

Heavy Flavour Production and Spectroscopy at LHCb

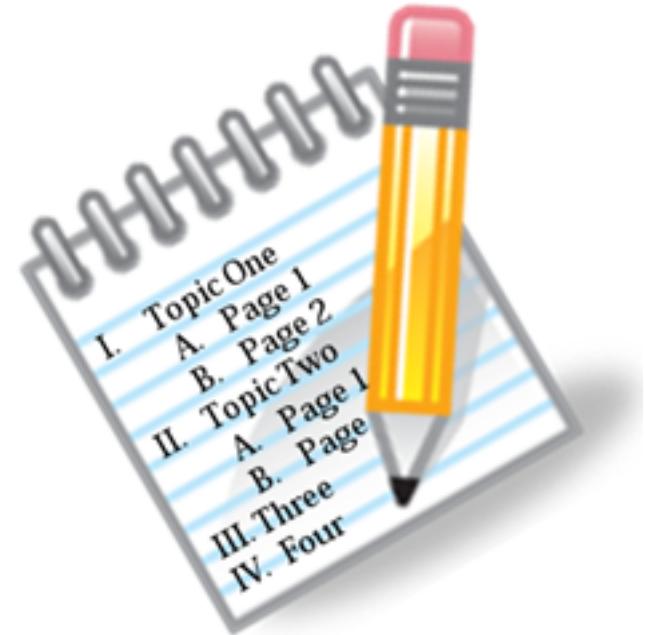
Giulia Manca
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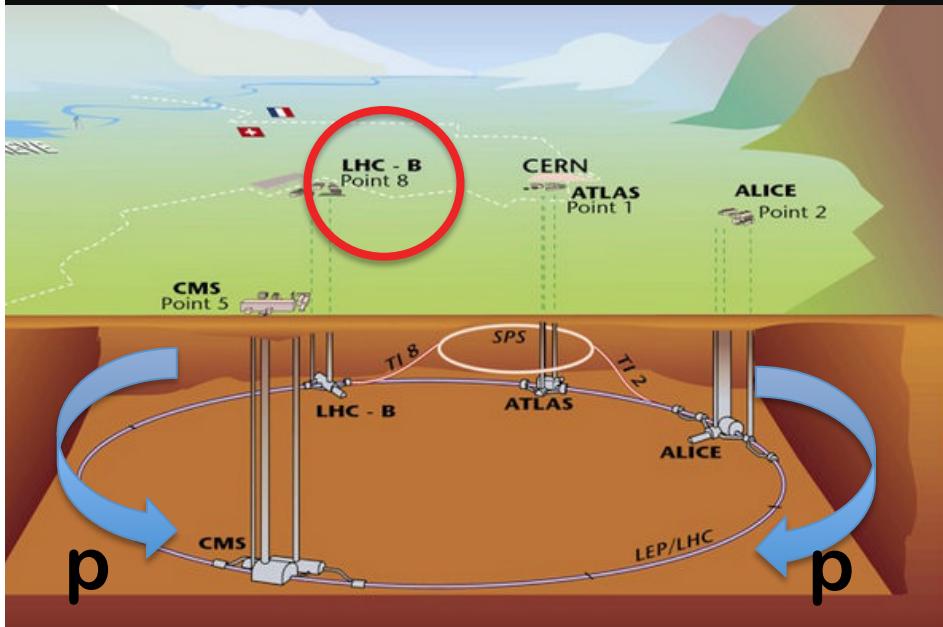
Rencontres de Blois, Blois (FR), 30th May 2012

Outline

- The LHCb Detector
- Theory and motivation
- Selected results
 - B hadrons
 - Quarkonium
 - Exotic spectroscopy
- Conclusions and outlook



LHC and LHCb



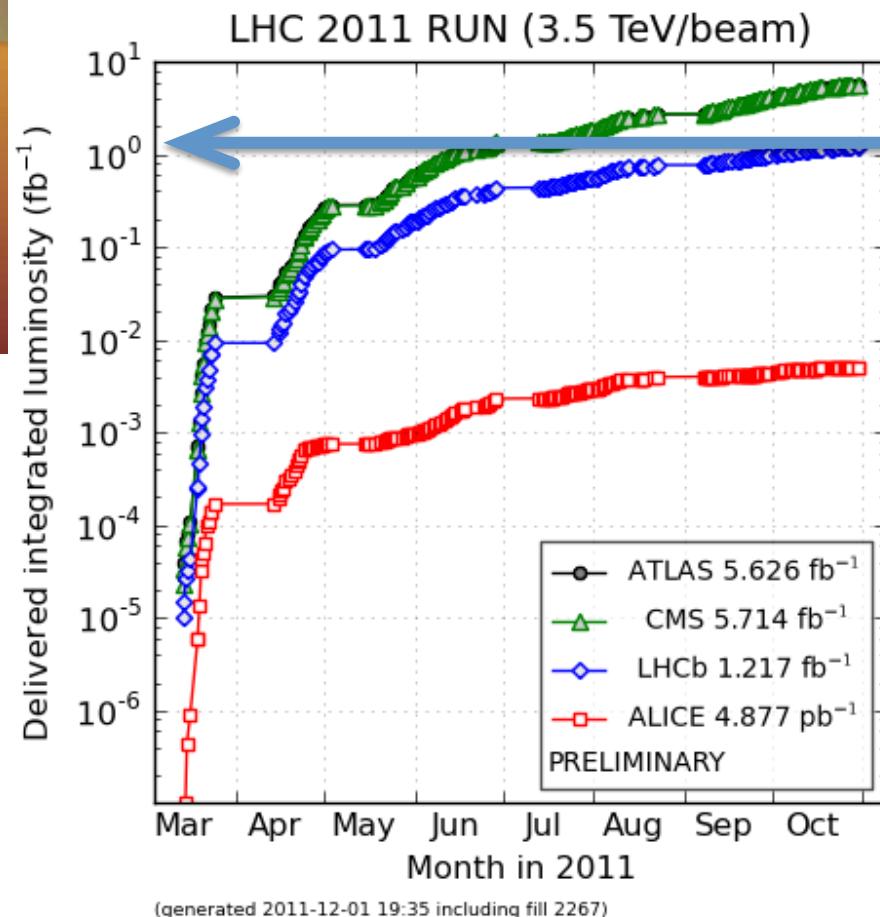
pp collider : NOW (2012) :

- @ $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$
- Goal: 1.5 fb^{-1}

Uncertainty on Luminosity in these analyses : 3.5%
([J. Instrum. 7 \(2012\) P01010](#))

pp collider : 2010-2011:

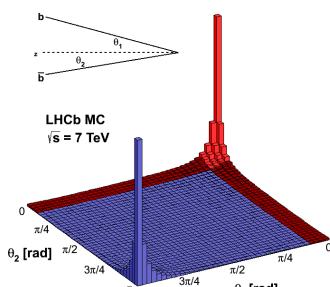
- @ $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$
- $L = 40 \text{ pb}^{-1} - 1.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



