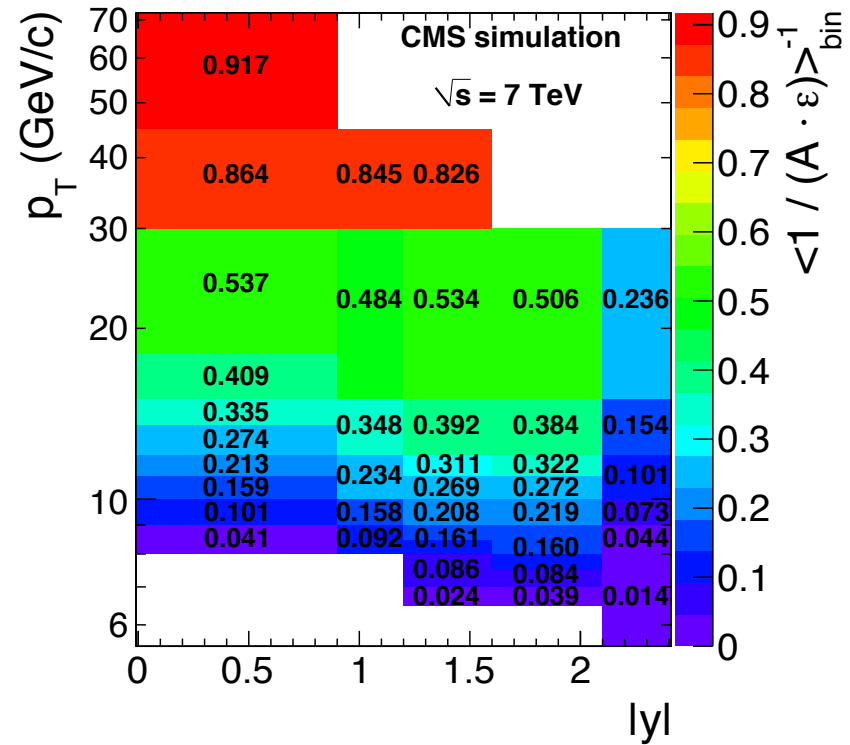
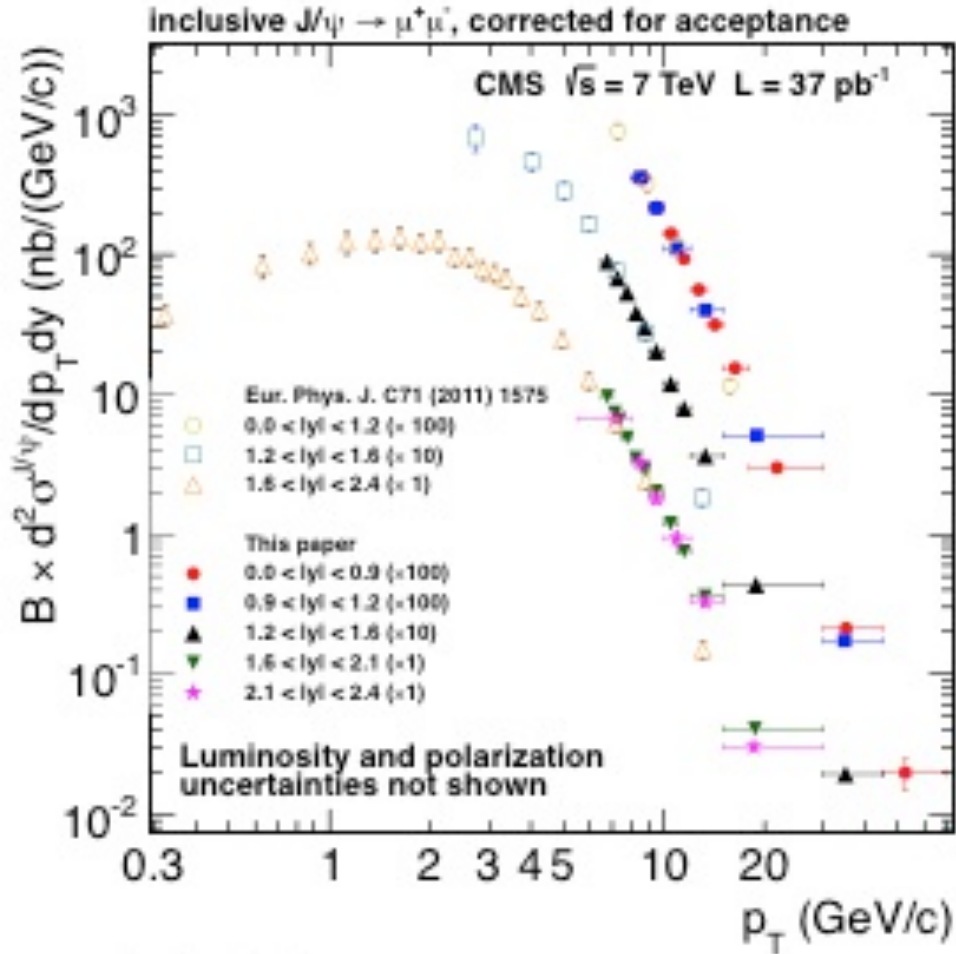
..... Muon reconstruction
 Acceptance
 Trigger
 ———— Fit uncertainty