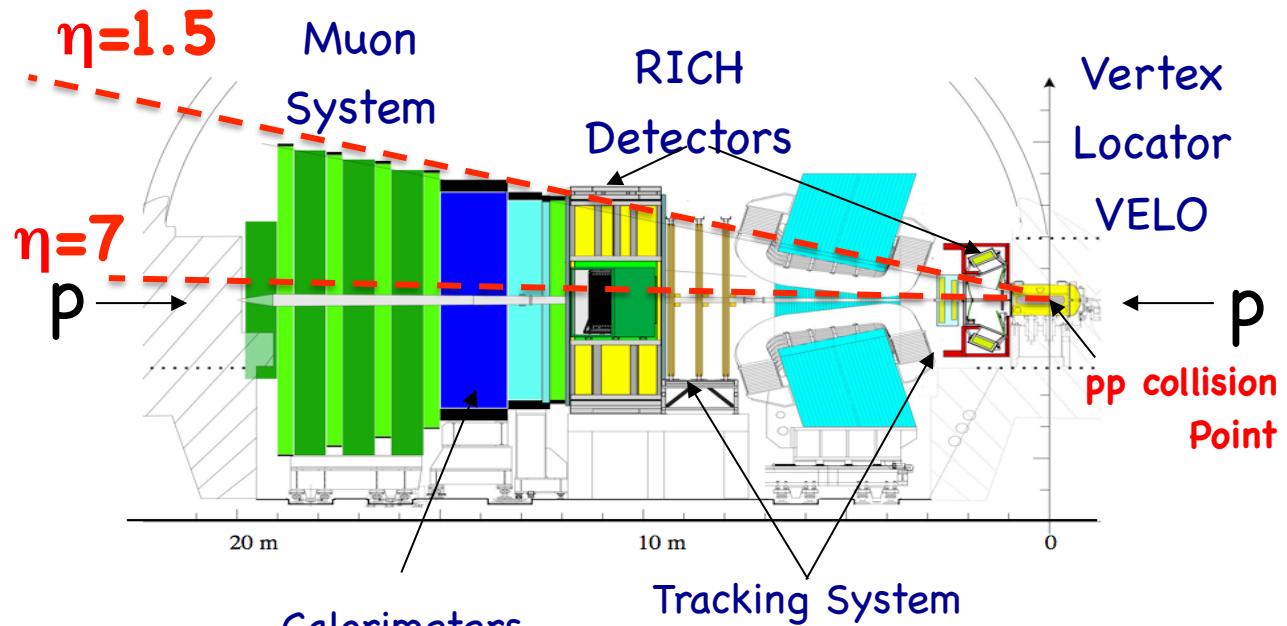
The LHCb detector

JINST 3 (2008) S08005

Angular acceptance :
 $10 < \theta < 300$ mrad



$\sigma_{bb} = 0.3$ mb,
25% in acceptance



Trigger : three levels, first hardware, two software

- Performance numbers relevant to these analyses:
 - Charged tracks $\Delta p/p = 0.35\% - 0.55\%$, $\sigma(m) = 10-25$ MeV/c²
 - ECAL $\sigma(E)/E = 10\% (E/\text{GeV})^{-1/2} \oplus 1\%$
 - Muon ID: $\epsilon(\mu \rightarrow \mu) = 97\%$, mis-ID rate ($\pi \rightarrow \mu$) = 1-3 %
 - Vertexing: proper time resolution 30-50 fs

possibility
to reverse
field
polarity to
check for
detector

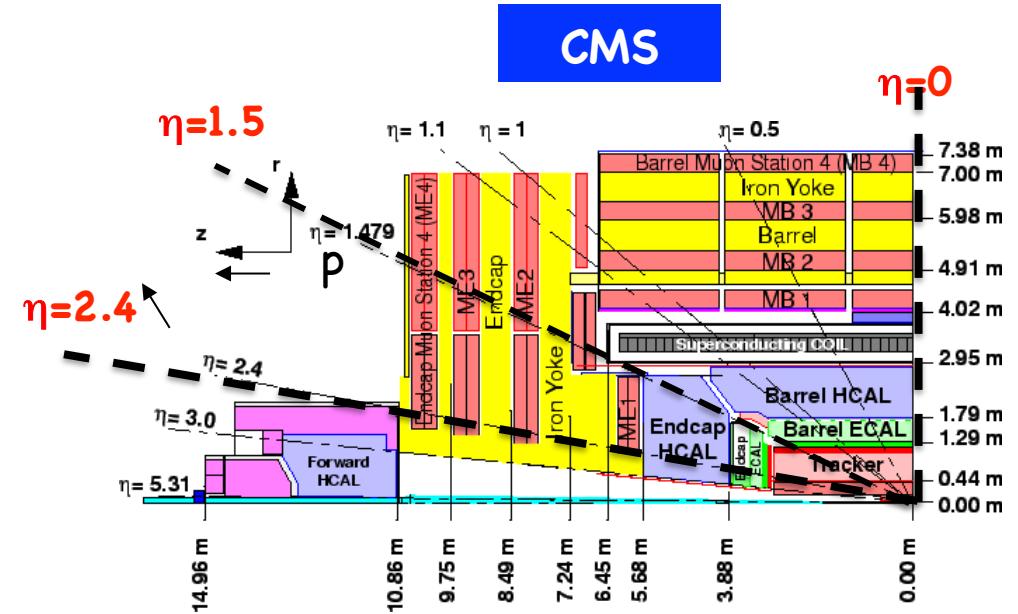
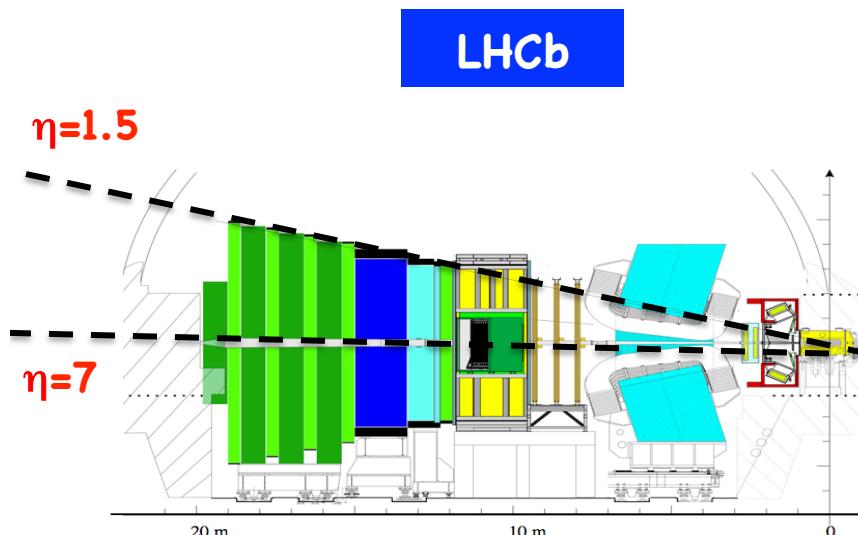
Heavy Flavour Physics at LHCb

→ Heavy flavour rates high at LHCb

$$\sigma(c\bar{c})_{2 < y < 6} = 1742 \pm 267 \mu b \quad (\text{LHCb-CONF-2010-013})$$

$$\sigma(b\bar{b})_{2 < y < 6} = 75.3 \pm 5.4 \pm 13.0 \mu b \quad (\text{Phys.Lett.B 694 (2010), 209})$$

- Quarkonium and B-hadrons production processes are powerful tests of perturbative and non-perturbative QCD models, exotic spectroscopy sheds light on underlying model
- Due to the unique coverage of LHCb, results are complementary to Atlas and CMS and essential for a uniform picture

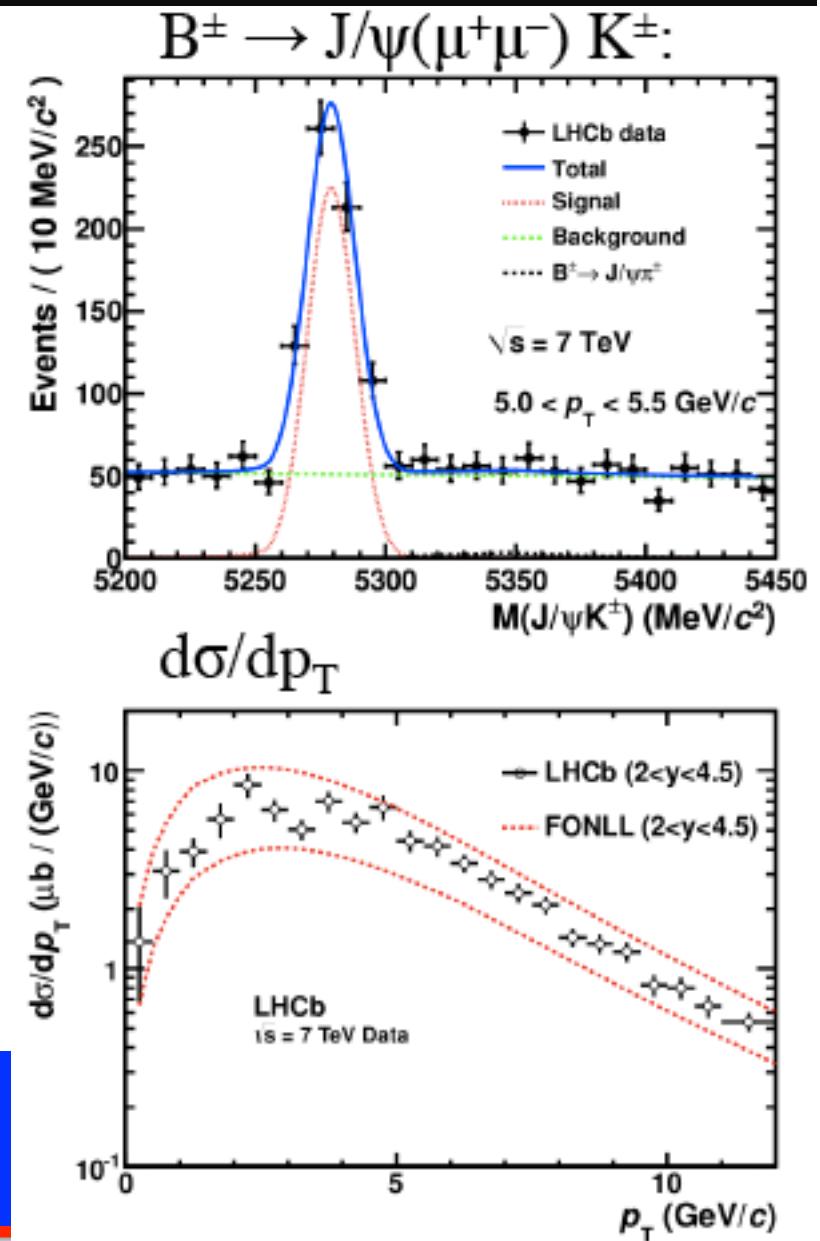


B hadrons

B^\pm production

- First B^\pm production tests QCD@NLO
- Cross section measurement:
 - 35 pb⁻¹ data → ~9k B^\pm signal events
 - $\sigma(pp \rightarrow B^\pm X)$ and $d\sigma/dp_T$ in range $2 < y < 4.5$ and $0 < p_T < 15$ GeV/c
 - Main systematics: tracking (4%) and muon ID (2.5%) efficiencies
- Compared to FONLL prediction
 (Fixed Order plus Next-to-Leading Logarithms,
 M.Cacciari et. al., JHEP 05 (1998) 007)
 - Assumed $f_{b \rightarrow B^\pm} = 40.1 \pm 1.3\%$ (PDG)
 - Uncertainties: b mass, CTEQ6.6, scales.
- $\sigma(B^\pm, 2.0 < y < 4.5, p_T < 15 \text{ GeV}/c) = 41.4 \pm 1.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 3.1_{\text{syst}} \mu b$

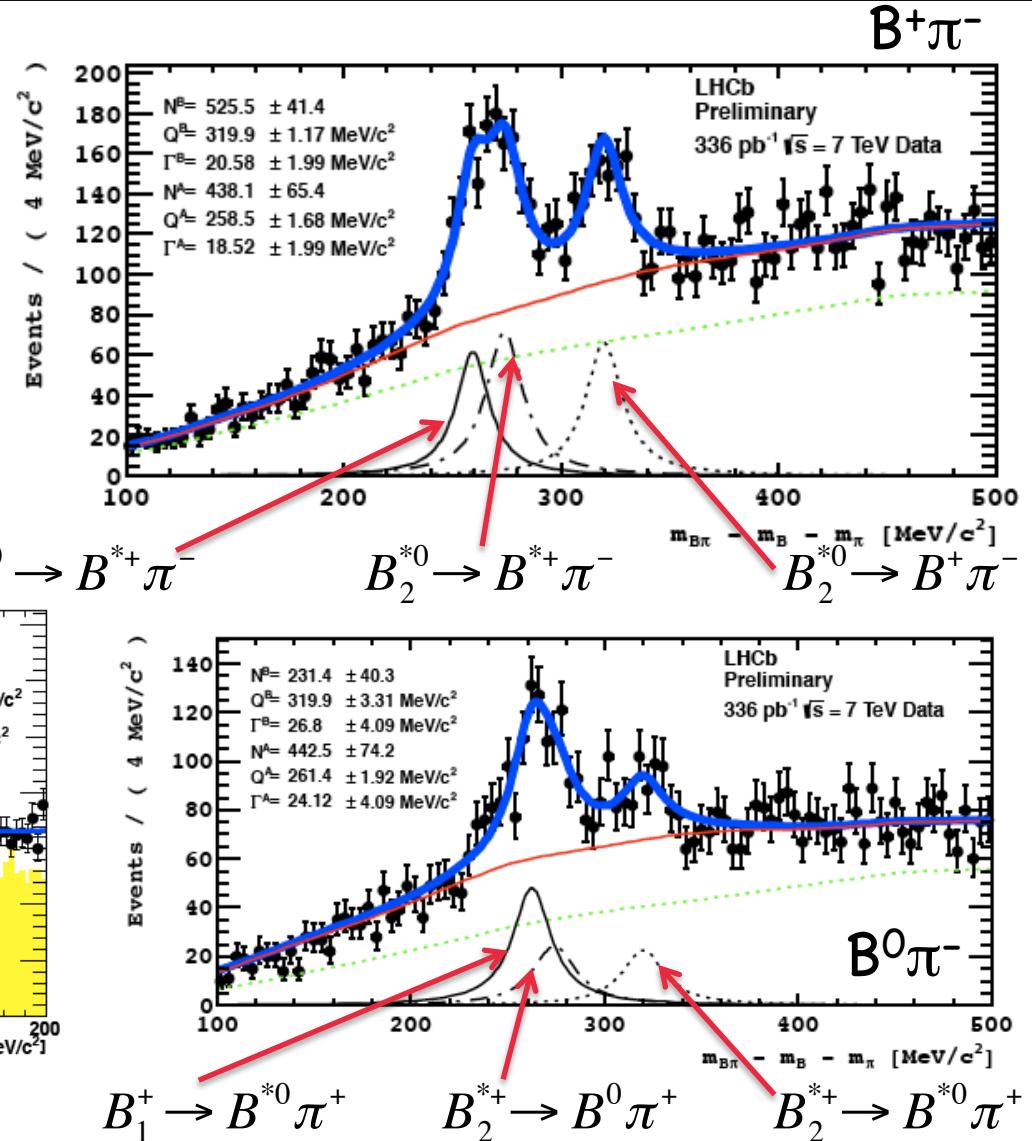
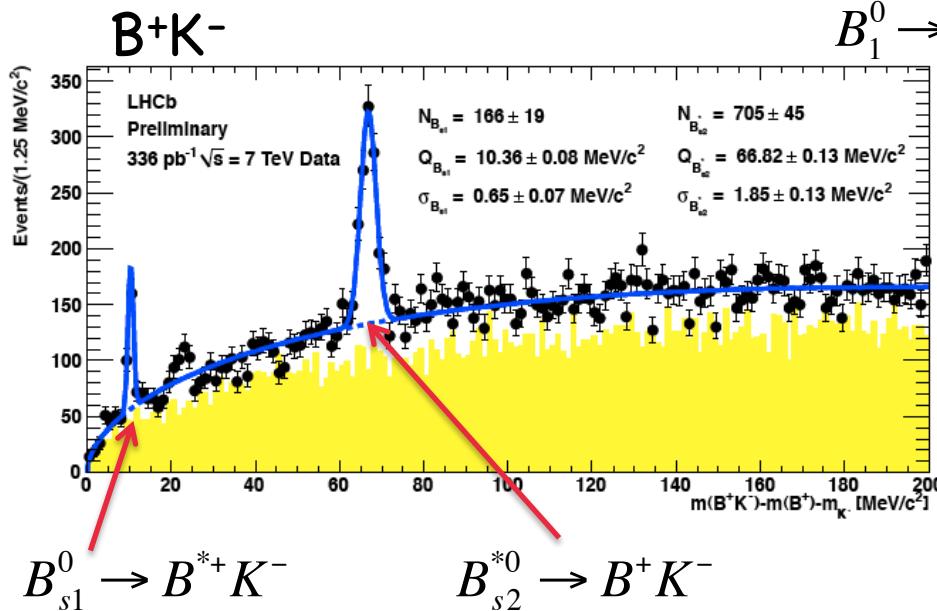
First measurement of B production in forward region!!
 Being updated with more luminosity
 & including B_s and B^0



B^{**} observation

LHCb-CONF-2011-053

- B_s^{**} = excited B_s mesons (orbital momentum $L = 1$), predicted by Heavy Quark Effective Theory
- LHCb searches in B^+K^- , $B^+\pi^-$ and $B^0\pi^-$ in $L=336 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- Signals expected in $Q=M(Bh)-M(B)-M(h)$ distribution



B^{**} observation

LHCb-CONF-2011-053

→ The measured Q values are translated into masses:

$$M_{B_{s1}^0} = (5828.99 \pm 0.08_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.13_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.45_{\text{syst}}^{B \text{ mass}}) \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$

$$M_{B_{s2}^{*0}} = (5839.67 \pm 0.13_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.17_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.29_{\text{syst}}^{B \text{ mass}}) \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$

$$M_{B_1^0} = (5724.1 \pm 1.7_{\text{stat}} \pm 2.0_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.5_{\text{syst}}^{B \text{ mass}}) \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$

$$M_{B_1^+} = (5726.3 \pm 1.9_{\text{stat}} \pm 3.0_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.5_{\text{syst}}^{B \text{ mass}}) \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$

$$M_{B_2^{*0}} = (5738.6 \pm 1.2_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.2_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.3_{\text{syst}}^{B \text{ mass}}) \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$

$$M_{B_2^{*+}} = (5739.0 \pm 3.3_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.6_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.3_{\text{syst}}^{B \text{ mass}}) \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$