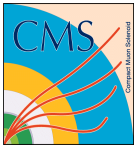


ATLAS J/ψ

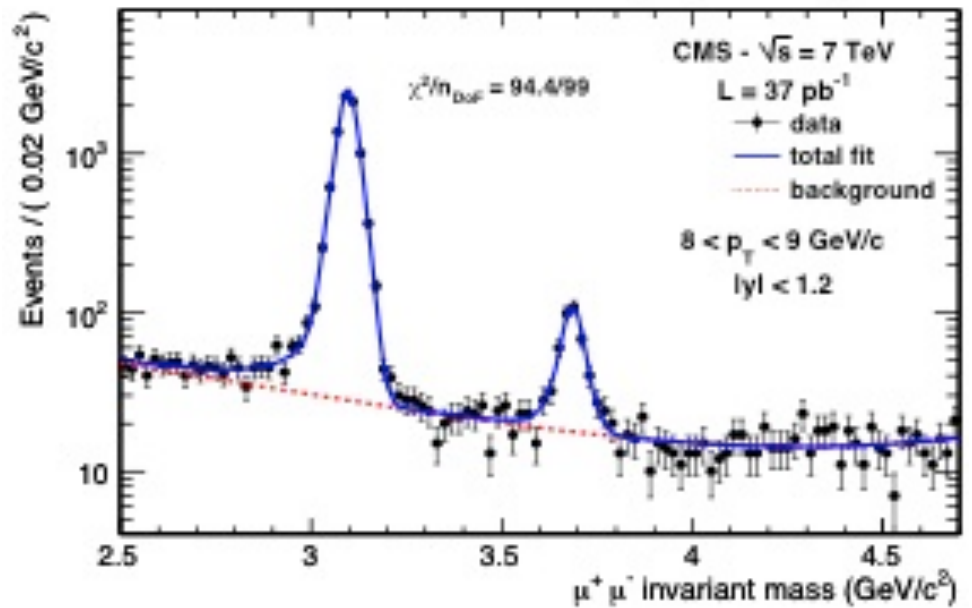
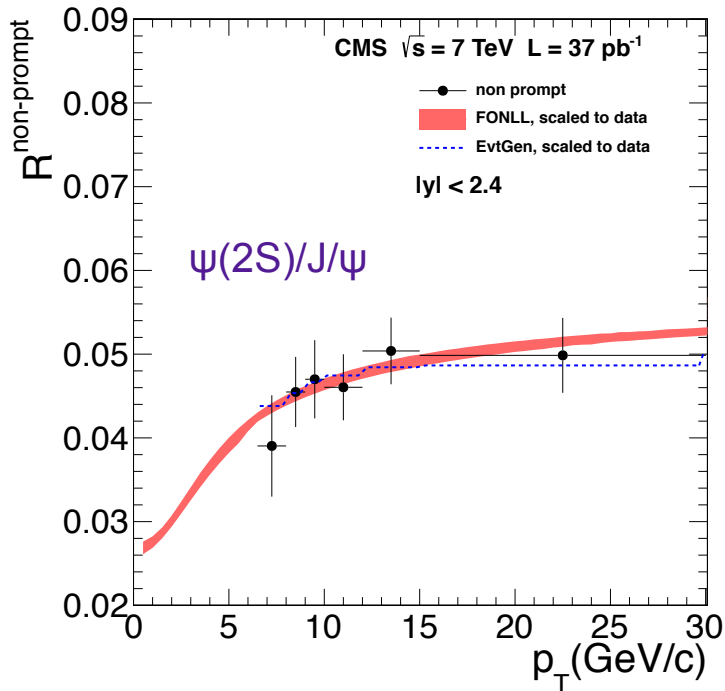