First measurement
of the B_2^{*+} and B_1^+
masses

Being updated with more luminosity

- Masses of **ISOSPIN partners** are compatible
- Good agreement with theory prediction

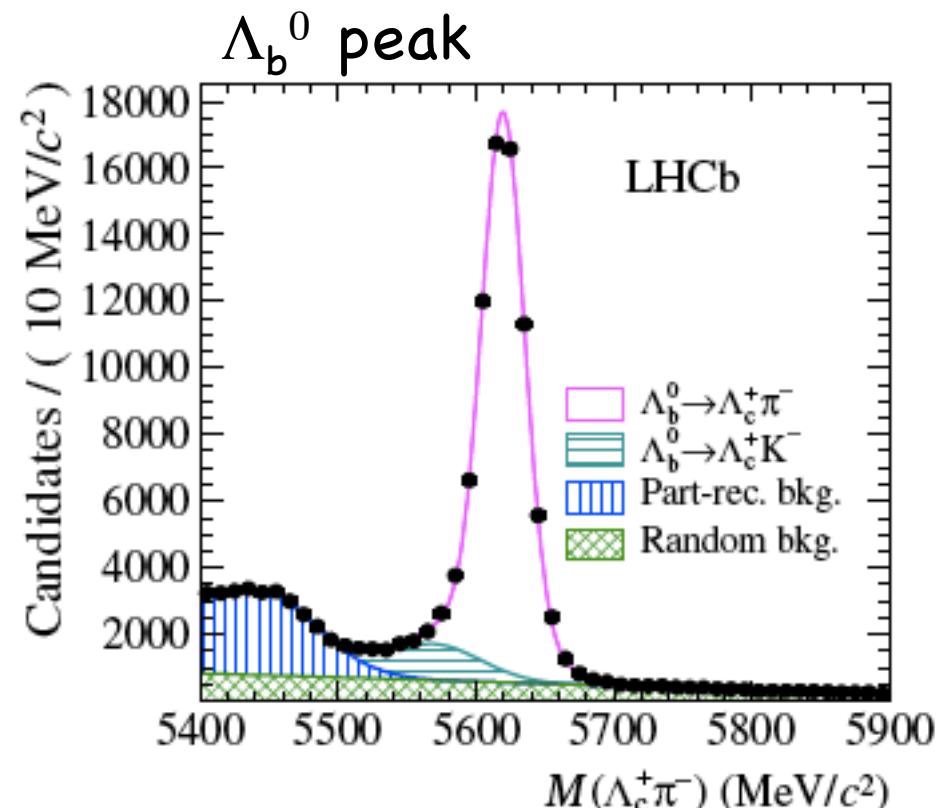
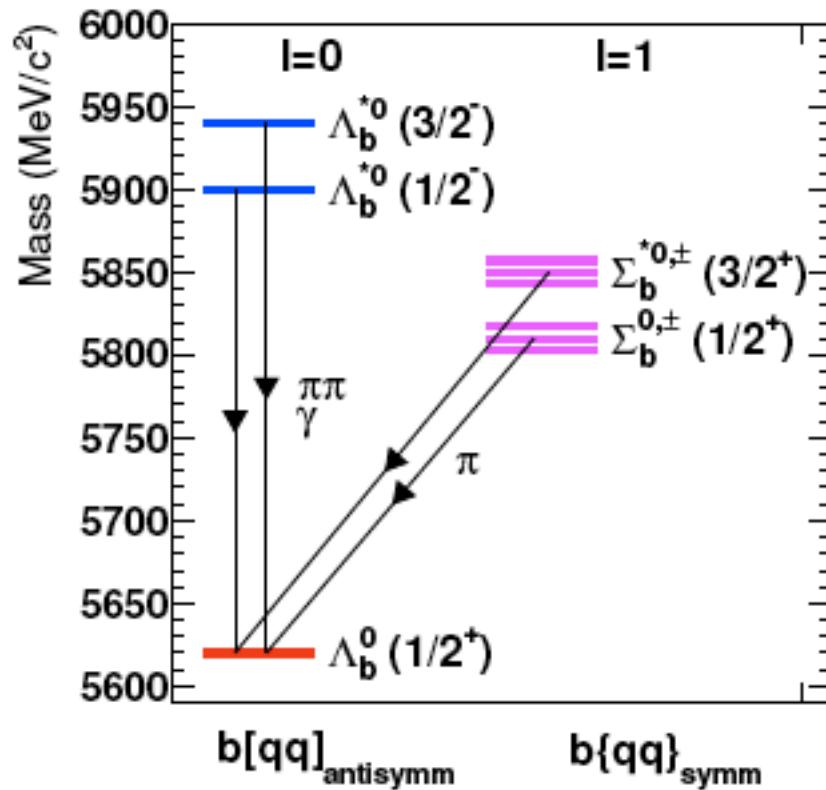
➤ (M. Di Pierro and E. Eichten, Phys. Rev. D64 (2001) 114004)



Λ_b^0 * First Observation !!

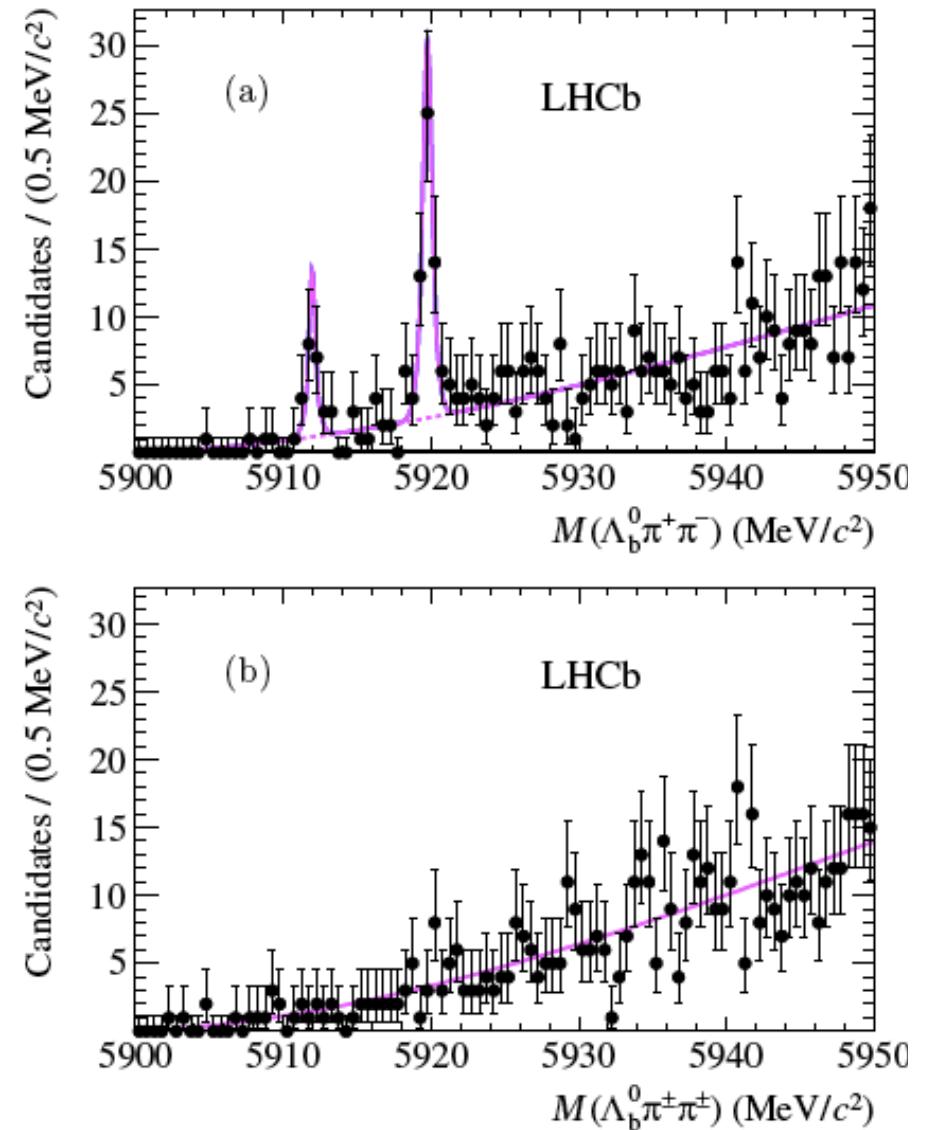
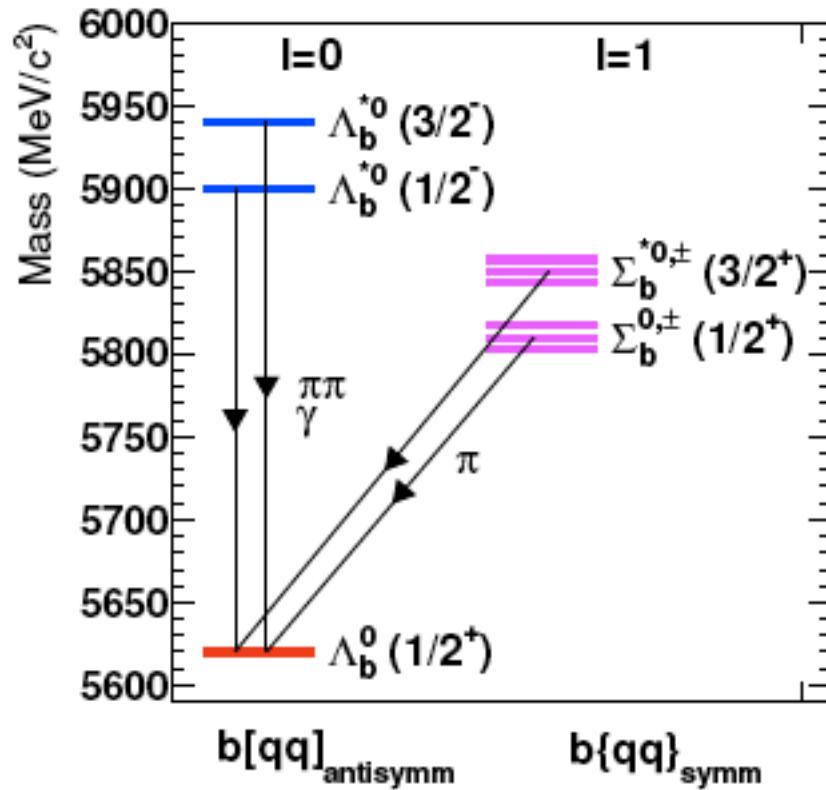
arxiv:1205.3452

- Two narrow states are observed in $\Lambda_b^0\pi^+\pi^-$ spectrum in $L=1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ data
- Expected at $J^P = 1/2^-$ and $3/2^-$



NEW Λ_b^0 * First Observation !! arxiv:1205.3452

- Two narrow states are observed in $\Lambda_b^0\pi^+\pi^-$ spectrum in $L=1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ data
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NEW

Λ_b^0* First Observation !!

arxiv:1205.3452

- Two narrow states are observed in $\Lambda_b^0\pi^+\pi^-$ spectrum in $L=1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ data
- Expected at $J^P = 1/2^-$ and $3/2^-$

	Yield	width	Significance
$\Lambda_b^0(5912)$	16.4 ± 4.7	$0.19 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	4.6σ
$\Lambda_b^0(5920)$	49.5 ± 7.9	$0.27 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	10.1σ

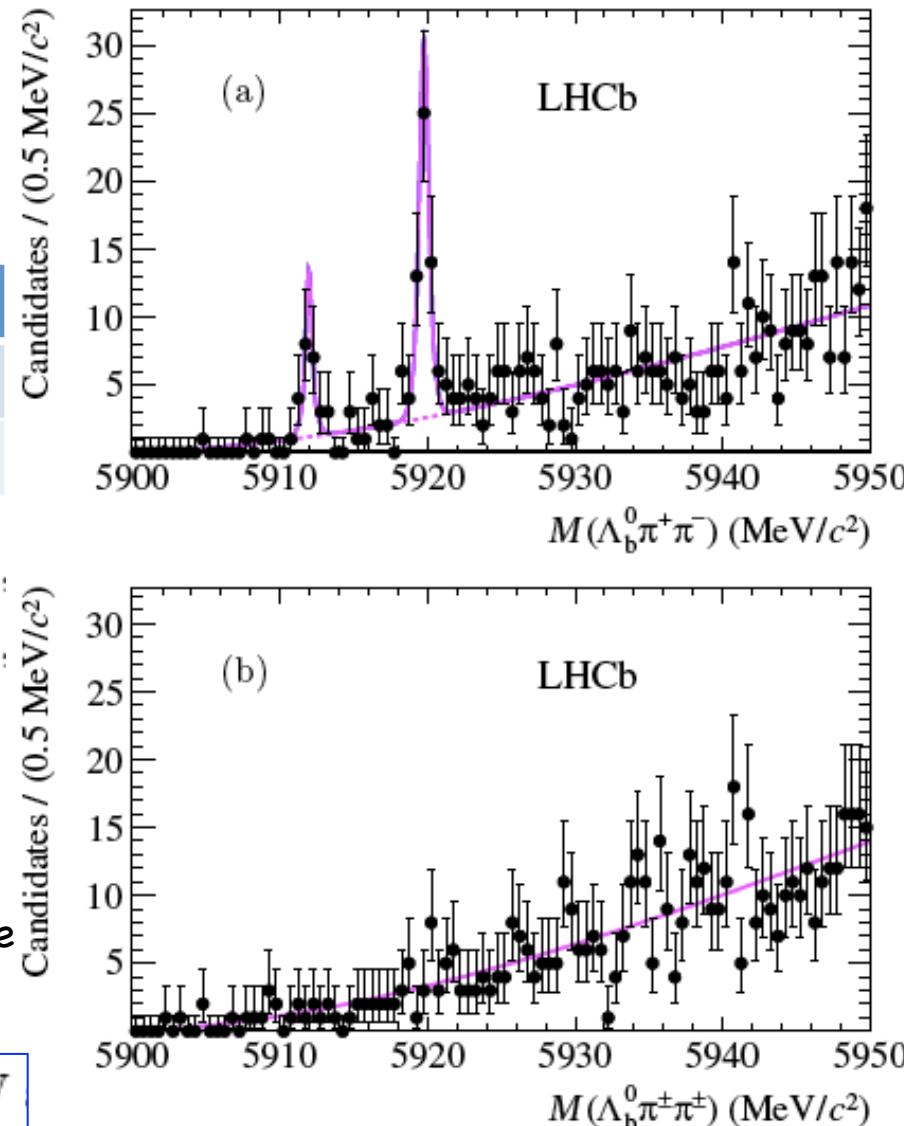
$$M_{\Lambda_b^{*0}(5912)} = 5911.95 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.66 \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$

$$M_{\Lambda_b^{*0}(5920)} = 5919.76 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.66 \text{ MeV}/c^2,$$