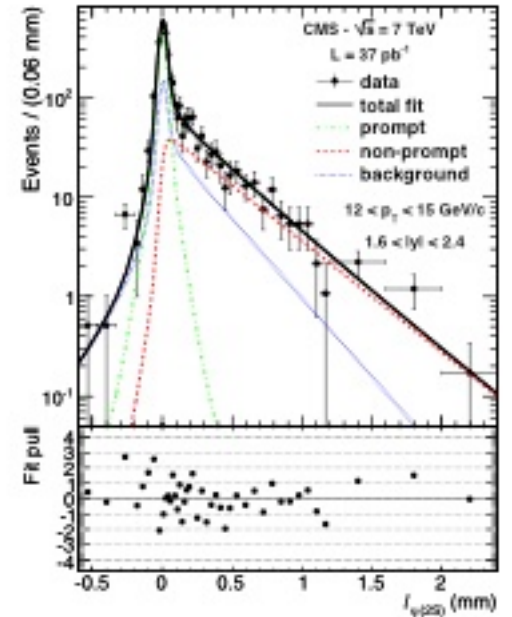
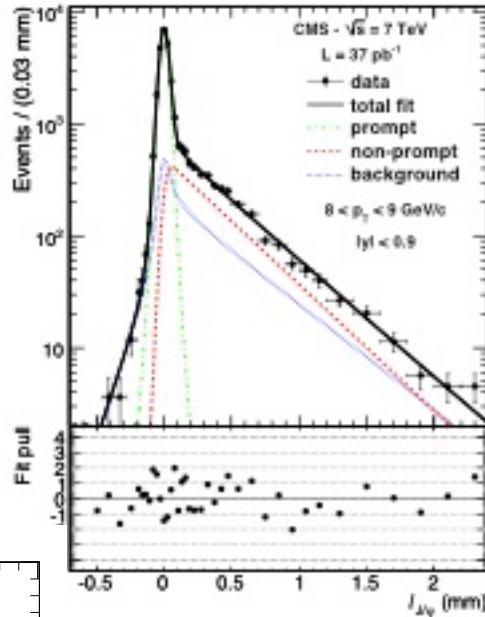


J/ψ, ψ'





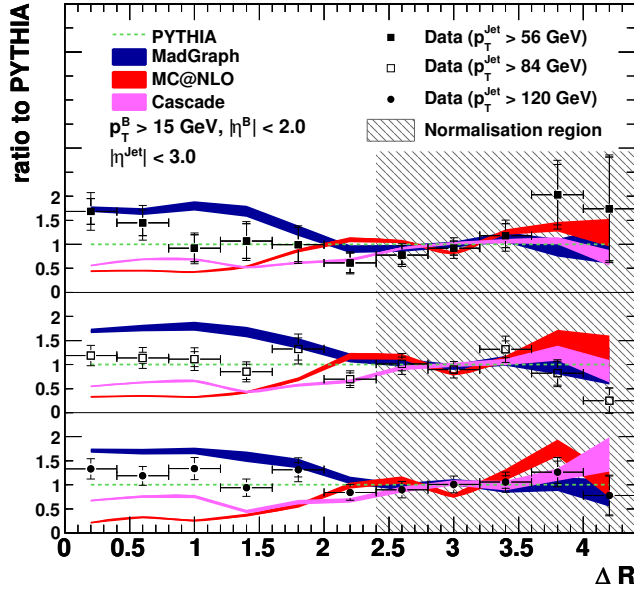
J/ψ, ψ'