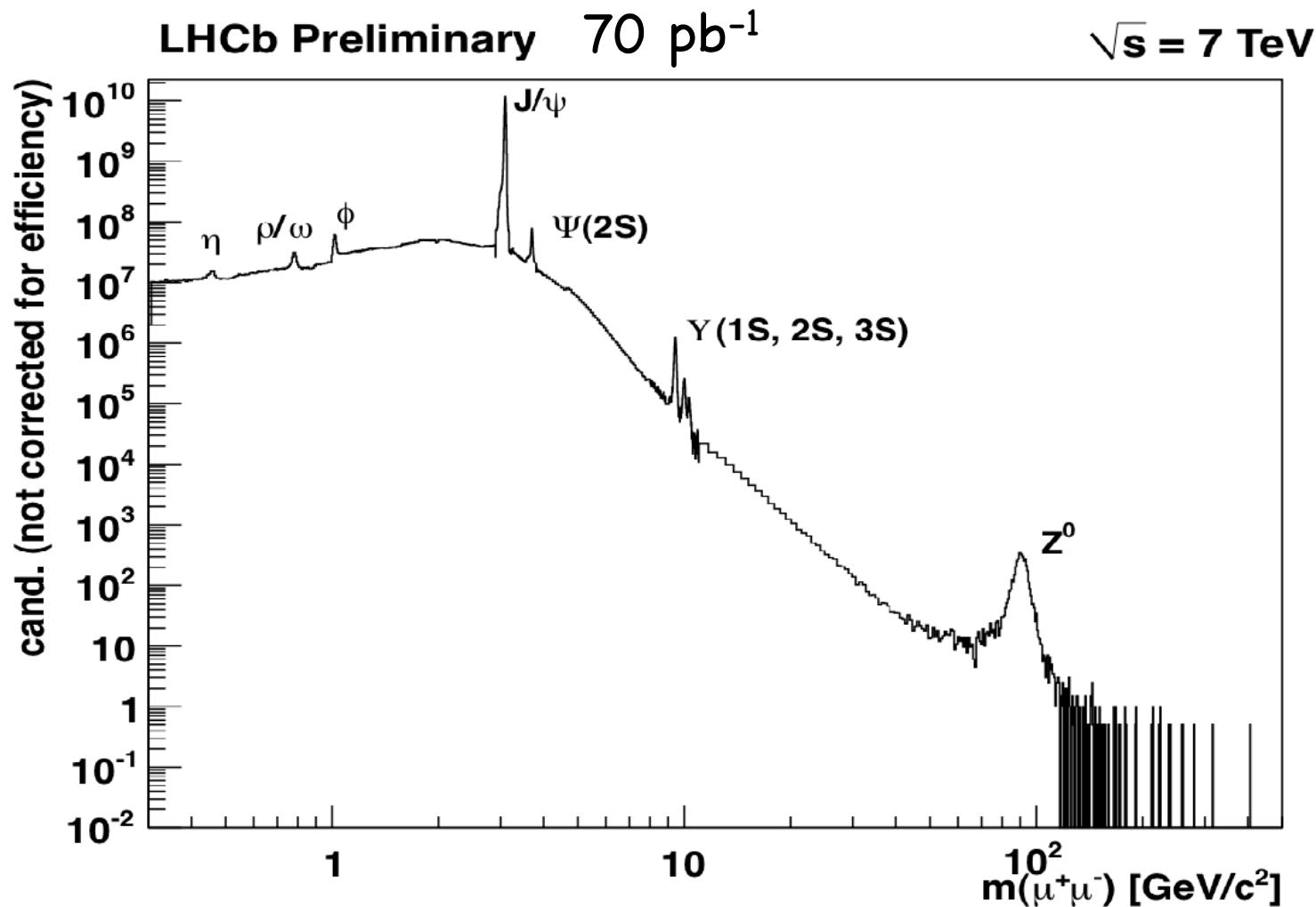
stat syst Λ_b^0 mass

- Main systematics:
 - Signal/background modelling, momentum scale
- Limits on natural widths (95% C.L.) :

$$\Gamma_{\Lambda_b^{*0}(5912)} < 0.82 \text{ MeV} \text{ and } \Gamma_{\Lambda_b^{*0}(5920)} < 0.71 \text{ MeV}$$

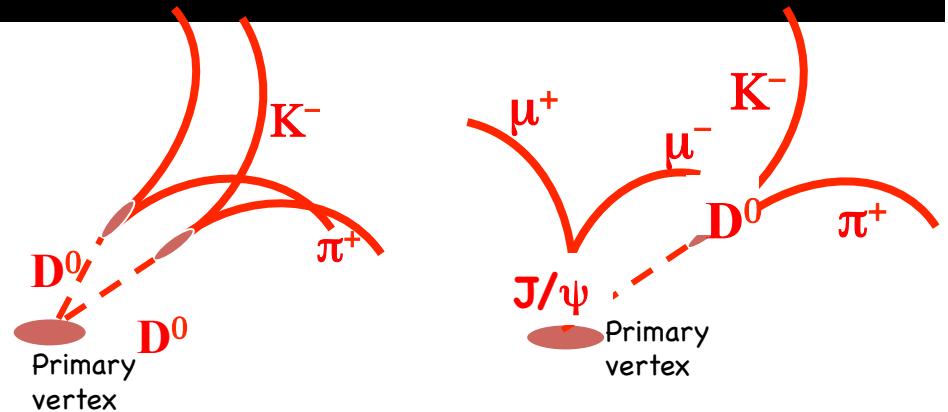


Quarkonium Results



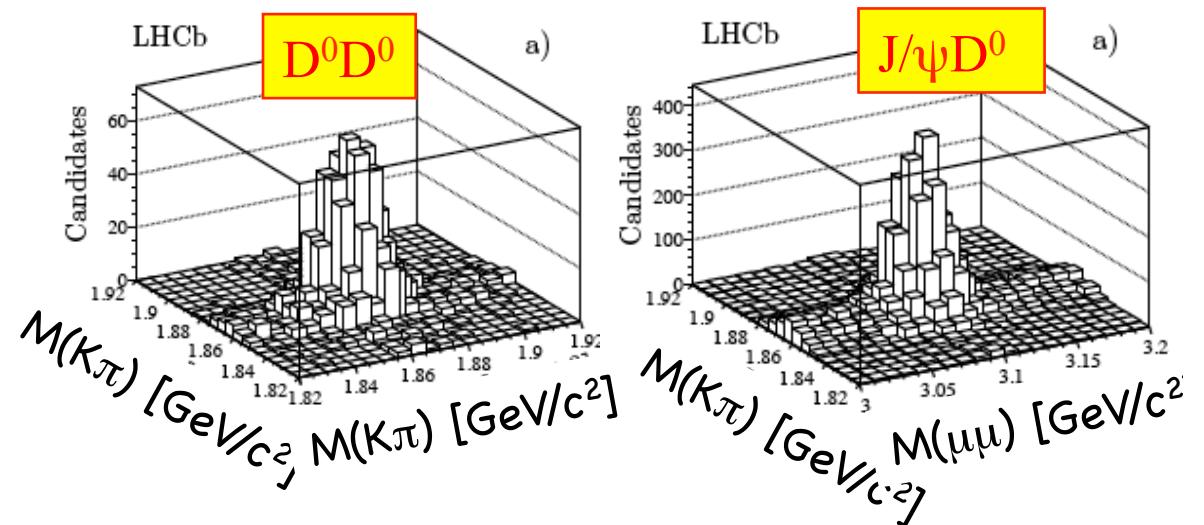
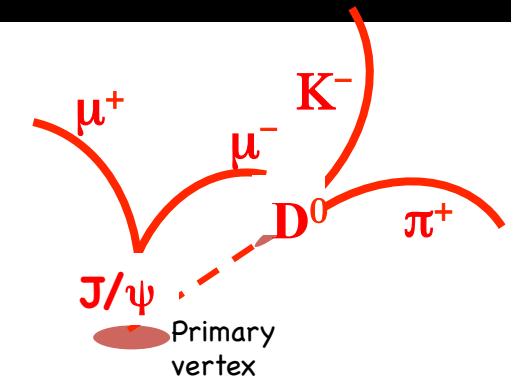
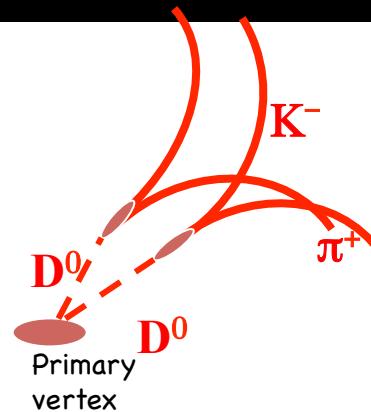
Double Charm