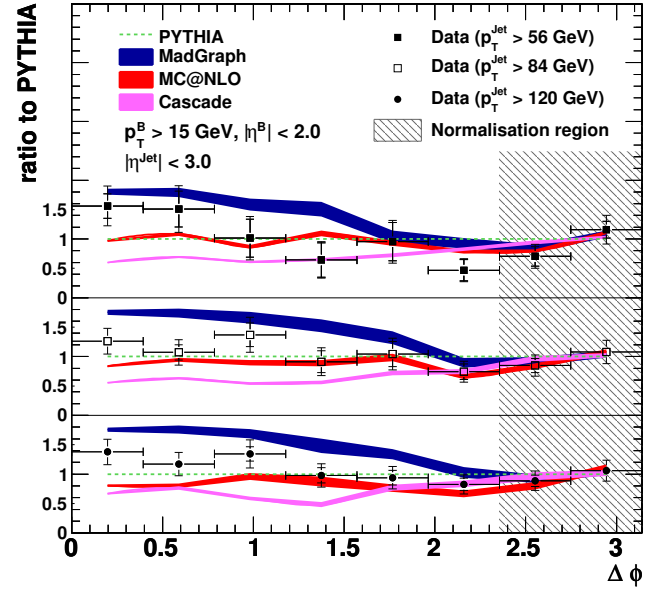


BB angular correlations

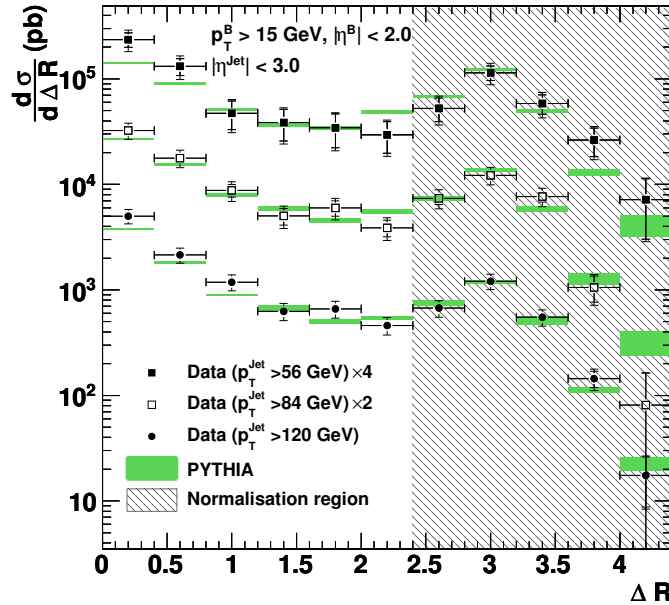
CMS $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}, L = 3.1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



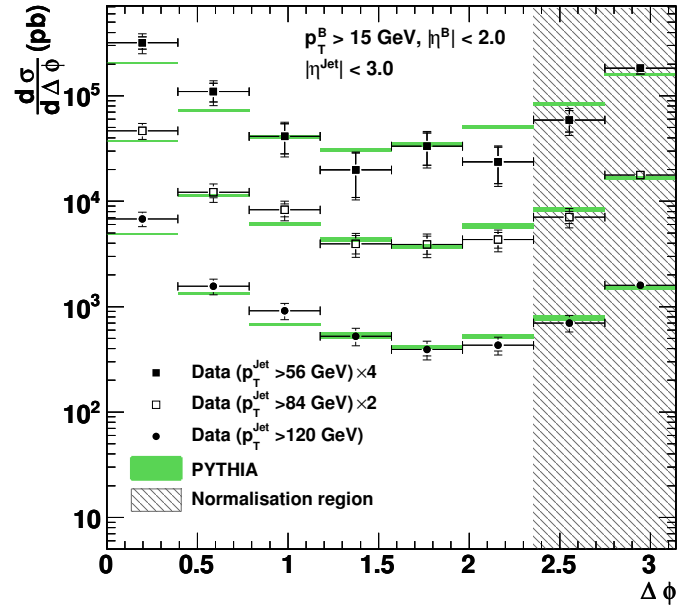
CMS $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}, L = 3.1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



CMS $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}, L = 3.1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

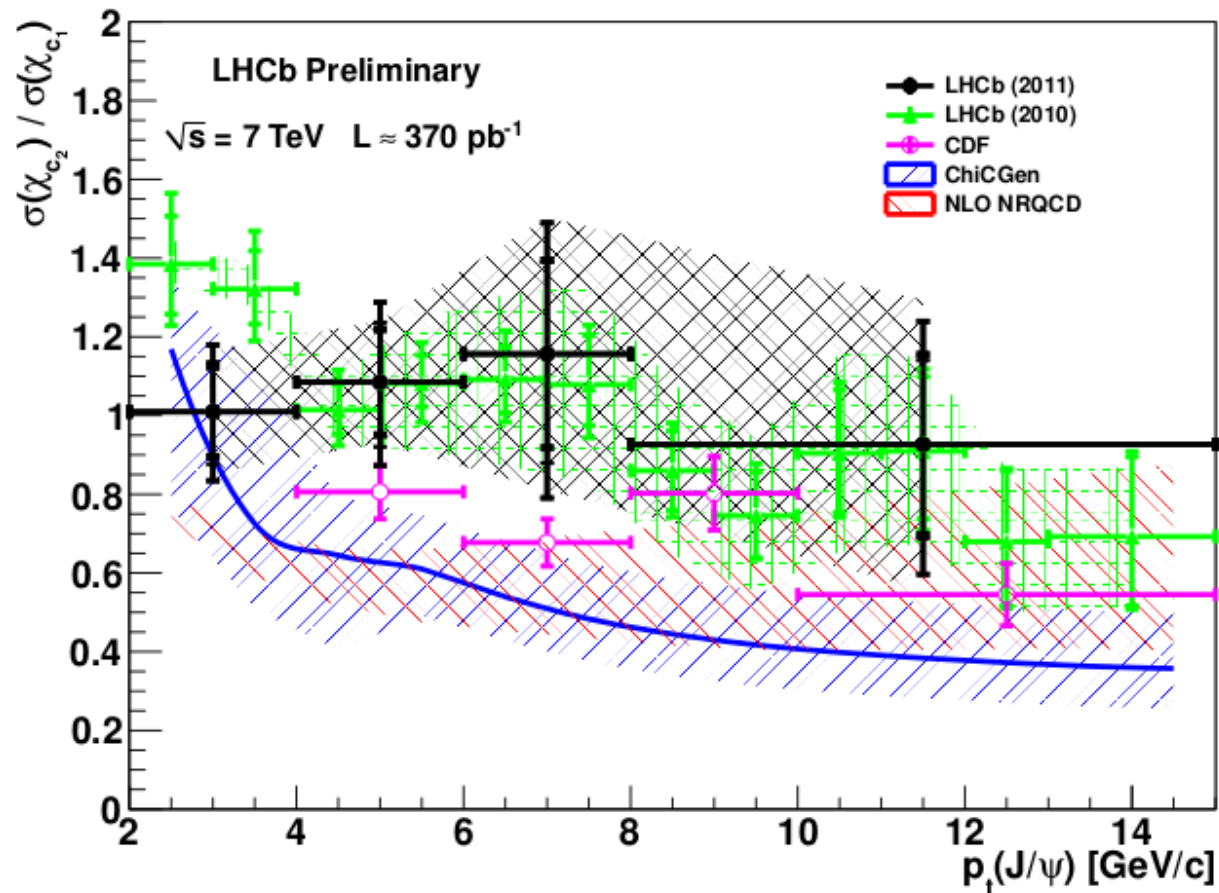


CMS $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}, L = 3.1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$





χ_{c2} / χ_{c1}



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