→ $J/\psi C$ & $CC/CC\bar{b}$ measured @
LHCb in 16 channels



Double Charm

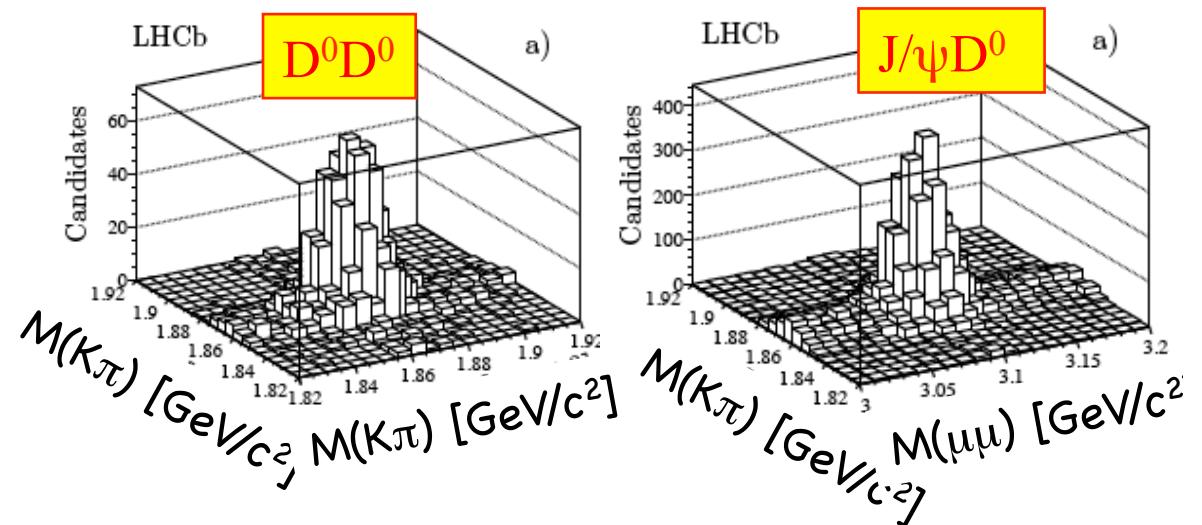
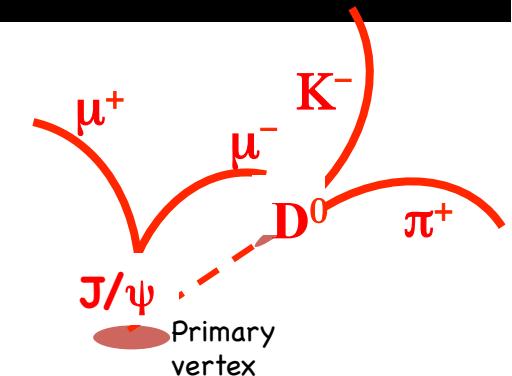
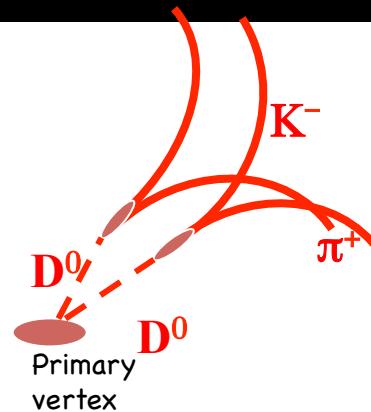
→ $J/\psi C$ & $CC/CC\bar{b}$ measured @ LHCb in 16 channels



Double Charm

→ J/ ψ C & CC/CCbar measured @ LHCb in 16 channels

Mode	yield
J/ ψ D ⁰	4875 \pm 86
J/ ψ D ⁺	3323 \pm 71
J/ ψ D _s ⁺	328 \pm 22
J/ ψ Λ_c^+	116 \pm 14
D ⁰ D ⁰	1087 \pm 37
D ⁰ \bar{D}^0	10080 \pm 105
D ⁰ D ⁺	1177 \pm 39
D ⁰ D ⁻	11224 \pm 112
D ⁰ D _s ⁺	111 \pm 12
D ⁰ D _s ⁻	859 \pm 31
D ⁰ Λ_c^+	41 \pm 8
D ⁰ $\bar{\Lambda}_c^-$	308 \pm 19
D ⁺ D ⁺	249 \pm 19
D ⁺ D ⁻	3236 \pm 61
D ⁺ D _s ⁺	52 \pm 9
D ⁺ D _s ⁻	419 \pm 22
D ⁺ Λ_c^+	21 \pm 5
D ⁺ $\bar{\Lambda}_c^-$	137 \pm 14



Double Charm

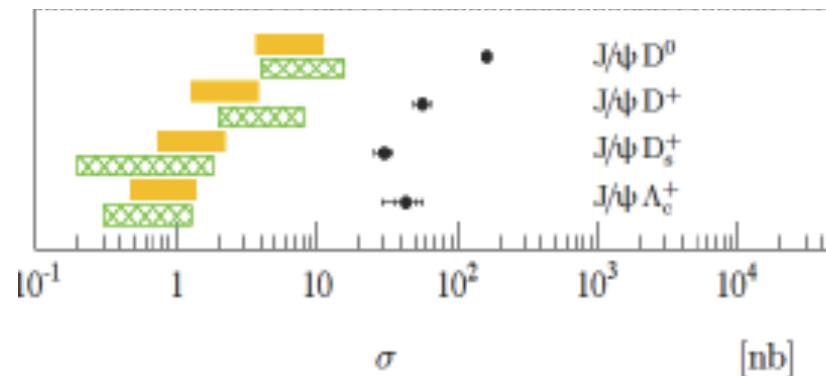
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Mode	yield
$J/\psi D^0$	4875 ± 86
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$D^0 D^0$	1087 ± 37
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$D^+ D^+$	249 ± 19
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$D^+ D_s^-$	419 ± 22
$D^+ \Lambda_c^+$	21 ± 5
$D^+ \bar{\Lambda}_c^-$	137 ± 14

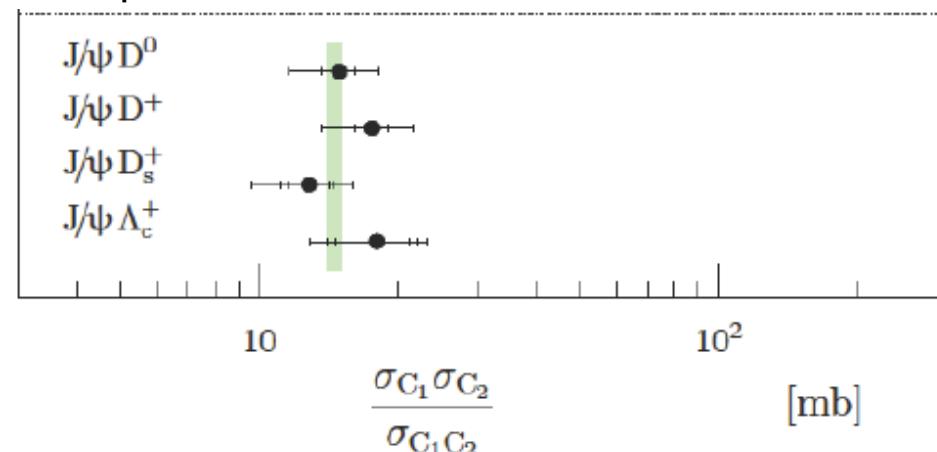
Compared with $gg \rightarrow J/\psi c\bar{c}$ computations:

■ A. V. Berezhnoy et al., Phys. Rev. D57 (1998) 4385

▨ J.-P. Lansberg, Eur. Phys. J C61 (2009) 693



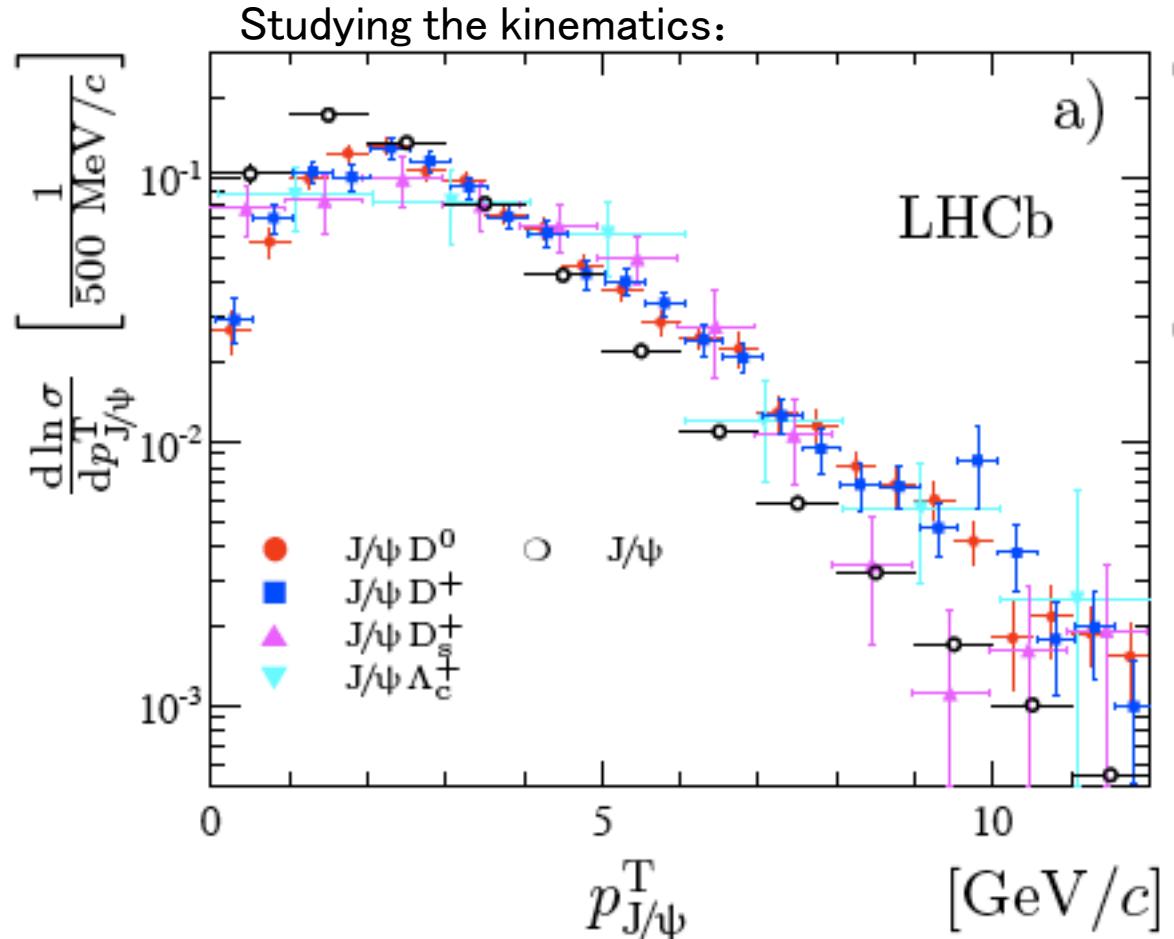
Compared with DPS



Double Charm

→ $J/\psi C$ & $CC/CC\bar{c}$ measured @ LHCb in 16 channels

Mode	yield
$J/\psi D^0$	4875 ± 86
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$J/\psi D_s^+$	328 ± 22
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$D^+ D_s^+$	52 ± 9
$D^+ D_s^-$	419 ± 22
$D^+ \Lambda_c^+$	21 ± 5
$D^+ \bar{\Lambda}_c^-$	137 ± 14



Many more channels to explore with increased statistics and new \sqrt{s} !

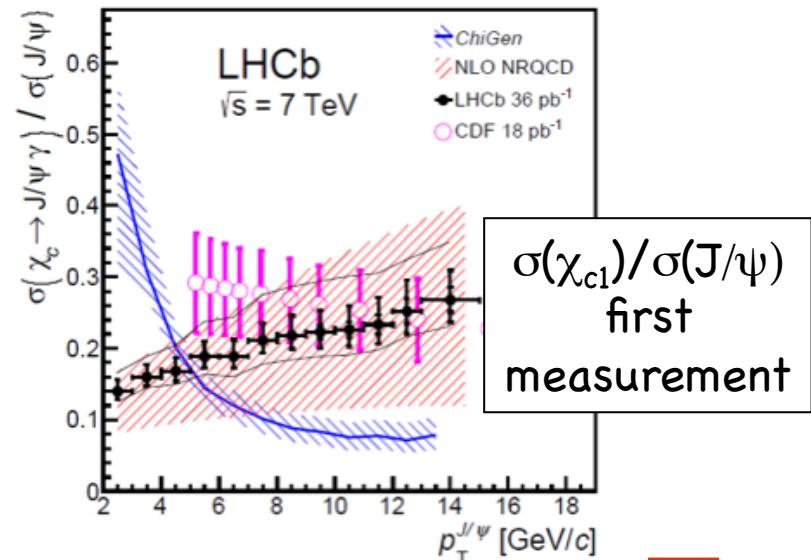
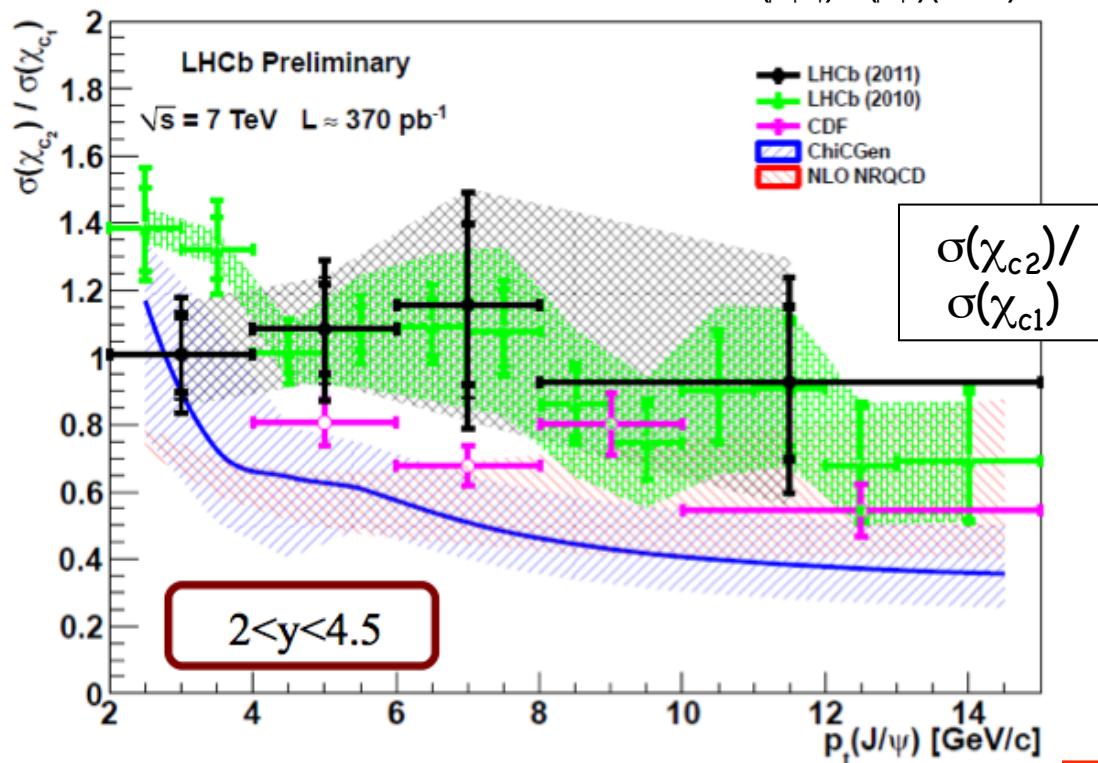
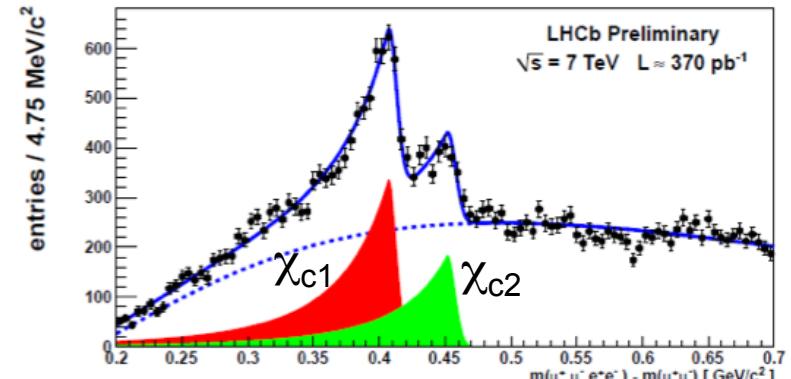
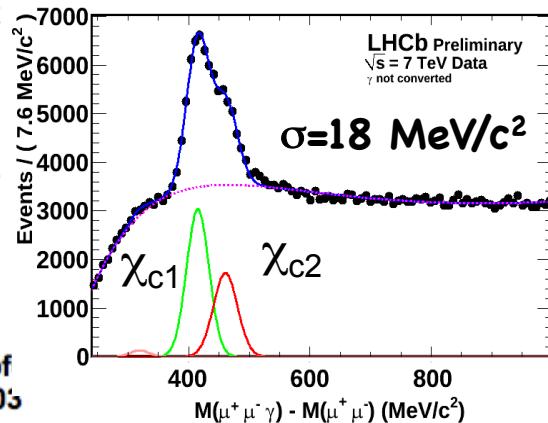
Production of χ_c

arXiv:1202.1080

arXiv:1204.1462

- Decays in $J/\psi + \gamma \rightarrow$ low p_T : challenge!!
- Analyses use photons reconstructed in the calorimeter or converted (tracker)

CDF: PRL 98 (2007) 232001
 ChiCGen: <http://projects.hepforge.org/chicgen/>
 NRQCD: PR D83 (2011) 111503



Conclusions and Outlook

- LHCb produced very many interesting results with datasets 0.04-1 fb^{-1}
- **Many** results are being updated with more luminosity
- Several production measurements will be repeated at 8 TeV
- Very rich program to explore in next future
 - Exotic spectroscopy
 - Double quarkonium
 - Precision measurements, B_c physics

→ So...

